

A TOUR OF LONDON



Trafalgar Square



Westminster Abbey



Piccadilly Circus



Soho



The Mall



Chinatown



Buckingham Palace



Big Ben

It is a wide tree-lined avenue designed for royal processions on ceremonial occasions, running through St James's Park from Trafalgar Square to the front of Buckingham Palace.

At the start of the 20th century Asian immigrants lived here. Much of the area was damaged by aerial bombing during WW2, but after the war, the influx of immigrants from Hong Kong led to its rebirth.

It is a four-faced clock tower named after Sir Benjamin Hall. It is considered to be one of the finest time-keepers in the world. Every day people hear its bells ring when they listen to the BBC radio news.

It is the centre of night life in the West End, with lots of theatres and cinemas. It is also known for its fountain and statue of an archer, popularly known as Eros.

It is the official residence of Queen Elizabeth and the British Royal Family. It is a symbol and home of the British monarchy and is also the workplace of 450 people. When she is in her residence, the Royal Standard is flown.

It was part of King Henry VIII's hunting grounds. During the 20th century, this part became the centre of bohemian London with intellectuals, writers, artists and poets, which has inspired other cities too.

This is the actual geographical centre of London. At its centre is Nelson's Column guarded by four bronze lion statues and its name commemorates the battle where the British navy defeated France and Spain.

This is a very big church built in the Gothic style, the traditional place of coronation and burial site for British kings. William the Conqueror was the first king to be crowned there. There is a Poet's Corner here.