

Repaso Animales:

1. **GRUPOS EN LOS QUE DIVIDIMOS A LOS ANIMALES DEPENDIENDO DE LO QUE COMEN**
(PÁGINA 40 DEL LIBRO) Completa con palabras del recuadro (arrastra y suelta)

SCAVENGER	MEAT	HERBIVORE	OMNIVORE	LION	COW
BEAR	WORMS	DECOMPOSER	VULTURE		

1. **CARNIVORES:** They eat **EXAMPLE:**
2. : They eat PLANTS. **EXAMPLE**
3. : They eat ANIMALS and PLANTS. **EXAMPLE**
4. : They are tiny animals and they eat DEAD ANIMALS and PLANTS. **EXAMPLE:**
5. : they eat the REMAINS of DEAD or INJURED ANIMALS.
EXAMPLE:

2. **HOW DO ANIMALS REPRODUCE? (PÁGINA 42)** Ejemplos de animales en concreto, no grupos de animales. **RESPUESTA LIBRE:**

1. OVIPAROUS: They lay eggs (ponen huevos)→ examples→ _____
2. VIVIPAROUS: develop inside their mothers womb (se desarrollan dentro de la tripa de su madre) →examples→ _____
3. OVOVIVIPAROUS→ eggs develop inside their mothers body and hatch inside (los huevos se desarrollan dentro del cuerpo de sus madres y se abren dentro de ellas) Examples→ _____

4. **HABITATS (page 43):** Animals need 5 things to survive.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

5.

5. COMPLETE with the habitats (PAGE 43):

1. Ocean: examples of animals: _____
2. _____ examples of animals: _____
3. _____ examples of animals: _____
4. _____ examples of animals _____

6. VERTEBRATES (Page 44, 45)ARRASTRA A SU LUGAR CORRECTO:

1. Vertebrates have an _____ with many _____
2. Squirrels are _____
3. Flamingoes are _____
4. Frogs are _____
5. Salmons are _____
6. Lizards are _____

BIRDS

REPTILES

FISH

MAMMALS

AMPHIBIANS

INTERNAL SKELETON

BONES (huesos)

7. INVERTEBRATES (UNE)

SLUGS (BABOSA)
CRABS
BEETLE (ESCARABAJO)
SNAILS
JELLYFISH
WORMS

SOFT BODY THEY LIVE IN THE SEA
SOFT BODY THEY LIVE IN THE SOIL
SOFT BODY
HAVE EXOSKELETON
ARTHROPODS
HAVE EXOSKELETON (SHELL)