

## Comparative regular adjectives

Short adjectives ( 1 or 2 syllables )

Rule #	Spelling Rule	Example
1	If the adjective ends in <i>-e</i> , add <i>-r</i> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• nice → nicer</li><li>• safe → safer</li><li>• large → larger</li></ul>
2	If the adjective ends in a consonant-vowel-consonant (CVC) pattern, double the final consonant and add <i>-er</i> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• big → bigger</li><li>• wet → wetter</li><li>• flat → flatter</li></ul>
3	If the adjective ends with a consonant + <i>-y</i> , change <i>-y</i> to <i>-i</i> and add <i>-er</i> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• easy → easier</li><li>• funny → funnier</li><li>• pretty → prettier</li></ul>
4	For all other adjectives, add <i>-er</i> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• tall → taller</li><li>• soft → softer</li><li>• loud → louder</li></ul>

If the adjective has 3 syllables or more. We compare using *more* instead of *er*.

Long Adjectives

Example : Ferrari is more expensive than Ford.

More beautiful than .....

## Comparative irregular adjectives

Irregular Adjective	Comparative Form
good	better
bad	worse
far	farther
little	less
many	more



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### **Complete the sentences with a comparative.**

- 1 Like is (healthy) \_\_\_\_\_ than Marc.
- 2 Whales are (big) \_\_\_\_\_ than dolphins.
- 3 Gold is (expensive) \_\_\_\_\_ than silver.
- 4 Cars are (safe) \_\_\_\_\_ than motorbikes.
- 5 Actors are usually (funny) \_\_\_\_\_ than writers.
- 6 His Italian is (good) \_\_\_\_\_ than his Japanese.
- 7 My English is ( bad ) \_\_\_\_\_ than my French.
- 8 Which dog is ( big ) \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 9 This exercise is ( easy ) \_\_\_\_\_ than that one.
- 10 This house is ( beautiful ) \_\_\_\_\_ than that flat.

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