THE MODERN AGE

It begins with _____ it finishes with _____

in the year _____ in the year _____

Middle Ages → Modern Ages → 20th Century

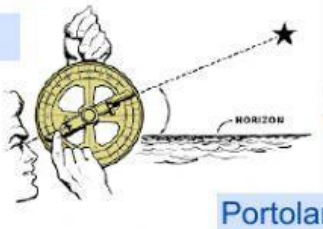
1. *Fill the gap*

16th Century
- authoritarian monarchies
-
- interest in Greek and Roman culture

17th Century
- political and economic crisis
- florishing of art, architecture and literature
-
- the Golden Age

18th Century
- Age of
- advance in science and education
- Monarchies modernised countries with reforms

astrolabe



Portolan chart

2. Match the words with their meaning

This made producing books cheaper and quicker	Enlightement
measures the height of the sun or a star above the horizon	Baroque
a cultural movement that gave importance to reason and science	printing press
an artistic style that featured many decorative details	Portolan chart
a navigational map based on compass directions	astrolabe
a trip made to discover new trade routes.	trading route
it made easier to travel long distances and improved commerce with faraway countries	absolute monarchy
cultural, artistic, political and economic "rebirth" promoted the rediscovery of classical philosophy, literature and art	expedition
a form of government where the monarch has total power	Renaissance

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3. Choose only the correct statement

- ◯ Monarchs promoted expeditions
- ◯ Monarchies had power and modernised countries with reforms
- ◯ Aztecs were a social group formed by artisans and merchants
- ◯ Commerce with faraway countries led to the discovery of new trading routes
- ◯ Authoritarian monarchies were created
- ◯ the clergy lost its power over the people
- ◯ society was no longer divided into privileged and non-privileged groups of people
- ◯ Baroque period was characterized by thin tall walls and large colourful glass windows

4. Let's talk about Spain...

At the beginning of the Modern Age, the two most powerful Kingdoms on the Iberian Penisula were …… and …… . ……, Princess of …….. and……, heir to the throne of …… married. And so they …….. the two kingdoms and laid the …….. of the Spanish State as we know it today. But both …….. and …… maintained their own…… , ……. and currencies.

Chose the right option:

They were an …….. monarchy. They formed a …… and …… army and an efficient……., so they could ……..their kingdoms. They were big defenders of …… faith in Spain. They conquered the Muslim Kingdom of ……, completing the ……. . That same year, they expelled the …… from their territories.

5. Match the events to the dates

1492	Marriage of the Catholic Monarchs
1468	Reconquista de Granada
1512	Incorporation of Navarra

6.Fill up:

During their reign, the Catholic Monarchs …….. the Kingdom.

They ……. the expedition of Christopher Columbus

They established new European…….. .

They consolidated their power on the continent ……. their children to the …… of other European monarchies

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