

Variation C

Part I

Task 1. Grammar

/8x1=8/

Read the sentence and choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

- A : How often you have a picnic?
 B :

A. does / Never B. do / Once C. do / Every years
 D. do / Never E. are / Never
- Going by car is than going by bicycle.

A. more comfortable B. comfortable C. comfortable as
 D. comfortable of E. most comfortable
- A : What your teacher look ?
 B : She's slim and beautiful.

A. is / likes B. does / likes C. do / like D. does / like E. is / like
- I TV at home when I a loud noise.

A. watched / heard B. was watching / heard C. watching / watched D. watches / hears E. watch / hear
- A : you to eat a lot of sweets when you were a child?
 B : No, I didn't but I eat them a lot now.

A. Do / use B. Are / use C. Did / use D. Did / used E. Does / use
- We are going out together tonight, ?

A. don't we B. are we C. aren't we D. do we E. didn't we
- If you more exercise, you healthier.

A. take / would feel B. took / would feel C. had taken / would feel D. takes / feel E. taken / would feel
- "How old are you?" a guide asked.
 The guide asked me

A. how old I was B. how old I were C. how old I am D. how old are you E. how old you are

Task 2. Vocabulary

/6x2=12/

Choose the correct word to complete the sentence.

- Mum was when she saw what a mess we had made in the kitchen after dinner.

A. lonely B. delighted C. furious D. excited E. happy
- My younger brother's on the test is the highest in the class, he must have studied last night.

A. result B. number C. score D. register E. notice
- Be sure that you take advantage the hotel facilities during your stay.

A. of B. from C. to D. forward E. off
- The cheers from the crowd were deafening as the footballers ran onto the

A. range B. pitch C. table D. alley E. course
- Many fishers in Australia still make boats out of tree

A. roots B. branches C. stems D. petals E. trunks
- Can you help me this new computer game on my PC?

A. create B. unplug C. log off D. use E. install

Task 3. Word formation

/5x2=10/

Choose the correct word to complete each sentence.

- The government has decided to start a(n) campaign to make people aware of the danger of smoking.

A. smoked B. anti-smoking C. smoking D. semi-smoking E. bi-smoking
- There were a few people standing around outside the main to the building.

A. entering B. entered C. enter D. entrance E. entrant
- Mongolia attracts hundreds of thousands of every year.

A. tours B. tourism C. touring D. toured E. tourists
- A good student must know how to study

A. effectively B. effect C. effective D. effects E. effectiveness
- They boiled the water in order to it.

A. pure B. purify C. purity D. purification

Task 4. Phrasal Verb

/3x2=6/

Read the sentences then find the meaning of the words in bold with the appropriate phrasal verbs.

20. My sister has to **rise from the bed** early in the morning.
 A. get off B. get back C. get up D. get over E. get on
21. He can't **recover from** the shock of being in the car accident.
 A. get over B. get up C. get in D. get back E. get to
22. The detective is **investigating** the crime.
 A. looking after B. looking forward to C. looking into D. looking out E. looking up

Task 5. Error recognition

/3x2=6/

Identify and choose the one underlined word or phrase that should be corrected.

23. No one in our office wants to drive to work anymore because of there are always traffic jams at rush hour. No error.
 A B C D E
24. The telephone was invented by Alexander Graham Bell. No error.
 A B C D E
25. The new stadium, who can hold 90,000 people, will be opened next month. No error.
 A B C D E

Task 6. Reading

/5x2=10/

Read the article and choose the correct answer A, B, C, D or E.

My name is Namuun. I'm fifteen and an only child living with my parents in UB city. I've always got on very well with them and I've always felt happy at home.

Last autumn my cousin Bolormaa came to live in our house. She's nineteen, and very pretty and funny. She's staying with us while she's a student at University. At first, I was very pleased to have another teenager in our house, because most of my friends don't live near me, but recently my feelings have changed.

I have lots of homework because I'm studying for school exams, but I have to clean my room and help with the washing-up. Bolormaa doesn't have exams this year so she doesn't have to work so hard. She has more money than me. She earns a bit because my dad helped her get a part-time job, and because it's at the local leisure centre she doesn't pay the full price for tickets to see films there or go bowling with her friends. And although she doesn't pay rent to my parents, they don't make her help in the house like I have to. When I mentioned this to my parents they reminded me that we have to be kind to Bolormaa because her dad hasn't been well for a long time. I agree with that but there is a problem: I know Bolormaa tells lies to my parents. Last week, she told my dad that she was going to the library but she went to meet her boyfriend. Two days ago she asked my mum to lend her some money. She said she needed it to buy some books, but I think she spent it all on CDs.

I asked my parents if they knew what she had done, but they didn't believe me. They said I was jealous of her and refused to listen to me. I'd like to know what I should do now.

26. What is Namuun trying to do?
 A. Describe her older cousin. D. Explain why she needs some money to see a film.
 B. Explain why she has problems with school work. E. Explain a problem she has at home.
 C. Say why she doesn't like being an only child.
27. When Bolormaa arrived, how did Namuun feel?
 A. She was jealous of Bolormaa's good looks. D. She wanted Bolormaa to meet her friends.
 B. She hoped Bolormaa could help with her homework. E. She wanted to help Bolormaa.
 C. She was happy to have her stay.
28. What does the writer say about Bolormaa's job?
 A. She earns a lot of money. D. She has to buy clothes.
 B. She hasn't told Namuun's parents about it. E. She gets cheap tickets because of it.
 C. She works when she should be studying.
29. Namuun's parents asked her to remember
 A. that Bolormaa's family has problems. D. that Bolormaa's father is ill.
 B. that she isn't as old as Bolormaa. E. that she is a student.
 C. that Bolormaa has many responsibilities.
30. The word 'teenager' is nearest in meaning to
 A. adult B. adolescent C. senior citizen D. fully grown person E. child

Task 7. Short conversation

/3x2=6/

Choose the best answer to the questions below.

31. Man : I feel nervous. I've got an exam today.
Woman : I think you must try to do as well as you can.

What does the woman imply?

- A. Do your best.
B. I wonder if you could help me.
C. Not at all.
D. Oh dear! What have you done wrong?
E. Don't mention it.
32. Woman : Do you think this skirt goes well with this blouse?
Man : Yes, but I think your blue dress would be more elegant for the wedding reception.

What does the man say about the woman's choice of clothing?

- A. She has good taste in clothes.
B. Her choice is not suitable for the occasion.
C. The skirt is pretty, but not the blouse.
D. It is too elegant.
E. It is too tight.
33. Man : How would you like your two pounds of pork chops sliced?
Woman : Medium thin would be fine.

Where does this conversation probably take place?

- A. In a butcher's
B. In a bakery
C. In a delicatessen
D. In a pharmacy
E. In a jeweler's

Task 8. Long conversation

/3x2=6/

Read the conversation and choose the correct answer on the basis of what is stated or implied in the conversation.

- Woman : Alan, you've been so busy lately that we don't see you anymore.
Man : I've been trying to finish this research project so that I can present my findings at the annual conference in July.
Woman : But that's two months away. You've still got lots of time.
Man : Not really. You see, I've finished all the research, and I've just about organized all my notes, but it will take me almost two months to type them.
Woman : I can help you type up your paper in less than two weeks.

34. What does the woman offer to do for the man?

- A. Help him with his research.
B. Present his findings at the July conference.
C. Type his paper.
D. Type his letter.
E. Verify his findings.

35. Why does the man need to finish the paper?

- A. He's about to leave for a new job.
B. His employer has requested it.
C. It's very important for his wife.
D. He wants to present it at a conference.
E. He wants to get a degree.

36. According to the conversation, what month is it now?

- A. June. B. September C. February D. July E. May

Task 9. Multiple choice cloze

/1x8=8/

Read the text below and then choose the answer A, B, C, D or E which best fits each space.

Travelling advice

These days more people travel abroad than ever before and many of us now have the chance to visit all sorts of exotic destinations. Of course, most people have a fantastic time and no major problems. (37)....., being in a strange place, a long way from home can be bad (38) our health. There are some things that everyone should know about, so that wherever they are going, they will have a holiday that is memorable for all the right reasons.

If your destination is (39) the beaten track, you should talk to your doctor before you set (40) You may need some vaccinations or to take certain medications with you on your trip. The most common disease that travelers suffer from though, is food poisoning. In high risk areas, only drink water that (41) been boiled or sterilized. This includes not having ice in your drinks and using safe water to brush your teeth. When it comes to food, be especially careful with meat and seafood, avoid salads, and never eat any food that is undercooked or served lukewarm, rather than (42) hot.

Accidents can happen anywhere, but people on holiday can be at higher risk, so don't leave your common (43) at home. In cars always wear a seat belt, and on motorbikes never forget your helmet. If you are by the sea or the pool with young children, you need to take extra care. An adult, who is a strong swimmer, should be watching the kids (44) all times. Another holiday danger is the sun. Build up your exposure slowly and stay indoors in the middle of the day, when the sun is at its strongest. When you are outside, wear a hat and always use sunscreen with the right protection factor for your skin.

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|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 37. | A. However | B. Because | C. Whereas | D. Despite | E. But |
| 38. | A. by | B. to | C. for | D. of | E. in |
| 39. | A. away | B. off | C. along | D. up | E. down |
| 40. | A. off | B. up | C. to | D. down | E. of |
| 41. | A. have | B. has | C. had | D. having | E. to have |
| 42. | A. frying | B. baking | C. piping | D. smoking | E. cooking |
| 43. | A. mind | B. reason | C. brain | D. sense | E. factor |
| 44. | A. through | B. during | C. for | D. while | E. at |

Part II

2.1. Match each reaction with its situation.

/7x2=14/

Reaction

- Expressing sympathy
- Refusing an invitation
- Showing hesitation
- Describing a symptom
- Shopping complaints
- Asking for permission
- Giving advice

Situation

- I'd rather not. I'm not keen on going to the party.
- How terrible to hear that!
- You should give up smoking.
- Would it be OK if I turn off the TV?
- We found the mirror cracked.
- I've got a burning feeling in my chest.
- Mmmm ... but I am not sure about it.

2.2. Read the small paragraph and choose the best word for each space.

/4x2=8/

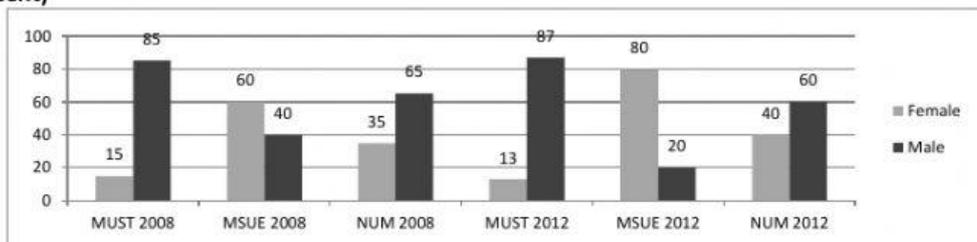
When a disaster (a) an earthquake or a flood strikes, time is often a critical factor in providing needed shelter for people who are suddenly homeless and exposed (b) the elements. Ideally, the erection of a shelter should take a short time. The emergency use of tents has been a conventional answer to these situations (c), in many cases, those left homeless are in need of shelter for an extensive period of time. The temporary and insufficient nature of tent housing does not meet (d) longer term requirements.

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|----|------------|----------------|------------|--------------|
| a. | 1. such as | 2. for example | 3. so on | 4. et cetera |
| b. | 1. from | 2. to | 3. on | 4. over |
| c. | 1. But | 2. Whereas | 3. Despite | 4. However |
| d. | 1. that | 2. it | 3. these | 4. this |

2.3. Analyze the graph and choose the appropriate answer.

/3x2=6/

The following graph shows the percentage of male and female students' numbers at the Mongolian University of Science and Technology (MUST), Mongolian State University of Education (MSUE), and the National University of Mongolia (NUM) from 2008 to 2012. (Figures shown in percent)



- The percentage of male students at NUM from 2008 to 2012.
 - dropped to 8%
 - increased by 5%
 - fell by 5%
 - fluctuated between 60% and 80%
- The percentage of female students at the MSUE from 2008 to 2012.
 - fell by 80%
 - rose by 20%
 - increased 2 times
 - went up to 60%
- The percentage difference between the MUST and the NUM female students in 2012 was
 - 13%
 - 27%
 - 13% - 27%
 - 53%