

Cumulative Vocabulary and Grammar Test Units 1–10

Vocabulary

1 Choose the correct answers a, b or c.

1. India _____ over 30 million tonnes of bananas per year and sells them to other countries.
a refrigerates **b** produces **c** eats
2. Take the things that you can reuse to the _____.
a rubbish dump **b** food miles **c** recycling centre
3. It's usually my job to _____ the washing machine in our house.
a make **b** lay **c** load
4. The criminal is _____ in court today.
a appearing **b** punishing **c** spending
5. In schools where there is a lot of violence and crime, it's _____ to get a good education.
a irresponsible **b** impossible **c** immature
6. The hills weren't pretty; they actually looked _____.
a green **b** blue **c** drab
7. It's _____ that Earth's population will be over nine billion in 2050.
a estimated **b** increased **c** decreased
8. The _____ appeared in all the national papers, but the product didn't make a lot of money.
a customer **b** advert **c** research
9. My friend, who moved to the US from Mexico, speaks English with a very strong Mexican _____.
a slang **b** dialect **c** accent
10. Kristin Duquette campaigned _____ the rights of disabled people at her university.
a for **b** on **c** at
11. Jane isn't afraid of public speaking – she's got a lot of _____.
a brilliance **b** confidence **c** independence
12. Why don't we read the _____ before we choose a film?
a articles **b** gossip columns **c** reviews

13. A modern household _____ over one tonne of rubbish per year.
a grows **b** transports **c** throws away
14. You should reduce your _____ by walking instead of taking the bus.
a carbon footprint **b** food miles **c** global warming.
15. It's usually my job to _____ the table before dinner.
a make **b** lay **c** load
16. They _____ him for the crime and he went to court.
a spent **b** charged **c** committed
17. Letting children under six walk alone to school is _____.
a irresponsible **b** impossible **c** imperfect
18. The sky in the painting wasn't nice; it actually looked rather _____.
a drab **b** pretty **c** blue
19. It's been _____ that Earth's population will be over nine billion in 2050.
a increased **b** calculated **c** decreased
20. The _____ decided to leave the company and start his own business, but he first wanted half of everything.
a customer **b** founder **c** partner
21. When we first moved to England, I couldn't understand much because my friends at school used a lot of _____.
a slang **b** dialect **c** accent
22. Kristin Duquette was congratulated _____ her many successes, including her flight for the rights of disabled people.
a for **b** on **c** at
23. Jane has lived on her own since she turned nineteen. She's very _____.
a brilliant **b** confident **c** independent
24. I love reading about all the celebrities in the _____.
a broadsheets **b** gossip columns **c** reviews

2. Put the words in brackets into the correct noun, verb, adjective or adverb form.

- 1 Her _____ (**brilliant**) was evident when she was singing on stage.
- 2 Spraying graffiti on public buildings is _____ (**legal**).
- 3 When my computer broke down, I felt _____ (**help**).
- 4 You didn't have to buy me a gift, but it's so _____ (**think**) of you.
- 5 There's too much _____ (**advert**) in newspapers and magazines these days.
- 6 Going on a rollercoaster ride was a _____ (**frighten**) experience for me.

Grammar

3. Choose the correct answer a, b, or c to replace the underlined phrases.

- 1 They printed the first newspaper in Germany in 1605.
 - a The first newspaper printed
 - b The first newspaper was printed
 - c The first newspaper been printed
- 2 You're going to the cinema, is that right?
 - a are you
 - b aren't you
 - c aren't you going
- 3 When I was younger, I went to tennis practice every day.
 - a used to go
 - b used to went
 - c used to going
- 4 We don't have to go to school on Saturday.
 - a We mustn't
 - b It's not necessary for us to
 - c It's not important for us to
- 5 She'll definitely get married when she's older.
 - a She'll certainly
 - b She may
 - c She'll probably
- 6 This jacket is not big enough for me.
 - a small enough
 - b too big
 - c too small

4. There is one word missing in each sentence. Rewrite the sentences adding the word in the correct place.

1 She told she was playing an online game.

2 There are more than a hundred channels in Britain, are there?

3 Safety pins invented by Walter Hunt in 1849.

4 When she got to the station, she noticed that she left the tickets at home.

5 When I was younger I didn't use have long hair.

6 Parker Liautaud been to the North Pole several times, and hopes to go again.

5. Choose the correct answers a, b or c.

Chasing dreams

Johnny Hunt ¹ _____ at six every day. He showers, gets dressed, has a quick snack and by seven he's already on the tennis court hitting one ball after another. He then spends six hours at school and after all his lessons, he rushes back onto the court for more practice. Today is slightly different because before he had his morning tennis lesson, he ² _____ 10 kilometres. Johnny ³ _____ in a big tournament at the weekend, so he needs ⁴ _____ much harder. But Johnny hates all of this. So why does he do it? Well, Johnny has 'pushy parents'.

'Pushy parents' think that if they ⁵ _____ young again, they ⁶ _____ things differently. But because they can't go back to how things ⁷ _____, they want their own children to fulfil their failed dreams and ambitions. They see their children as an extension of themselves, sometimes not realizing how unhappy they are. Unsurprisingly, a recent study ⁸ _____ that the majority of parents who didn't manage to achieve their own dreams, want their children to succeed in those things. But ⁹ _____ problem with this is that these children lose their autonomy and never have their own dreams.

Back on the court, Johnny misses the last shot and loses the match. 'If he ¹⁰ _____ a bit more, he ¹¹ _____ a champion,' says his dad. But Johnny knows that this ¹² _____ the case ...

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|---------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| 1 a is getting up | b gets up | c got up |
| 2 a ran | b was running | c had run |
| 3 a will compete | b competes | c is going to compete |
| 4 a to work | b work | c working |
| 5 a are | b were | c will be |
| 6 a would do | b will do | c do |
| 7 a be | b use to be | c used to be |
| 8 a has revealed | b revealed | c reveals |
| 9 a more big | b bigger | c the biggest |
| 10 a will practise | b practises | c would practise |
| 11 a 'll be | b is | c would be |
| 12 a is never going to be | b is never | c will never be |