

Grammar 3b

• Present perfect

- 1** Read the theory. Say the examples in your language. Find examples in the text on p. 34.

Form: have/has + past participle

Affirmative

I/You/We/They **have played** well.

He/She/It **has played** well.

Negative

I/You/We/They **haven't played** well.

He/She/It **hasn't played** well.

Interrogative

Short Answers

Have I/you/we/you/they **played** well? **Yes**, I/you/we/you/they **have**.
No, I/you/we/you/they **haven't**.

Has he/she/it **played** well? **Yes**, he/she/it **has**.
No, he/she/it **hasn't**.

Use: We use the **present perfect** for:

- actions which started in the past and continue up to the present. *They **have been** friends for five years.*
- an action which happened at an unstated time in the past and its results are visible in the present. *She **has broken** her leg.* (When? It's not important. Her leg is in a cast now.)
- experiences. *He **has travelled** to Rome twice.*

Time expressions used with the present perfect:
since, for, yet, just, already, ever, never, this week, etc.

- 2** Use the verbs: *take, try, visit, learn, go, win, fly*, in the **present perfect** to complete the sentences.

- They a lot of museums so far.
- Ann in a Boeing 747 three times.
- She to play the piano.
- We part in the competition twice.
- He three gold medals so far.
- I sushi once.
- Jane and Laura to the beach.

- 3** a) Complete the sentences.

	Jane	Roy & Steve	Bob
sleep in a tent	✓	✓	X
go bungee jumping	X	X	✓
run a marathon	X	✓	X
try Indian food	X	✓	X

- Bob *hasn't slept* in a tent.
- Jane bungee jumping.
- Roy and Steve a marathon.
- Jane and Bob Indian food.
- Jane a marathon.
- Roy and Steve in a tent.

- b) Which of these activities have you done/have you never done?

I've slept in a tent. I've never slept in a tent.

• Just – Yet – Already – Since – For

- 4** Say the examples in your language.

I've just finished my homework.

He hasn't come back yet. Has he called yet?

I've already packed my suitcase.

She has worked here since 2007.

He has lived here for ten years.

- 5** John is going on a hiking trip this weekend. Write sentences using *already* or *yet*.

- pack his things (✓)
John has already packed his things.
- collect his train ticket (X)
- find his boots (✓)
- buy a new jacket (X)
- check the weather forecast (✓)
- book a hotel room (X)

- 6** Use the phrases: *finish work, receive bad news, win the competition, run a marathon, lose our passports and just to write sentences.*

- She's tired. *She has just finished work.*
- He's upset.
- He's happy.
- They're exhausted.
- We're worried.

