



**注意：考試開始鈴(鐘)響前，不可以翻閱試題本**

105 學年度科技校院四年制與專科學校二年制  
統一入學測驗試題本

**共同科目**

**英 文**

**【注 意 事 項】**

- 1.請核對考試科目與報考群(類)別是否相符。
- 2.請檢查答案卡(卷)、座位及准考證三者之號碼是否完全相同，如有不符，請監試人員查明處理。
- 3.本試卷分為「選擇題」和「非選擇題」兩部份，共 100 分，答對給分，答錯不倒扣。試卷最後一題後面有備註【以下空白】。
- 4.本試卷之第一部份「選擇題」共 41 題，每題 2 分，共 82 分。第一部份均為單一選擇題，每題都有 (A)、(B)、(C)、(D) 四個選項，請選一個最適當答案，在答案卡(卷)同一題號對應方格內，用 **2B** 鉛筆塗滿方格，但不超出格外。
- 5.本試卷之第二部份「非選擇題」包括：填充 1 題，6 分；句子重組 1 題，6 分；中譯英 1 題，6 分，共 18 分。請依題號順序使用黑色墨水的筆，將答案書寫於答案卷之「非選擇題作答區」指定範圍內。
- 6.本試卷空白處或背面，可做草稿使用。
- 7.請在試卷首頁准考證號碼之方格內，填上自己的准考證號碼，考完後將「答案卡(卷)」及「試題」一併繳回。

准考證號碼：

考試開始鈴(鐘)響時，請先填寫准考證號碼，再翻閱試題本作答。

一、選擇題（第 1 至 41 題，每題 2 分，共 82 分）

I. 字彙題：第 1 至 5 題，每題均有一空格字詞，請選擇最適合的答案，以完成該英文句子。第 6 至 11 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字詞，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字詞意義最接近的答案。

1. Because of crop failure, millions of people are starving and in need of food \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) lack (B) hunger (C) aid (D) crisis
2. My school basketball team is going to \_\_\_\_\_ a friendly match against a school team from another county.  
(A) light (B) meet (C) play (D) wake
3. Global warming makes it easier for diseases which are carried by insects to \_\_\_\_\_ to new areas and infect more people.  
(A) improve (B) reduce (C) point (D) spread
4. Most newspapers \_\_\_\_\_ the news by over-emphasizing the darker side of society, such as robbery, kidnap, and murder.  
(A) persuade (B) exaggerate (C) disappoint (D) relieve
5. About fifty-three thousand people die in the United States each year as a result of \_\_\_\_\_ to secondhand smoke.  
(A) apology (B) disguise (C) exposure (D) temptation
6. A store with a comfortable temperature and soft music is a pleasant place for shoppers to stay longer.  
(A) a complex (B) an enjoyable (C) an internal (D) a sensitive
7. According to studies, loneliness can increase the risk of older people dying early due to its harmful effects on health.  
(A) belief (B) danger (C) knowledge (D) safety
8. There are three things we can do to keep us healthy; we should eat nourishing food, get enough rest, and exercise regularly.  
(A) reliably (B) rapidly (C) routinely (D) recently
9. One way of eating ice-cream is to put it in a soda and let it melt away in the drink.  
(A) disappear (B) float (C) freeze (D) sweeten
10. Hot springs are said to help heal skin diseases.  
(A) damage (B) produce (C) ignore (D) treat
11. A program for developing a space shuttle involves tremendous expense of time, money and manpower.  
(A) enormous (B) jealous (C) prosperous (D) suspicious

II. 對話題：第 12 至 21 題，請依對話內容選出一個最適合的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

12. Interviewer: What brings you here today?  
Applicant: I am interested in your sales department.  
Interviewer: \_\_\_\_\_  
Applicant: Yes, I've worked part-time in a tea shop for two years.  
(A) What position are you interested in? (B) May I see your passport, please?  
(C) Where did you find our company? (D) Do you have any experience?

13. Kate: May I borrow your bike?  
 Linda: \_\_\_\_\_ I need it myself.  
 Kate: Okay, I will ask someone else for help.  
 (A) I am afraid not. (B) Try me and you'll love it.  
 (C) Go ahead. (D) It's not a problem at all.
14. John: How's your trip to Tainan?  
 Jenny: \_\_\_\_\_ I tried local snacks and visited some museums.  
 John: I guess you're pretty happy about your trip.  
 Jenny: You bet!  
 (A) It's not my style. (B) It's discouraging.  
 (C) It's wasting my time. (D) It's terrific.
15. Joy: Have you ever joined any sports team during your high school life?  
 Kenny: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Joy: That's awesome. I hope to have this chance, too.  
 (A) No, I didn't join any music club. (B) No, it's once in a lifetime.  
 (C) Yes, I was on the swimming team. (D) Yes, I decided to go to college.
16. Passerby: You look lost. Is everything alright?  
 Mark: Thanks for asking. I'm looking for my hotel, the Hilton. I think it's somewhere around here. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Passerby: Just make a left turn here. Walk two blocks straight ahead. Your hotel is just on the right.  
 Mark: Thanks a lot!  
 (A) Is there a good restaurant? (B) Could you make a reservation?  
 (C) How much will it cost? (D) How do I get there?
17. Clerk: Good afternoon! How may I help you?  
 Customer: I would like to pick up a package.  
 Clerk: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Customer: William Hung.  
 (A) What kind of package do you need?  
 (B) When do you want to pick it up?  
 (C) How much do you pay for it?  
 (D) Who is the package for?
18. Andy: Wow, you look amazing. I can't believe it.  
 Brian: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Andy: Yes. You've lost a ton of weight, haven't you?  
 Brian: Yes. I've been dieting and exercising.  
 (A) You noticed it, didn't you? (B) How much weight have you lost?  
 (C) How much did you spend on it? (D) What are you looking for?
19. Mary: How much are these pants?  
 Sales: Three thousand dollars.  
 Mary: Wow, that's too expensive. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sales: I'm sorry, these pants are on sale and the tag price is 40% off the regular price already.  
 (A) A size four shirt, please. (B) Is there any discount?  
 (C) Do you take a rain check? (D) I would like a refund, please.

20. Cindy: Hey, did you see Jane's new haircut? It's great!  
Nina: You are right. She looks so professional with the new hairstyle.  
Cindy: I would like to have the same look.  
Nina: \_\_\_\_\_  
Cindy: Good idea! Let's ask Jane for the phone number.

- (A) Why don't we make an appointment for tonight?  
(B) When do you think is the best time to get a haircut?  
(C) I prefer to have my hair cut by my hairdresser.  
(D) I've never seen her with short hair before.

21. Alex: Hey, Bill, are you interested in scuba diving?  
Bill: Why do you ask?  
Alex: My friends and I are going to a new diving spot this weekend. So if you like, you can join us.  
Bill: Great! \_\_\_\_\_  
Alex: We will hit the road right after school Friday night.

- (A) Which way are you taking?  
(B) When do you plan to leave?  
(C) Do you need me to bring a bat?  
(D) Will you go by car or by motorcycle?

**III. 綜合測驗：**以下兩篇短文，共有 10 個空格，為第 22 至 31 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

▲ 下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 22—26 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

Jacky is the most interesting person in our office because he is kind but curious and slow. He never tries to take 22 of his colleagues; instead, he is very generous. Whenever we are in need of assistance, he always tries to give us a 23. Nevertheless, he likes to inquire into other's business 24 has nothing to do with him. Not only is he interested in how anyone of us does his or her work, 25 he is also interested in our personal matters. Moreover, he usually works in such a slow manner that most of us get impatient with him. Naturally, a lot of work is delayed simply 26 his slowness. Despite his weaknesses, we still appreciate his helpfulness.

22. (A) advantage (B) pity (C) interest (D) turns  
23. (A) head (B) help (C) hold (D) hand  
24. (A) who (B) which (C) what (D) whose  
25. (A) or (B) so (C) but (D) nor  
26. (A) because of (B) in order to (C) except for (D) in spite of

▲ 下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 27—31 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

Many adults can still remember seeing lots of fireflies when they were kids. Children these days, 27, seldom have the opportunity to see these wonderful creatures. This is because

fireflies, particularly the females, are affected by light pollution. To preserve these glow worms, we have to protect them 28 light and other threats. A popular site for watching fireflies is the low-lying mountains of Taichung, 29 in forest parks where tens of thousands of the insects glow in the dark. Of about 55 species of fireflies known in Taiwan, nine species 30 here. The largest number of fireflies displaying their lights can be seen between early April and mid-May. Other times of the year to see fireflies 31 the months of July and November. The warm and wet climate during these periods is ideal for fireflies to find their mates.

27. (A) therefore (B) moreover (C) likewise (D) however  
 28. (A) with (B) under (C) from (D) by  
 29. (A) barely (B) hardly (C) especially (D) gradually  
 30. (A) have been found (B) have found (C) are finding (D) will be finding  
 31. (A) stare at (B) fall in (C) lie on (D) contribute to

IV. 閱讀測驗：以下有兩篇短文，共有 10 個題目，為第 32 至 41 題，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 32—36 題

Energy from the sun is called solar energy. People use solar energy to produce heat in different ways. For example, many buildings use large solar collectors to collect sunlight. Inside the solar collectors are rows of black tubes carrying water or air. Sunlight strikes the tubes and heats the water or air inside them. The tubes carry the heated water or air to pipes that run throughout the building. The heated water or air is pumped through the pipes. If the heat is not needed, it goes to a storage tank. On a cloudy day or at night, the stored heat can be used. This kind of system is called active heating.

Another way to use solar energy is to “trap” it. When sunlight passes through the glass windows and strikes the material inside, the solar energy changes to heat. This heat warms the air inside, so the air inside becomes warmer and warmer. This build-up of heat is called the greenhouse effect. Such kind of heating is called passive solar heating.

In addition to producing heat, solar energy can also be used to produce electricity. Some may think that solar energy seems to be a perfect energy source. It is clean, plentiful, and free. But there are problems in using solar energy. One problem is that not all places receive enough sunlight to make solar energy useful. Besides, solar energy is not constant. If there are several cloudy days in a row, the stored heat or electrical energy may be used up.

32. According to the passage, what do people use to gather sunlight?  
 (A) Lightning strike. (B) Solar collectors.  
 (C) Storage tanks. (D) Pipe cleaners.
33. Which of the following carries the heated water or air to run throughout the building?  
 (A) Trappers. (B) Tanks. (C) Pipes. (D) Greenhouses.
34. Which of the following could be inferred from the reading passage?  
 (A) There is only one way to use solar energy to produce heat.  
 (B) People can enjoy using solar energy without worrying.  
 (C) Glass can be used to change sunlight into a source of energy.  
 (D) All places get enough sunlight to make solar energy.

35. According to the passage, which of the following about solar energy is **NOT** true?  
 (A) Solar energy is hard to produce without enough sunlight.  
 (B) Solar energy can be used to produce heat and electricity.  
 (C) Solar energy can be kept in storage tanks for future use.  
 (D) Solar energy is a perfect and stable energy source.
36. What is the best title for this passage?  
 (A) Energy from the Sun  
 (B) Different Types of Energy  
 (C) Effects of Electricity  
 (D) The Greenhouse Effect

▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 37—41 題

Water is a major component of the human body. Lack of water can affect bodily functions. The body continuously loses water through daily activities and must make up for this loss through food such as fruits and vegetables, and beverages such as milk and soda. Water, which is calorie free, is the healthiest drink.

Men need 13 cups of water per day and women need nine. Water requirements depend on activity levels, climate, and health. If you are doing exercise, you need to drink an extra two cups of water. For intense exercise, such as marathon running or road cycling, you need even more. Sports drinks are one way to replace water and sodium lost through sweat. In hot and dry weather, the body must have enough water to keep cool. Furthermore, in mountains of over 2500 meters, people breathe faster, so they require five cups of water more than usual.

People suffering from fever should also take in additional **fluids** to balance water loss. Pregnant or breast-feeding women need large amounts of water, too. Doctors advise mothers-to-be to drink ten cups of water daily and women who are breast-feeding 14 cups per day. All in all, water needs differ according to various factors and drinking proper amounts of water is key to good health.

37. According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT** mentioned as a factor influencing water needs?  
 (A) Personal health.  
 (B) Climate conditions.  
 (C) Sports activities.  
 (D) Emotional status.
38. According to the passage, how much water should a pregnant woman drink per day?  
 (A) 9 cups. (B) 10 cups. (C) 13 cups. (D) 14 cups.
39. Which of the following is an example of “**fluids**” shown in line 1 in the third paragraph?  
 (A) Milk candy. (B) Chicken breast. (C) Orange juice. (D) Hot dog.
40. Which of the following is true about this passage?  
 (A) Water is needed for the body to function well.  
 (B) You need less water if you get a high temperature.  
 (C) Sports drinks do not provide sodium for athletes.  
 (D) Soda is the best drink for the body.
41. What is the best title for this passage?  
 (A) Sportsmen and Water  
 (B) Water and Healthy Living  
 (C) Hot Weather and Water Needs  
 (D) Sodium Loss through Excess Water

**二、非選擇題(第 I 到第 III 題，每題 6 分，共 18 分)****I. 填充**

說明：

- ▲ 請依據中文提示，將試題內空格 ①、② 答案之完整單字(含提示之字首)，分別作答於答案卷之作答欄 ①、② 之指定範圍內以完成句子。
- ▲ 請勿抄題，每格限填一字，超過一字者視為錯誤，不予計分。

1. 我們必須在中午前到達機場，所以我們最好現在前往車站。

We have to arrive at the a ① before noon, so we had better l ② for the station now.

**II. 句子重組**

說明：

- ▲ 請將題中 5 段提示字詞重組成一完整句子，並於句尾加上適當標點符號。
- ▲ 請將重組後的句子寫在答案卷之「非選擇題作答區」指定範圍內，答案中不能增減字詞或修改變化字詞，請勿抄題。

2. the effects of / People need to / on human life / be aware of / climate change

**III. 中譯英**

說明：

- ▲ 請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文，並將答案寫在「非選擇題作答區」之指定範圍內，請勿抄題。

3. 我們應該養成良好的閱讀習慣。

**【以下空白】**

