

Name :

Form:

Questions 1 to 7

You will hear a radio report about the Aspinall Foundation. For questions 1 to 7, choose the correct answer (A, B, or C).

*You will hear each recording **twice**. Answer all the questions.*

1. What was John Aspinall's dream?
A to create natural habitats for wild animals.
B to return wild animals to their natural habitat.
C to collect gorillas for his wildlife parks.

2. Where did Damian Aspinall take the family of gorillas to?
A to the wildlife park in Kent, England.
B to their natural habitat in the Gambon, Africa.
C to the National Park in England.

3. What is true of the gorillas that Damian Aspinall deals with?
A They were all born in the wild.
B Most of them had lost their parents.
C Most of them are related to each other.

4. How did the gorillas travel back to Africa?
A by land, sea and air
B in one aeroplane
C in one lorry for twenty-four hours

5. What was the most serious problem that the project faced?
A Hunters could kill the gorillas.
B Other species could hunt the gorillas.
C The gorillas could become ill.

6. Why was the gorillas kept on an island at first?
A because there was no access to the National Park across the river.
B because there was a lot more food on the island.
C so that they could get used to their new environment.

7. What was true about the project?
- A The gorillas missed their old home in England.
 - B The gorillas' return was a success.
 - C The gorillas' life in the wild was very exciting.

Part 2

Questions 8 to 15

You will hear Johan sharing his experience undertaking a zero-waste lifestyle. For questions 8 to 15, circle the correct answer (A, B, or C).

You will hear the recording twice. Answer all the questions.

8. How much solid waste is produced by humans on Earth each day?
- A 0.74 tonnes
 - B 2 billion tonnes
 - C 7 billion tonnes
9. What did Johan's zero-waste lifestyle involve?
- A Recycling paper and plastic
 - B Avoiding purchasing anything at all
 - C Using things without creating solid waste
10. How did Johan find his first week of practising zero waste?
- A Agonising
 - B Terrifying
 - C Liberating
11. Why did Johan not purchase the bottle of skin toner?
- A The plastic container was not recyclable.
 - B It was not effective against acne breakouts.
 - C He wanted to make a positive environment impact.
12. Who joined Johan in practising a zero waste lifestyle?
- A His family
 - B His friends
 - C Not mentioned
13. Which is true about the benefits of swapping junk food for fruits and vegetables?
- A Fruit and vegetables are cheaper.
 - B Fruit and vegetables are nutritious.
 - C Fruit and vegetable skins do not generate waste at all.

14. How did Johan's handmade soap help the Environmental Club?
- A Soap sales contributed to club funds.
 - B It made the club famous in the school.
 - C Club members had fun making the soap.
15. Which of these sayings best describe Johan's view of his zero-waste lifestyles?
- A A long way to go
 - B A little goes a long way
 - C Take the long way around

Part 3

Questions 16 to 20

You will hear five people talking about their oldest friend. For questions 16 to 20, choose from the list (A to G) what each speaker says. Use the letters only once. There are two extra letters which you do not need to use.

*You will hear the recording **twice**. Answer all the questions.*

- A I no longer meet my friend.
- B My friend and I were not from traditional families.
- C My friend and I used to fall out a lot.
- D My friend and I had children at the same school.
- E My friend is like a parent to me.
- F I am from a different generation than my friend.
- G My friend and I used to be colleagues.

Speaker 1		16
Speaker 2		17
Speaker 3		18
Speaker 4		19
Speaker 5		20

Part 4

Questions 21 to 30

You will hear an environmental organisation representative, Pn Faizura, talking about river pollution. For questions 21 to 30, fill in the missing information in each numbered space.

*Use **NO MORE THAN ONE WORD** for each space.*

*You will hear the interview **twice**. Answer all questions.*

Water pollution

Although only _____ (21) of Malaysian rivers are polluted, the consequences are severe. We can see the damaging effects of water pollution from two events. The first is the recent water cuts in Selangor due to river _____ (22) by solvents. As a result, the community's _____ (23) is endangered due to poor sanitation during the Covid-19 pandemic. In Johor, residents were hospitalised due to _____ (24) gas that evaporated from a local river polluted by chemicals.

One factor of water pollution is the lax environmental laws that fail to _____ (25) offences by the same parties. Water pollution is also linked to _____ (26). Deforestation pollutes our rivers through soil erosion. The lack of _____ (27) systems to manage waste and sewage also contribute to water pollution.

Expensive river rehabilitation measures are helped by _____ (28) ideas such as The Interceptor and 'mud balls'. A more effective way to mitigate river pollution is to impose a higher _____ (29) on the wrongful parties. Communities should also join or _____ (30) river cleanups, in addition to educating the youth on this issue.