

# HSK 1 Lesson 3 worksheets - Pinyin D

1. Listen while read aloud 3 times and copy the below final once:

<b>ou</b>	<b>iou(iu)</b>	<b>an</b>	<b>ian</b>	<b>uan</b>
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
<b>üan</b>	<b>en</b>	<b>in</b>	<b>uen(un)</b>	<b>ün</b>
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

2. Listen and add a tonal mark to the pinyin ( 1 = —, 2 = /, 3 = V, 4 = \ ):

1. bà	2. bu	3. bi
4. pī	5. pā	6. mu
7. mō	8. mǐ	9. pū
10. fā	11. fū	12. bō

**NOTE**

**The position of tonal marks**

- The tonal mark is placed on the vowel, e.g. *bā jūn mǐn léng*
- When there are two vowels, the tonal mark is placed on the earlier vowel in the sequence of: *a o e i u ü*, e.g. *duō lái hòu xiǎ*
- When *i u* appear together, the tonal mark is placed on the last vowel, e.g. *zhuī liú*

3. Listen and write down the pinyin with tonal marks (if it is hard to include tonal marks on top of the pinyin, you can write it in this way "fa1 " "mi 3", 1 = —, 2 = /, 3 = V, 4 = \):

1	pī	2		3
4		5		6
7		8		9

4. Add a tonal mark to "bu" ( 1 = —, 2 = /, 3 = V, 4 = \ ):

bu( )guòqù	bu( )yí	bu( )chūqù
bu( )liǎojiě	bu( )jǐn	bu( )màn

**Note:**

bù

When "不" is followed by a syllable in the fourth tone, it changes into / bú

In other cases it keep as \ bù:

5. Listen and read aloud with the audio, tick the correct pinyin:

1 pī pí

2 mǔ mú

3 fǎ fà

4 bǐ bì

5 pó pò

6 bù pù

7 mī mí

8 bà bǎ

9 mā mà

10 fù fú