


STUDENT'S NAME:_____DATE:_____

COURSE/GRADE:_____SUBJECT:_____

TOPIC:_____

INSTRUCTION:_____

**GREAT OLD EMPIRES ( MIDDLE EAST)**

**MATCH AS CORRESPOND**

| | |
|---|---|
| **1.-** Mongol empire | **A)** The first to cultivate cotton, around 3,000 BC. By 1,000 BC |
| **2.-** Alexander The Great | **B)** Two of the great ancient civilizations |
| **3.-** India | **C)** Major rivers: the Yellow River to the north and the Yangtze River to the south. |
| **4.-** China and India | **D)** He had conquered a huge empire that extended from Macedonia to Egypt and from Greece to part of India. |
| **5.-** China | **E)** They had the control of Silk Roads. |

**COMPLETE USING THE CORRECT WORDS FROM THE BOX.**

Taklamakan - Black Death – Harappa - China and India - The Mongols

1.- Research suggests the Mongols carried the plague, known in history as the_____, bringing the illness from Asia to Europe.

**2.-** _____is one of the very ancient urban areas of the Indian subcontinent. It was located in what is modern Pakistan.

**3.-** To the north and west of Ancient China were the Gobi Desert and the _____Desert which provided borders that kept the Chinese isolated from the rest of the world.

**4.-** _____both developed advanced written languages.

**5.-** _____were constantly raiding cities of northern China.

LIVEWORKSHEETS