

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Score \_\_\_\_\_

**A**

C Listen to the conversations. Check (✓) the correct answers. (4 POINTS)

- Ally likes her new apartment because
  - it has a spacious bedroom.
  - there's too much noise.
  - it's cheaper than her old apartment.
- Marco wants to live downtown because
  - he works there.
  - it's less expensive.
  - there are more parking spaces.
- Elena's house is
  - too small.
  - too spacious.
  - too private.
- Peter wishes his new apartment were
  - nice and bright.
  - on the first floor.
  - not as cramped as his old apartment.

**B**

Circle the correct word. (4 POINTS)

- I don't really like my neighborhood. It's very (dangerous / convenient / safe).
- I have a lot of windows in my living room, so it's usually (bright / noisy / huge).
- It's (comfortable / convenient / dingy) to have parking spaces near my apartment.
- Our house is only two years old. It's very (modern / run-down / cramped) and spacious.

**C**Complete the sentences. Use *not enough* . . . or *not . . . enough* and the words given. (3 POINTS)

- Our apartment is too dark. There are \_\_\_\_\_ . (windows)
- People can see into our house. There is \_\_\_\_\_ . (privacy)
- My apartment is very inconvenient. It's \_\_\_\_\_ for me. (convenient)

**D**Complete the sentences. Use *as . . . as*, *as many . . . as*, or *as much . . . as* and the words given. (3 POINTS)

- My new apartment doesn't have \_\_\_\_\_ my old one. (bedrooms)
- Our house is just \_\_\_\_\_ your apartment. (comfortable)
- Modern apartments often don't have \_\_\_\_\_ older ones. (space)

**E**Complete the sentences. Use *wish* and the correct form of the verbs given. (3 POINTS)Example: My parents won't buy me a car. I wish they would buy me a car .(buy)

- I don't like my neighborhood. I wish \_\_\_\_\_ . (like)
- I can't find my keys. I wish \_\_\_\_\_ . (can find)
- My sister is on vacation. I wish \_\_\_\_\_ . (be not)

**F**

Complete the conversation. Use the correct form of the verbs. (4 POINTS)

A: \_\_\_\_\_ you ever \_\_\_\_\_ (try) Japanese food?

B: Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_. I \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to a Japanese restaurant last week.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (like) it?

B: Yeah, it \_\_\_\_\_ (be) delicious.

**G**

Read about competitive food eating. Then check (✓) four true statements. (4 POINTS)

## Competitive Food Eating ➞

Parents, doctors, and nutritionists tell us to eat healthy, nutritious food and to eat only until our stomachs feel full. However, there are some people who train themselves to eat huge quantities of food.

These people are called competitive food eaters. They compete against each other to eat a lot of food in a short amount of time. Competitive food eaters can earn up to \$10,000 or more in prize money for eating the most of some kind of food like hot dogs, pies, or chicken wings.

One of the most famous food-eating contests, Nathan's Hot Dog Eating Contest, takes place on July 4th at New York's Coney Island. Professional food eater Joey Chestnut of San Francisco, California, won this contest seven years in a row from 2007 to 2014. Chestnut's best record was in 2013 when he ate 68 hot dogs in 10 minutes.

Another famous competitive eater is Sonya Thomas, who was born in Korea but now lives in the U.S. She began competing in 2002 and quickly became a champion. Thomas's best record in Nathan's Hot Dog Eating Contest was 45 hot dogs in 2012. Some of her other personal records include eating 11 pounds of cheesecake in nine minutes and eating 65 hard-boiled eggs in six minutes and 40 seconds.

- 1. Competitive food eaters eat a little bit of food for a long time.
- 2. The Nathan's Hot Dog Eating Contest takes place on the Fourth of July.
- 3. Joey Chestnut was born in Coney Island, New York.
- 4. Joey Chestnut won the Nathan's Hot Dog Eating Contest six times in a row.
- 5. Joey Chestnut ate 69 hot dogs in 10 minutes.
- 6. Sonya Thomas was born in Korea.
- 7. Sonya Thomas began to compete in 2002.
- 8. Sonya Thomas ate 11 pounds of hard-boiled eggs in six minutes and forty seconds.

