

Age of Enlightenment Puzzle



NAME: _____

DATE: _____

ACROSS

2. Large, colorful style of art (a lot of battle scenes)
6. Where one king has absolute power
8. Informal social gatherings at which writers, artists, philosophes, and others exchanged ideas
9. This revolution occurred when new theories and facts were discovered, and old ones were disproved
10. 17th century French philosopher ("I think, therefore I am"). Wrote about concept of dualism, connected algebra and geometry
12. Law that states we are all born into nature and we have basic morals that we follow and know right from wrong
16. The government restricts access to information
17. English philosopher and mathematician: formulator of the law of gravitation
19. French judge famous for his articulation of the theory of separation of powers

DOWN

1. This contract or agreement among people to give up their natural rights that results in the organization of society
3. In "The Social Contract" (1762) he argues that laws are binding only when they are supported by the general will of the people
4. The thought that the people ruled were given this right by God
5. Political philosopher, wrote "Two Treatises of Government", claimed that men are by nature free and equal, not that God made them subservient to a monarch
7. English politician, writer. Formalized the empirical method & inductive reasoning
8. Scottish economist/philosopher known as "The Father of Economics" - wrote "The Wealth of Nations"
11. To have a modern, and well-informed outlook
13. The division of this is the idea that people should be assigned a specific role in the assembly process (leads to assembly line)
14. Polish astronomer who produced a workable model of the solar system with the sun in the center
15. Discovered that the paths of the planets around the sun are elliptical rather than circular
18. Scientist who built the first telescope and proved that planets and moons move