

## Grammar Rules

### RESULT

#### CLAUSES OF RESULT

We use **Clauses of Result** to express the result of an action or a conclusion.

**so + adjective / adverb + that**

*That Maths problem was **so difficult that** I couldn't solve it.  
They shouted **so loudly that** everybody heard them.*



**so + much / many / little / few + that**

*I've heard this song **so many times that** I know it by heart now.*



**such + a lot of + noun + that**

*I've put on **such a lot of weight that** I don't fit into my clothes anymore.*



#### CLAUSES OF CONCESSION

### concession

We use **Clauses of Concession** to express contrast or opposition to the main clause.

**although / though / even though + subject + verb**

*Although / Even though / Though he was starving, he didn't take any of the food they offered him.*



**NOTE:** *Though* is used in spoken English and it can be placed at the beginning or at the end of the sentence.

**in spite of / despite + noun**

**+ -ing form**

**+ what...**

**+ the fact that**



*Despite **the heavy rain**, it was very hot.*

*In spite of **feeling** afraid, Jim went on the rollercoaster.*

*Despite **what you may think**, that's not the case.*

*He went dancing **in spite of the fact that** he had a terrible headache.*

*He went dancing **despite the fact that** he had a terrible headache.*

#### CLAUSES OF PURPOSE

### PURPOSE

STRUCTURES	USE	EXAMPLES
<b>so as (not) to + base form</b>	<i>The subject of the verb and the infinitive is always the same.</i>	<i>He walked <b>in quietly so as not to wake up</b> his parents.</i>
<b>in order (not) to + base form</b>		<i>We're saving money <b>in order to buy</b> a new car.</i>
<b>so that + subject + can / may / will</b>	<i>purpose with present or future time reference</i>	<i>Please close the door <b>so that the cat can't come in</b>.</i>
<b>so that + subject +could / might / would</b>	<i>purpose with past time reference</i>	<i>He walked <b>quietly so that nobody could hear his footsteps</b>.</i>

Rewrite the sentences using the words given. Refer to the tables above.

1	There is such a lot of violence in this video game that you shouldn't buy it. ( <b>so</b> ) The video game is _____ you shouldn't buy it .
2	The children continued swimming although it was raining. ( <b>despite</b> ) The children continued swimming _____ .
3	In spite of its difficulty, we managed to solve the puzzle. ( <b>although</b> ) _____, we managed to solve it.
4	Kelly bought a new dance DVD so that she could work out at home. ( <b>so as to</b> ) Kelly bought a new dance DVD _____ .
5	Despite his illness, Billy went to school. ( <b>even though</b> ) _____ he went to school .
6	You should take up a new hobby in order not to be bored all the time. ( <b>so that</b> ) You should take up a new hobby _____ all the time.
7	Cleo is taking a few classes. She wishes to further her education. ( <b>in order to</b> ) Cleo _____ .