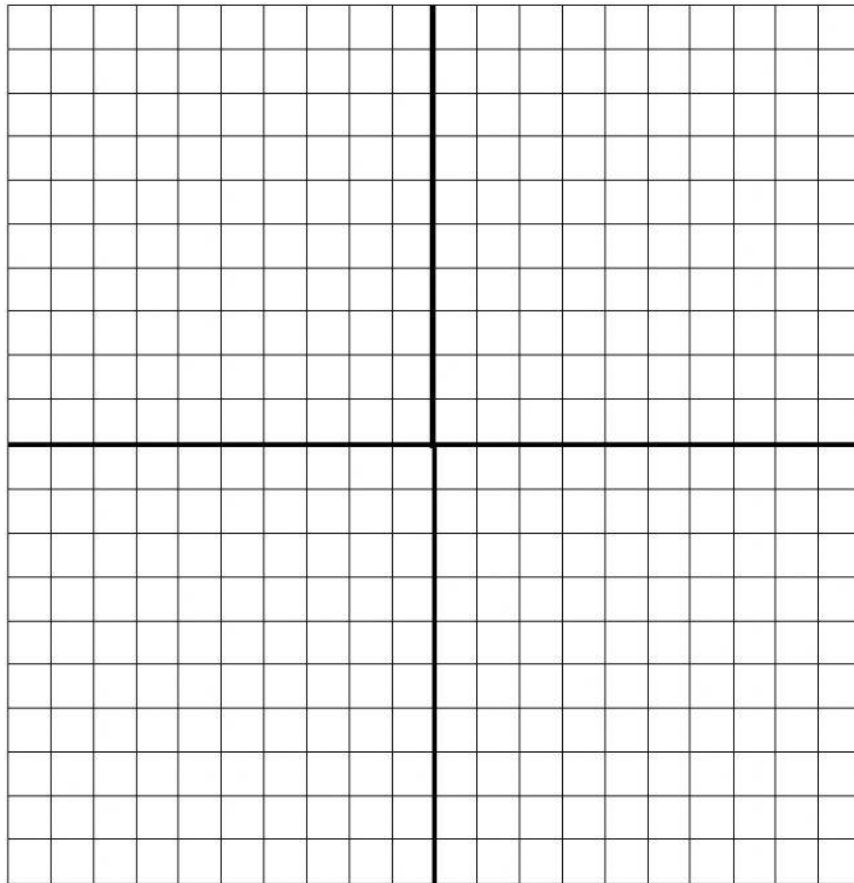


PLANO CARTESIANO E INTERVALOS DE SOLUCIÓN

Identifica los siguientes puntos en el plano cartesiano



A = (-3, 8)

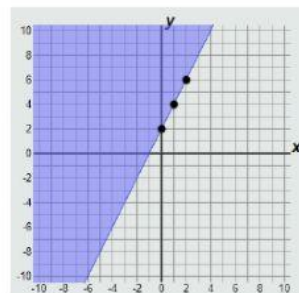
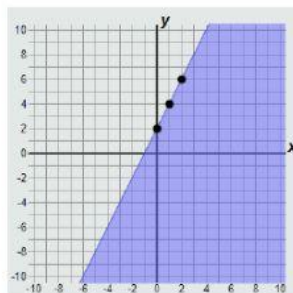
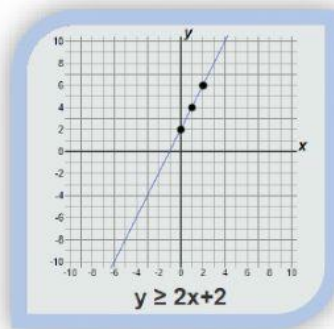
B = (0, -7)

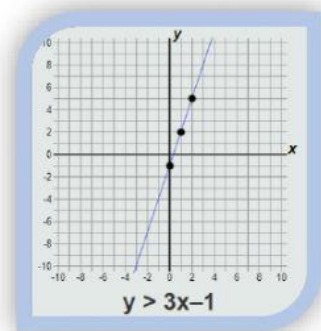
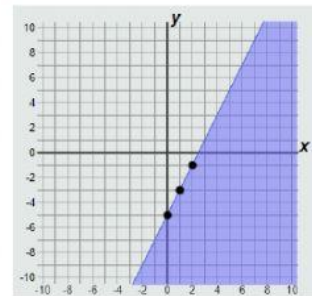
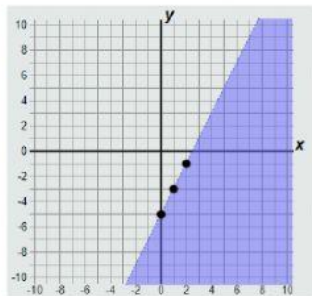
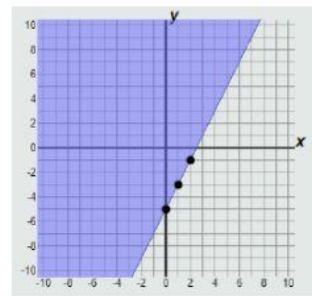
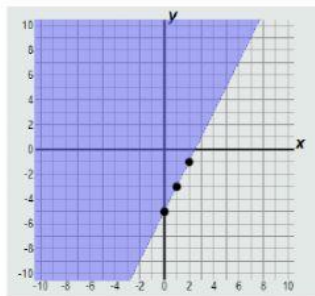
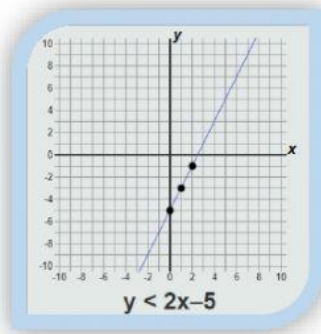
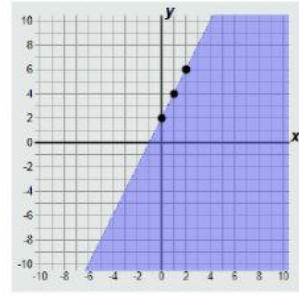
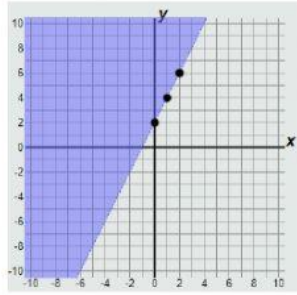
C = (-3, -5)

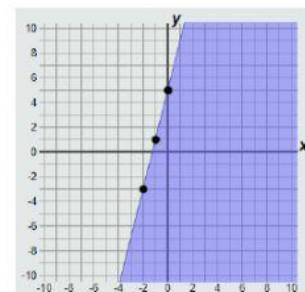
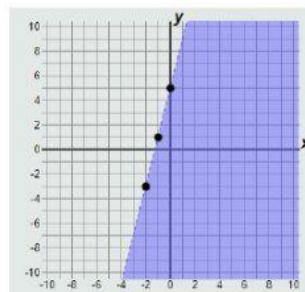
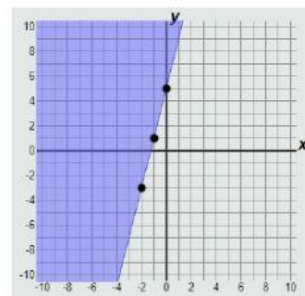
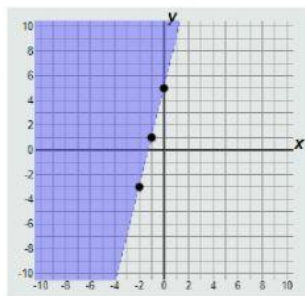
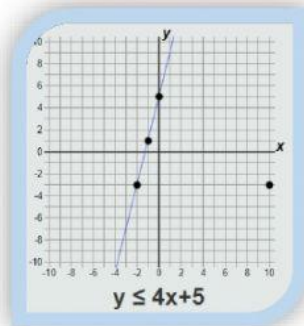
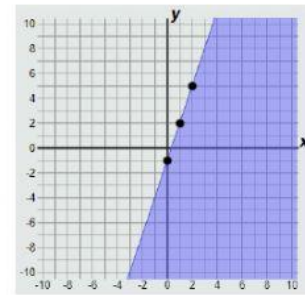
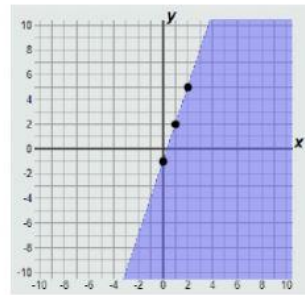
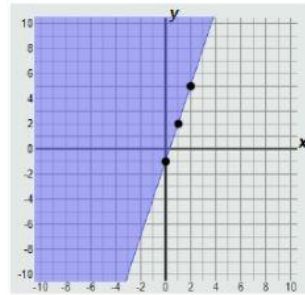
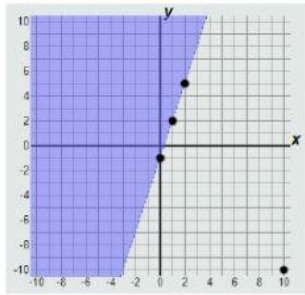
D = (4, -6)

E = (5, 8)

Instrucciones: Selecciona la gráfica correcta para la situación que se presenta







Une con una línea al intervalo, la coordenada y la expresión matemática que corresponda.

Intervalo abierto

$[3, 5)$

$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | 3 < x \leq 5\}$

Intervalo cerrado

$(3, 5)$

$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | 3 \leq x < 5\}$

Intervalo semi-abierto
por la izquierda

$[3, 5]$

$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | 3 < x < 5\}$

Intervalo semi-abierto
por la derecha

$(3, 5]$

$\{x \in \mathbb{R} | 3 \leq x \leq 5\}$