

**MAGNO BICULTURAL COLLEGE  
THIRD TERM EVALUATION  
FOURTH GRADE  
READING COMPREHENSION**

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ R.N. \_\_\_\_\_ GROUP \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE \_\_\_\_\_ SCORE \_\_\_\_ / 20 = \_\_\_\_

**Part I.- Read the text. Answer the questions. (5 points)**

In Malawi, Africa, there are people who want to hunt animals like elephants and rhinos. Now, people who work in Malawi's national parks are using drones to protect the animals. At night, the drones fly over the places where the animals live. When the drone pilots see people who shouldn't be there, they turn on the drone's lights to scare them. The drones can travel farther and faster than people in cars, so it's easy to protect a bigger area of the park.

1. Where are they using the drones? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. What animals are they protecting? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3. When do they use the drones? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

4. What do they do when they see people in the parks? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

5. Why is it better to use drones than people to protect the animals? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Part II.- Read the text. Complete the sentences using words from the text. (5 points)**

Elaine Wyllie, a teacher in Scotland, started a project called the Daily Mile in her school. Her students started the Daily Mile in 2012 and now more than 7,000 schools around the world are doing it.

Every day, students run a mile when they are at school. They run when it's raining and when it's sunny and all the students run. When they have problems walking or running, the teachers help them. Running the Daily Mile makes the students healthier and helps them to work better at school.

1. A \_\_\_\_\_ called Elaine Wyllie started the Daily Mile project.
2. Around the world, more than \_\_\_\_\_ schools do the Daily Mile.
3. Every day, students have to \_\_\_\_\_ a mile.
4. The teachers \_\_\_\_\_ students who can't move easily.
5. Because they do the Daily Mile, the students can study \_\_\_\_\_.

**Part III.- Read the text. Write T (true) or F (false). (5 points)**

In some cities, people can't drive their cars every day. On some days, they have to walk, cycle, or take the bus. For example, in Paris, the first Sunday of every month is car-free. Before, there were a lot of problems with the air because there were so many cars.

In Mexico City, there were also a lot of cars and the air was dirty. In 2008, they said people couldn't drive in the city center on Saturdays. Some people didn't like taking the bus, so they went by taxi. The air in Mexico City wasn't better when they studied it in 2017.

1. On car-free days, people can't use cars or buses. \_\_\_\_\_
2. On the third Sunday of every month, people can't use their cars in Paris. \_\_\_\_\_
3. In Mexico City and Paris, the air was bad because of cars. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Mexico City started having car-free Saturdays in 2008. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Car-free days made the air better in Mexico City. \_\_\_\_\_

**Part IV.- Read the text. Circle the correct answer. (5 points)**

When you want to learn how to juggle, the first thing you have to do is buy some good balls. Don't buy balls which are very hard, because when you start to juggle, you sometimes drop the balls! To start with, throw and catch one ball. This will help you stand correctly. When you're good at this, add a second ball. If you practice, you can juggle three, four, or more balls! You can also practice throwing the balls higher when you juggle. When you're good at juggling, you can use other objects, like pencils or toys.

- 1. It's a bad / good idea to buy hard balls.**
- 2. You should throw one ball / two balls first.**
- 3. To stand correctly, practice throwing and catching / dropping the ball.**
- 4. With practice, you can / can't juggle more than four balls.**
- 5. When you get better, you can throw the balls faster / higher.**