

CHAPTER 1: MATTER

1. Based on a mass spectrum analysis of copper was found to have two isotopes ^{63}Cu and ^{65}Cu . If the ratio of the relative abundances of both isotopes is 1 :2.235. Calculate average atomic mass of Copper.

A. 64.80 u C. 64.01 u
B. 64.38 u D. 64.62 u

2. Boron obtained from borax deposits in Death Valley consists of two isotopes. They are boron-10 and boron-11 with atomic masses of 10.013 amu and 11.009 amu, respectively. The atomic mass of boron is 10.81 amu. What is the percentage abundance of boron-11?

A. 80.02% C. 55.42%
B. 19.98% D. 44.58%

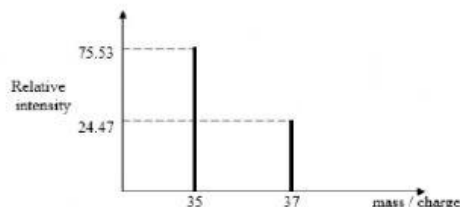
3. Given the following table:

Isotopes	Mass (amu)	Percentage abundance
^{107}Ag	106.91	51.50
^{109}Ag	108.90	48.50

Calculate the average atomic mass of silver.

- A. 107.88 amu C. 108.77 amu
B. 170.88 amu D. 178.00 amu
4. In a study, it is found that the copper abundance consists of a mixture of 69.09% ^{63}Cu and 30.91% ^{65}Cu . If the respective isotopic masses are 62.93 amu and 64.93 amu, what is the relative atomic mass of copper?
- A. 63.49 amu C. 64.31 amu
B. 63.55 amu D. 64.54 amu

5. Mass spectrum of chlorine is shown below. Based this figure, determine the relative atomic mass for Chlorine.



- A. 35.49 C. 35.33
B. 36.23 D. 36.72
6. Analysis of a gaseous hydrocarbon gives the following mass 85.7% C, 14.3% H. Determine the empirical formula of the hydrocarbon.
- A. CH_2 C. CH_3
B. CH D. C_2H_3
7. The percent composition by mass of a compound is 76.0% C, 12.8% H, and 11.2% O. The molar mass of this compound is 284.5 g/mol. What is the molecular formula of the compound?
- A. $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$ C. $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$
B. $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{28}\text{O}_4$ D. $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{36}\text{O}_2$
8. A 0.8715 g sample of sorbic acid, a compound first obtained from the berries of a certain ash tree, is burned completely in oxygen to give 2.053 g of carbon dioxide and 0.5601 g of water. The empirical formula of sorbic acid is
- A. CH_2O C. CH_4O_3
B. $\text{C}_3\text{H}_4\text{O}$ D. $\text{C}_3\text{H}_4\text{O}_2$
9. A chemistry student determined the empirical formula for titanium sulfide (Ti_xS_y). To do so, he reacted titanium with excess sulfur in a crucible. The data that he recorded are shown below: