



# Extra training

## Evaluation Task 552

1. Вы услышите диалог. Выберите правильный ответ на каждый вопрос, обозначенный буквами А–Е, выбрав его из выпадающего списка. Вы услышите запись дважды

- A. Who has got the tickets for the Saturday concert?
- B. Who has never heard of the Dream Theatre?
- C. Who likes Rock music?
- D. Who prefers classical music?
- E. Who will go to the Saturday concert?

2. Установите соответствие между текстами и рубриками, выбрав рубрику из выпадающего списка. Используйте каждую рубрику **только один раз**. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

### A. Рубрика:

Norway is first of all a land for those who love nature. The breathtaking fjords in the southwest of the country and Europe's largest glacier are Norway's most attractive places, but there are many other reasons to visit this country in the north of Europe. There are wonderful opportunities to enjoy skiing, fishing and rock-climbing. Others can take pleasure in the charm of the Norwegian countryside, with its countless valleys, high mountain lakes and unbelievable views.

### B. Рубрика:

Many tourists coming to Norway in the summer prefer to stay in a cottage used by northern Norwegian fishermen during the winter cod-fishing season. Equipped with all the necessary facilities, these cottages are leased to holidaymakers, providing an attractive form of accommodation. They will often be actually over the water. Catching your own fish and cooking it on the fire will add a few pleasant moments to your holiday.

### C. Рубрика:

Norway has a long history of fishing, although much of the high quality shellfish and other species caught off the coast are exported. However, fish remains a common dish, along with meat, potatoes and other root vegetables, although tastes have changed in recent years to involve a wider international choice, including pizzas and burgers. The most popular traditional hot snack is a form of sausage, sold at numerous outlets.

### D. Рубрика:

Traditionally entertainment in the country is largely home-based, but this has been changing in recent years. Most Norwegians tend to go out only on Fridays and Saturdays, the rest of the week being fairly quiet. This is in no small part due to the high prices of food and drink, and the fact that the working day starts early. And at weekends, it is normal for the Norwegians to enjoy drinks at home before leaving it as late as 11.00 p.m.

### E. Рубрика:

Restaurants tend to be concentrated in city centres, while in recent years the pub culture has been gradually arriving in Norway. Cities are nowadays well supplied with a wide choice of bars, many of which offer food that has a lower price compared to the restaurants. Most villages of any size have at least one cafe or restaurant where it is possible to drink and eat out.

### F. Рубрика:

Norwegians are generally sincere and polite, though communication doesn't often come easy — it is usually up to you to break the ice and establish contact. They can be very direct and rarely say 'please', which may seem rude, but it's due to the fact that the Norwegian language rarely uses the word. On the other hand, they say 'thank you' for almost everything. They also tend to address people by their first name even on many formal occasions.

**3. Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 1–6, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Напечатайте полученные грамматические формы в поля ответов. Если грамматическая форма состоит из нескольких слов, их можно напечатать с пробелами или без пробелов**

|          |  |        |
|----------|--|--------|
| <b>1</b> | A man has woken up after was in a coma for 19 years to find that his world _____ beyond all recognition. Polish railway worker Jan Grzebski lost consciousness nearly 20 years ago after being struck by a train. Last Sunday he opened his eyes to see his devoted wife, Gertruda, looking at him.                                  | CHANGE |
| <b>2</b> | She _____ after him all through his coma. She fed and washed him every day and moved him every hour to prevent bedsores.<br>Jan's doctor said. 'She has been doing the job of an entire intensive care team.'  | LOOK   |
| <b>3</b> | Her devotion _____ when, at 65 years age, Jan came out of his  | REWARD |
| <b>4</b> | coma. But he _____ up to an entirely different Poland from the one he remembered.<br>'When I went into a coma there was only tea and vinegar in the shops,' Jan said. 'Meat was rationed and there were huge petrol queues everywhere. Now I see people in the streets with mobile phones and there are so many goods in the shops.' | WAKE   |
| <b>5</b> | He _____ at all he sees and says,  | AMAZE  |
| <b>6</b> | 'The world is a much _____ place now.'   | PRETTY |

**4. Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуса подходящее слово, выбрав его из выпадающего списка. Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. Два слова в списке лишние.**

### The Sun

Without the energy from the Sun, the Earth would have no life at all. Nowadays everyone \_\_\_\_\_ that the Sun is a star. Like all stars, the Sun is a great burning ball of gases. To us, it \_\_\_\_\_ large and red. The other stars look white or light blue because they are much \_\_\_\_\_ from us than the Sun. In the past, many people \_\_\_\_\_ that the Earth was the centre of the universe. They thought that the Sun and the stars went \_\_\_\_\_ it. Only in 1543, a great Polish scientist published a book in which he \_\_\_\_\_ to prove a different point of view. According to him, the Earth and the other planets moved round the Sun. Those people who supported the scientist were often imprisoned and even killed.

## 5. (in class)

*Imagine that you are preparing a project with your friend. You have found some interesting material for the presentation and you want to read this text to your friend.  
You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, then be ready to read it out aloud.  
You will not have more than 1.5 minutes to read it.*

A cave is a natural area or space under the surface of the Earth. You can find caves in any part of the world. People study how caves form and develop. Usually, caves are formed because of water or volcanic forces. Caves often make up a system. It is so because they are connected with one another. Some animals prefer to live in caves. These are bats, fish, insects and spiders. Such animals can live in the dark as there's no light in caves.

Historically people used caves to live there or to hide things there. In some cultures caves were used for ceremonies. Now people explore caves. This is a popular hobby. If a person explores caves, it's called caving. Caving can be dangerous so it's considered to be a risky sport. You see, caves can be very deep.

## 6. (in class)

*These are photos from your photo album. Choose one photo to describe to your friend.*

Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3



*You will have to start speaking in 2 minutes and will **speak for not more than 2 minutes (12-15 sentences).***

**In your talk remember to speak about:**

- 1) where and when the photo was taken
- 2) what/who is in the photo
- 3) what is happening
- 4) why you keep the photo in your album
- 5) why you decided to show the picture to your friend

You have to talk continuously, starting with: ***"I've chosen photo number..."***