

1. Decide what is the use of the apostrophe 's in each sentence: is / has / saxon genitive possession.

Example: **She's** at home.

IS

- The car's owner is working. _____
- Paul's 38 years old. _____
- Mary's a great personality. _____
- She is working many hours. _____
- My uncle's children are my cousins. _____
- John's a new haircut. _____
- Erika's my mother; she isn't my sister. _____
- She's an infection. _____
- Your neighbor's new bike is very fast. _____
- He's specialized in teaching music. _____
- He's got brown hair. _____
- My students' classroom is now empty. _____
- This is the Everest. It's 8,848 m high. _____
- He's two brothers and a sister. _____
- Doris's cat is very fat. _____
- Peter's a professional sportsman. _____

2. Rewrite these sentences using the saxon genitive.

Example: Those men have some books. The books are very old.

Those men's books are very old.

- The shirt of Eli has got a stain. _____
- Ana has a sister. She is a nurse. _____
- Karen has a mirror. It is broken. _____
- The milk of the cow is nutritive. _____
- The notebooks of the students are messy. _____
- Carlos has a sofa. It is comfortable. _____