

WEEK 6 PARTIAL 4

DESTREZA: EFL 5.4.9. Use a variety of oral, print and electronic forms for writing to others or for writing for self, applying the conventions of social writing. (Example: notes, invitations, emails, blog entries and comments, notes to self, etc.)

OBJETIVO DE APRENDIZAJE PARA LA SEMANA: At the end of this lesson students will be able to show understanding about the Pachamama by answering deep questions.

TEMA: Passive voice- Simple present / The Pachamama

DESARROLLO DE LAS ACTIVIDADES:

FECHA

CLASSWORK # 6

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A. Read and analyze the information.

Passive voice: Simple Present

Affirmative form: Object + is/ are + verb (past participle)

Active voice: Thomas writes many books.

Passive voice: Many books are written by Thomas

Question form: Are/Is + object + verb(past participle + ?

Active form: Do the police catch the man?

Passive voice: Is the man caught by the police?

Affirmative form: Object + is/ are not + verb (past participle)

Active voice: Thomas doesn't write **many books**.

Passive voice: **Many books** aren't written by Thomas

B. Complete the sentences with the passive voice in simple present.

1. The Pachamama _____ (translate) into English as "Mother Earth".
2. The Pachamama _____ (worship) in the region of Tawantinsuyu, the former Incan Empire.
3. The Pachamama _____ (offer) many sacrifices, especially animals like llamas and alpacas.
4. The Pachamama _____ (replace) by other gods.

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C. Choose the best option for the sentence.

a. is sentenced	b. sentenced	c. are sentenced
9. A cake _____ by my grandma		
a. are made	b makes	c. is made
10. A castle _____ by some builders.		
a. is built	b. builds	c. are built

HOMEWORK #6
THE PACHAMAMA

A. Find and circle the following words.

GODDESS HARVESTING WORSHIPED PACHAMAMA WATER EARN SUN MOON

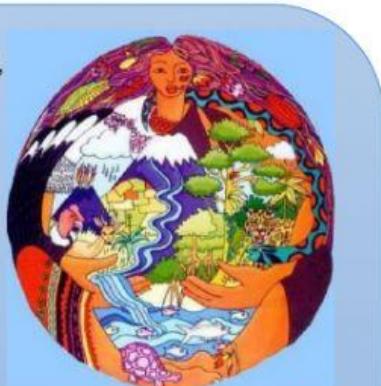


B. Read the information and analyze it.

The Pachamama is usually translated into English as "Mother Earth", although the more literal translation would be "World Mother". She is an Andean indigenous goddess. She is worshipped in the region of Tawantinsuyu, the former Incan Empire, which now includes the Andean regions of Ecuador, Bolivia, Chile, Peru, and northern Argentina.

In Incan mythology, she presides over planting and harvesting crops and can cause earthquakes. She is also the goddess of fertility. In the Quechua cosmopolitanism, the four principles – Water, Earth, Sun, and Moon – come from her. She is the mother of the Sun god Inti, and the Moon Goddess Mama Killa. She is offered many sacrifices, especially animals like llamas and alpacas. Rituals to honor her are celebrated all year, but especially in August, which is the coldest month of the year in the southern Andes.

With the arrival of the Spaniards, in some regions of the Andes, the Pachamama was replaced by the Virgin Mary. But those who believe in the Pachamama can maintain a balanced, reciprocal relationship with her. It is said that if people treat the Pachamama well and offer her the best sacrifices, then she in return will give them a good harvest.



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C. Complete the sentences with the right word.

1. The most common translation for Pachamama in English is _____
2. The Pachamama is the goddess of _____
3. People offer to the Pachamama many _____
4. The Pachamama in return will give them a good _____

D. Tick True or False.

SENTENCES	TRUE	FALSE
1. She is worshipped in Incan Empire, which now includes the Andean regions of Ecuador, Bolivia, Chile, Peru, and northern Argentina.		
2. In the Quechua cosmovision, the four principles – Water, Animals, Sun, and Moon – come from her.		
3. She is the mother of the Sun god Killa, and the Moon Goddess Mama Inti.		
4. She is offered many sacrifices, especially children like boys and girls.		
5. With the arrival of the Spaniards, in some regions of the Andes, the Pachamama was replaced by the Virgin Mary		

BIBLIOGRAFÍA: Ingles 3 BGU Modulo 3. (2020) taken from: <https://recursos2.educacion.gob.ec/textos/>