

1. Drag the words to the right column.

Miner hairdresser fisherman builder jeweller

Footballer firefighter potter construction worker

Tourist guide retail worker factory worker

Primary sector	Secondary sector	Tertiary sector

2. Match the word and its definition.

Primary sector

•goods made by hand or by machine

Raw materials

•Sector of the economy in which workers turn raw materials into manufactured products.

Secondary sector

•the basic material from which a product is made.

Manufactured products

•sector of the economy includes any industry involved in the extraction and production of raw materials, such as farming, forestry, fishing and mining.

Base industries

•Use base industry products to manufacture other things

Consumer goods industries

•Sector of the economy that provides services to costumers.

Capital goods industries

•Transform raw materials into semi finished products

Tertiary sector

•Use the products produced by base and capital goods industries To make items and sell them to the public.

3. Read the sentences and decide if they are true or false.

People who work in education sell us products.

Transport workers provide a service.

Manufactured products are always made by using industrial processes.

The fashion and automotive industries have been growing in Spain.

Livestock farming involves the cultivation of land to grow crops.

Foreign trade is the buying and selling of goods between different countries.

The secondary sector is the largest economic sector in Spain.

Base industries make items that are sold to the public.

Mining can be underground or open-cast.

4. Which word does not belong to the group?

- 1) Arable farming, forestry, steel industry, livestock farming.
- 2) Food and drinks industry, textiles industry, construction industry, transport.
- 3) tourism, imports and exports, uranium resources, healthcare.
- 4) Metal working, administration, media and communications, retail.
- 5) Processing, manufacturing, natural gas resources, Energy industries.
- 6) Deep-sea fishing, underground mining, ship building, arable farming.

5. Read the text and choose the correct missing words from the box.

Workers in the _____ sector take the raw products that are produced in the primary sector and turn them into products that people can _____.

This sector consists of _____, manufacturing and _____ (the production of goods in large quantities).

_____ products can be produced using traditional craft methods or _____ processes. Craft workers use their hands or _____ to make their products, which usually takes longer and is _____ expensive. Industrial workers in mines use complex machines to manufacture _____ quantities of products.

Secondary
Use
Manufactured
Industrial
Tools
More
Construction
Large
Processing

6. Match the activities with their name and definition.



Taking natural materials from the Earth's crust.



Buying and selling goods between different countries.



The cultivation of land to produce crops.



Using raw materials to make buildings and public works.



Making items that are sold to the public.

7. Identify the job does not belong in each sector.

- **PRIMARY SECTOR**

- A) Miner
- B) Builder
- C) Fisherman
- D) Farmer

- **SECONDARY SECTOR**

- A) Hairdresser
- B) Factory worker
- C) potter
- D) jewellery worker

- **TERTIARY SECTOR**

- A) firefighter
- B) manager
- C) footballer
- D) forestry worker

8. Write the missing words.

1. There are _____ economic sectors.
2. Forestry is in the _____ sector.
3. _____ farming is the cultivation of land to produce crops.
4. The secondary sector involves turning _____ materials into usable products.
5. The automotive industry is an example of a _____ Good industry.
6. Another name for the tertiary sector is the _____ sector.
7. The most important tertiary activities in Spain are _____, rural, cultural and adventure tourism.
8. About 22% of the European population work in the _____ sector.

9. Read the text and choose the best Word for each space.

Today four per cent of the *active, passive, rural* population of Spain Works in the primary sector. This is the 56 per cent less than at the beginning of the 20th century.

Olives and *rice, oranges, apples* are the main crops in Spain, although potatoes, cereals and vegetables are also grown. In the field of livestock farming is an important activity mainly in *Galicia, Aragon, Extremadura*.

Since Spain has many kilometers of coast, *tourism, farming, fishing* is an important activity too. Mining is not as important as it was in the past, but there is still some notable mining activity in Asturias.

Today, about 20 per cent of the active population in Spain Works in the secondary sector. There are important *industries, products, materials* in Bilbao, Barcelona and Madrid.