

COMPARATIVE ADJECTIVES

Chimpanzees are	faster stronger	than	humans.
	more aggressive		
Humans have got	smaller hands bigger noses		chimpanzees.

When we compare two things, we use the comparative form of the adjective + *than*. When the adjective has got one syllable, the comparative form is created by adding **-er** to the adjective; when it's got two or more syllables, we use *more* + adjective + *than*.

When the adjective ends in a consonant-vowel-consonant, the **last consonant** is doubled in the comparative adjective.

1 Look and write sentences.



weak

big ears

intelligent

small mouths

aggressive

tall

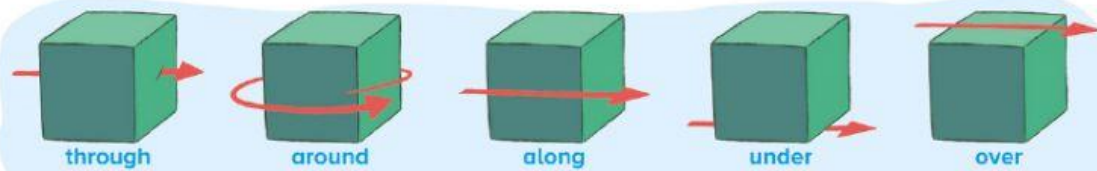


- 1 Humans are weaker than chimpanzees.
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____

2 Write sentences using comparisons.

- 1 Me - my grandparents **old** My grandparents are older than me.
- 2 horror films - musicals **exciting** _____
- 3 hippos - cats **big noses** _____
- 4 aquariums - castles **interesting** _____
- 5 butterflies - crocodiles **dangerous** _____
- 6 giraffes - ducks **short legs** _____

PREPOSITIONS OF MOVEMENT



Prepositions of movement work to express movement in relation to something else.

1 Look and write.



Sarah is at the natural park. She wants to see the gorillas. She walks ¹ along the path and ² _____ the bridge, ³ _____ the hippo.

Then she goes ⁴ _____ the elephants and ⁵ _____ the primates. She goes ⁶ _____ the village and she finds the gorillas in front of her.

2 Read and choose. Then write the full sentence.

- 1 The baboon runs along / through the branch. The baboon runs along the branch.
- 2 The hippo swims over / under the bridge. _____
- 3 The bird flies around / through the window. _____
- 4 The scorpion goes along / under the rock. _____
- 5 The leopard jumps around / over the river. _____
- 6 Ben walks through / along the road. _____
- 7 The cheetah runs through / under the grassland. _____
- 8 Jenny walks around / along the park. _____