

1 Zakreśl wyrażenia, które poprawnie uzupełniają kwestie dialogu.

X: Rhonda, what ¹ are you going to do / do you do this weekend?

Y: Well, there's a chance I ² am going / will go shopping. No, wait! My aunt ³ visits / is visiting us this weekend, and I ⁴ will meet / am meeting her at the station on Saturday morning! I have to help her with her luggage! She always brings such a heavy suitcase.

X: Look. If you want, I ⁵ am going to come / will come to the station with you.

Y: Oh, that'd be great! Can you?

X: Sure. What time ⁶ is the train going to arrive / does the train arrive?

Y: At 10.00 am.

X: OK. See you there!

2 Uzupełnij zdania, używając podanych wyrazów, tak aby zachować znaczenie zdania wyjściowego. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie trzy wyrazy.

1 She has a dentist appointment at 4.00 p.m. tomorrow. **SEEING**

_____ her dentist at 4.00 pm tomorrow.

2 I'm afraid my chances of passing the exam aren't too good. **PASS**

I'm afraid I _____ the exam.

3 A change in the weather is possible later this week. **MIGHT**

The weather _____ later this week.

4 Are you thinking of joining the dance group? **TO**

Are _____ join the dance group?

3. Uzupełnij zdania, stosując czasowniki podane w nawiasach w odpowiedniej formie zerowego trybu warunkowego.

1 Mark is allergic to chocolate. If he _____ (eat) any, he _____ (get) red spots all over his body.

2 If you _____ (press) a button on the remote control, it _____ (send) a signal to the TV.

4. Uzupełnij zdania, stosując czasowniki podane w nawiasach w odpowiedniej formie pierwszego trybu warunkowego.

1 I _____ (help) you with your homework later if it _____ (be) too difficult, but try to do it on your own first.

2 If Susan _____ (not feel) better by tomorrow, she _____ (not go) on the trip with us.

3 We don't need to worry about getting to the mountains.

If my dad _____ (be) busy next weekend, my mum _____ (drive) us there.