



UNIT 12: AN OVERCROWDED WORLD

I. PHONETICS

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the other three in each question.

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|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. <u>n</u> ature | B. cha <u>n</u> ge | C. ba <u>s</u> is | D. ca <u>r</u> |
| 2. A. pa <u>g</u> e | B. ga <u>m</u> e | C. g <u>o</u> | D. gi <u>f</u> t |
| 3. A. <u>ch</u> urch | B. mu <u>ch</u> | C. ea <u>ch</u> | D. a <u>ch</u> e |

Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the other three in each questions.

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|------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| 4. A. understand | B. engineer | C. benefit | D. Vietnamese |
| 5. A. poverty | B. spacious | C. overcrowded | D. density |

II. VOCABULARY

Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence below.

6. 300 people were injured in the _____.
A. explode B. explosion C. explosive D. exploding
7. A lot of talented students are unable to complete their studies because of _____.
A. poverty B. poor C. poorness D. proof
8. The population _____ in this city is very high.
A. density B. dense C. condense D. densely
9. 'That's him in front of his store in the _____ market!'
A. air B. bee C. flea D. ant
10. I prefer a more _____ range of music to listen to.
A. open B. diverse C. different D. separate
11. There will also be a new main entrance and more car parking _____.
A. space B. lot C. area D. room
12. A truck parked in the middle of the narrow street _____ the road.
A. stopped B. slowed C. ended D. blocked
13. Very few families in big cities have to live below the _____ line.
A. major B. crime C. poverty D. space
14. Tap was greatly _____ by his close friend at school.
A. effective B. effected C. effectively D. affected
15. Young _____ must be punished, but education is the cure.
A. crime B. criminals C. crimes D. criminality
16. Family education has several _____ on young children.
A. effects B. affects C. effect D. effects

Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

17. One major problem of the device is that it can fall over easily.
A. main B. small C. secondary D. little
18. People from diverse cultures choose to live in America.
A. same B. similar C. uniform D. varied

Choose the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

19. Why are slums in Hanoi less visible than in other rapidly growing cities?
A. messy houses B. old square C. poor conditions D. luxury flats
20. It is said overcrowded cities are more likely to be affected by violence.
A. full B. empty C. overpopulated D. crammed

III. GRAMMAR

Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence below.

21. So far I've saved _____ money than my close friend does.
A. fewer B. more C. much D. many
22. She only drinks _____ milk before going to bed.
A. many B. a number of C. a few D. a little
23. Children in Vietnam now have chance to visit _____ countries than before.
A. little B. less C. a few D. more
24. This lesson gives me _____ knowledge than the last lesson.
A. a few B. less C. fewer D. lot
25. We have _____ hours left before they come.
A. a little B. fewer C. a few D. lot of
26. Tu hardly has anyone to hang out with at the weekend, _____?
A. has he B. doesn't he C. does she D. hasn't she
27. You've never been in Italy, _____?
A. haven't you B. have you C. are you D. had you
28. Money can't buy everything, _____?
A. can it B. can they C. can't it D. can't they
29. Toethanded in her report, _____?
A. had she B. did she C. hadn't see D. didn't she
30. We are having a break in five minutes, _____ we?
A. aren't B. haven't C. have D. don't

Choose the underlined part that needs correcting in each sentence below.

31. Ten years from now, we will eat much fewer meat than before.
A B C D
32. In 2050, sea levels will have risen by almost a little dozen centimeters.
A B C D
33. Let's take a break and go out to enjoy some fresh air, will we?
A B C D
34. Although most teenagers love movies, their parents seldom take them to the cinema, isn't it?
A B C D
35. While as many as two million children in Vietnam suffer from malnutrition, Saigon's childhood obesity rate has tripled since 2000, aren't they?
A B C D

V. READING

Read the passage and then decide whether the sentences are True (A) or False (B).

Overcrowded hospital in Vietnam

Bach Mai Hospital, one of Vietnam's major hospitals, is often overloaded because patients have lost faith with the quality of communal and district hospitals and bypass them. Even though Bach Mai Hospital has adjusted their health check-up routines recently, it still can't cope with the huger number of patients daily. Some patients have to wait for the whole day to get examined so it's not unusual to see people lying around on the floor, waiting their turn. The number of patients sleeping in the hospital's hallways at noon is so high and some people even sell plastic sheeting for them to lie on.

(Adapted from www.dtinews.vn)

36. Bach Mai is among the biggest hospitals in Vietnam.
A. True B. False
37. Patients trust large hospitals more than provincial ones.
A. True B. False
38. Bach Mai has done nothing to solve their patient overload problem.
A. True B. False
39. A patient lying on the floor is a common scene in Bach Mai hospital.
A. True B. False

40. Plastic mats are sold to patients to lie on the corridor floor at midday.
A. True B. False

Read the following passage and choose the option (A, B, C or D) that best answers each of the questions below.

Busy streets in Ho Chi Minh City

Ho Chi Minh City is a world where old and new competes to survive in this dense populated city. It's a city filled with skyscrapers, ancient temples, motorbikes, people on bicycles and every inch of it covered in tall slim buildings. The streets are overcrowded with motorbikes, piled with up to five people each fighting for way with taxis and even trucks. The streets look like organized chaos with motorbikes drivers talking on cell phones, not abiding traffic signals, and not even driving in the same direction as the traffic flow. Someday cars will overtake the streets in Ho Chi Minh City, but for now, motorbikes rule, and 'xích lô' co-exist.

(Adapted from www.janelinesworldjourney.com)

41. Ho Chi Minh City is a _____ city.
A. small B. mountainous C. crowded D. brand new
42. Tall slim houses are seen _____ in this city.
A. anywhere B. in some areas C. nowhere D. rarely
43. The city streets are mostly flooded with _____.
A. motorcycles B. cars C. bicycles D. taxis
44. What is the maximum number of people on a motorbikes as seen by the author?
A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
45. What will become the most popular means of transport as predicted by the author?
A. Xích lô B. Motorbikes C. Buses D. Automobiles

V. WRITING

Choose the sentence (A, B, C or D) that best combines all the words provided in each sentence.

46. Our plan/ will/ cancel/ due/ lack of funds.
A. Our plan will be canceled due to lack of funds.
B. Our plan will canceled due to lack of funds.
C. Our plan will cancel due to lack of funds.
D. Our plan will be cancel due to lack of funds.
47. It/ take/ me/ little/ time/ write/ than/ type/ this letter.
A. It takes me a little time to write than to type this letter
B. It takes me less time to write than to type this letter
C. It takes me a little time to write than typing this letter.
D. It takes me a little time to write than to type this letter
48. There/ few/ social problems/ wealthy areas/ than/ poor areas.
A. There are fewer social problems in wealthy areas than in poor areas.
B. There are few social problems in wealthy areas than in poor areas.
C. There are a few social problems in wealthy areas than in poor areas.
D. There are fewer social problems in wealthy areas than over poor areas.
49. In/ future/ most/ people/ travel/ flying trains.
A. In the future, most of people will travel by flying trains.
B. In the future, most the people will travel with flying trains.
C. In future, most people will travel by flying trains.
D. In the future, most people will travel by flying trains
50. There/ few/ buses/ than/ there/ use/ be.
A. There are fewer buses than there used to be.
B. There are few buses than there used to be.
C. There are fewer buses than there use was.
D. There are few buses than there use to be.

 The end