 When we switch on a lig 	ht, we are relying on the power of	f (heat /				
light / electricity).						
6 Electricity was put into p	ractice in the	(17th / 18th / 19th) century. (Bell / Bar / Marconi) invented the telephone.				
Alexander Graham	(Bell / Ba					
The Turing machine was	an early	(telephone / television / computer)				
2 Classify the following ma	terials and objects.					
A ruler	Porcelain					
	Porcelain A tree					
A fork						
A ruler A fork Copper	A tree					

Name:

Class:

NATURAL SCIENCE LEARN TOGETHER PRIMARY 5 UNIT 6

3	Answer	the	questions about	Thomas	Edison.	Circle	the	correct	answer.
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- 1. Where was he born?
 - in the USA
- o in the UK
- 2. What field did he study in?
 - nuclear physics
- electrical engineering
- 3. Which of these did he invent?
 - the light bulb
- the telephone
- 4. When did he die?
 - o in 1991
- O in 1931
- 4 Label the parts of the atom.

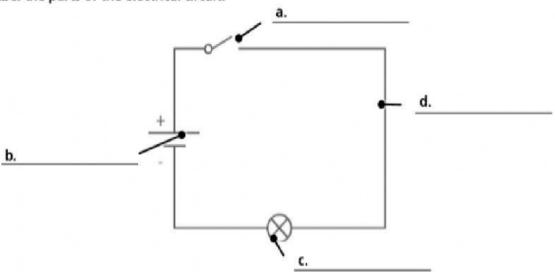


Match the words to the definitions.

- a. atoms
- b. protons
- c. electrons
- d. neutrons

- 1. have a positive charge
- 2. are made up of protons and neutrons inside a nucleus
- have a negative charge
- 4. have no charge

6 Label the parts of the electrical circuit.



- **?** Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - In 1800 / 1700, Alessandro Volta invented the battery I light bulb.
 - In 1879 / 1859, Thomas Edison invented the incandescent light bulb / telephone.
 - The theory of electromagnetic insulation / induction was developed by Michael / John Faraday.
 - The wireless telegraph / refrigerator was invented in 1886 / 1894.

Class:

8) Order the events:			
ELECTRICAL BATTERY	AIR CONDITIONING	TELEPHONE	
AUTOMATIC DISHWASH	HER INCANDESCENT L	IGHT BULB	
MOBILE PHONE	WIRELESS TELEGRAPH		
MODERN COMPUTER	ELECTROMAGNETIC IND	UCTION	
REFRIGERATOR	MECHANICAL TELEVISIO	N	
HOME SECURITY SYST	ЕМ		
1		7	
2		8	
3		9	
4		10	
5		11	
		<u> </u>	

Name:

Class:

9) Static or current electricity?







