

## Modals of deduction and possibility

### 1 Połącz zdania (1 - 3) z ich objaśnieniami (a - c).

- 1 He must be a police officer. (*On musi być policjantem*) ☐
- 2 He might be a police officer. (*On może być policjantem*) ☐
- 3 He can't be a police officer. (*On nie może być policjantem*) ☐
- a) I'm almost certain he's not a police officer. ... *prawie pewny, że on nie jest...*
- b) I think it's possible he's a police officer. ... *możliwe, że on jest...*
- c) I'm almost certain he's a police officer. .... *prawie pewny, że on jest...*

### 2 Połącz zdania 1 - 6 z wnioskami a - f.

- 1 She speaks French and has a French passport. ☐
- 2 She used to live in Paris. ☐
- 3 Joanne hasn't got a dog. In fact, she hates dogs! ☐
- 4 I think Sheila's got a dog, but I'm not sure. ☐
- 5 I think I *rozpoznać* recognise him from that film we saw last week. ☐
- 6 He was in that new film we saw last week! ☐
- a) That can't be Joanne's dog.
- b) He must be an actor.
- c) She may be French.
- d) He might be an actor.
- e) She must be French.
- f) That could be Sheila's dog.

### 3 Wybierz właściwe opcje.

- 1 He **must** / **can't** be guilty. He wasn't in the country when the robbery happened.
- 2 There **could** / **must** be a dog in the bag. It's barking.
- 3 He **might** / **can't** be from the USA. He speaks English with an American accent.
- 4 Ask John. If you're lucky, he **must** / **might** know the answer.
- 5 You liked the film? You **might** / **can't** be serious – it was terrible!

### 4 Uzupełnij zdania właściwymi czasownikami *might*, *must*, *can't*.



- 1 The smartphone ..... be Jane's. Hers is red.
- 2 The sunglasses ..... be Pete's. Jane never wears them.
- 3 The money ..... be Jane's. but it ..... be Pete's too.
- 4 The camera ..... be Pete's. He hasn't got one.
- 5 The table ..... be Pete's or it ..... be Jane's. They've both got one.
- 6 The necklace ..... be Jane's. It's identical!

### 5 Wybierz właściwą opcję.

- Jack** Look! That's Vince Vogue, the actor from *Crime Squad* on TV.
- Cath** No, it **can't** / **must** be him!
- Jack** Why not? He **might** / **can't** live near here.
- Cath** No way! Vince Vogue lives in California.
- Jack** Well, he **must** / **could** be here, filming.
- Cath** He **can't** / **may** be Vince! He's wearing glasses.
- Jack** He **must** / **might** wear glasses in real life. Hey, look, he's coming this way. Hey! Are you Vince Vogue, the actor?
- Vince** Yes, I am. You **must** / **can** watch *Crime Squad*.

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Uzupełnij zdania. Wpisz *can't be* lub *must be*.

He's got an unusual accent. He  
\_\_\_\_\_ *must be* \_\_\_\_\_ foreign.

- 1 He's had three car accidents this year, so he  
\_\_\_\_\_ a good driver.
- 2 He's just broken that car window. He  
\_\_\_\_\_ a thief.
- 3 She always says horrible things about her friends, so she \_\_\_\_\_ a nice person.
- 4 Somebody stole his passport, so he  
\_\_\_\_\_ at the police station now.
- 5 This dictionary has got my name in it, so it  
\_\_\_\_\_ yours.

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Przepisz drugie zdanie w każdej parze używając *must*, *can't* or *might*.

This thing isn't moving. I'm certain it's dead.  
\_\_\_\_\_ *It must be dead.* \_\_\_\_\_

- 1 It's only got six legs. I'm certain it's not a spider.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 It's very small. It's definitely an insect.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 It hasn't got any wings. It's definitely not an insect.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Not all insects have wings. It's possibly an ant.  
\_\_\_\_\_

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Wybierz właściwą opcję.

The sitting room window is broken.

There **can't** / **might** be a thief in there.

- 1 They found the money and jewellery in his pockets. He **can't** / **must** be the thief.
- 2 Her face is very red. She **could** / **can't** be hot.
- 3 Don't try to catch the thief because he **might** / **can't** have a knife.
- 4 Ask Andrew because he **can't** / **may** know the answer.
- 5 The cat hasn't eaten for days, so I think it **can't** / **could** be ill.