

8 Complete the questions with *did*, *was* or *were*. Then, answer the questions.

- 1 What subjects _____ you study at high school? _____
- 2 What _____ your favourite subject? _____
- 3 _____ there a lot of homework? _____
- 4 What subjects _____ you good and bad at? _____
- 5 When _____ you start and leave secondary school? _____
- 6 _____ you get good exam results at school? _____

GRAMMAR: Past simple: questions

1 Choose the correct options to complete the questions.

- 1 What subjects *was* / *did* / *were* he study at university?
- 2 *What* / *Who* / *Why* was your favourite subject?
- 3 *What* / *When* / *Why* did you do after school?
- 4 *When* / *What* / *Who* was your best friend?
- 5 *Did* / *Was* / *Were* she have a lot of friends at kindergarten?
- 6 *Who* / *How* / *Where* did you eat lunch every day?
- 7 *Were* / *Was* / *Did* there a library in your primary school?
- 8 *How* / *What* / *Where* did you do sport?
- 9 *Who* / *Where* / *How* was his first teacher at secondary school?
- 10 *Was* / *Did* / *Were* your teachers good?

2 Complete the conversation with past simple questions.

Utiliza palabras interrogativas: what, where, when, etc. en las preguntas.

- Sara 1 _____ were you yesterday? I phoned you three times.
- Martin I was with Peter.
- Sara Really? 2 _____ did you do all day?
- Martin First we went to the park and later we played tennis.
- Sara And 3 _____ did you go after that?
- Martin In the evening we went to the cinema.
- Sara Ah, you went to the cinema?
- Martin Yes, I 4 _____.
- Sara 5 _____ did you go with? Your friend Lisa?
- Martin No, I 6 _____. I told you, I went with Peter! What 7 _____ you do all day?
- Sara Well, I tried to phone you. Then I phoned Peter.
- Martin Ah! 8 _____ he there?
- Sara Yes, he 9 _____. He was at home. So, was he with you?
- Martin Ah, no. He 10 _____.

VOCABULARY: School subjects and education

3 Complete the text with the words in the box.

primary nursery homework university
exams secondary school

In Scotland, children usually start 1 _____ school when they are three years old. They spend two years there and then they go to 2 _____ school when they are four or five. Here they learn to read and write. They don't take 3 _____ – they play a lot and learn by doing things. They start 4 _____ when they are twelve. They work quite hard and have to do more 5 _____ after school. If they do well, when they leave school, students can go to 6 _____ when they are about eighteen.

Utiliza las materias escolares dadas en la clase pasada de la pág 151.

4 Complete the sentences.

- 1 I love learning about other countries so my favourite subject is G _____.
- 2 Ben hates M _____ because he isn't good with numbers.
- 3 Suki didn't study very hard so she f _____ her exam.
- 4 Which books are you studying in your L _____ class?
- 5 My little brother is only five so he goes to i _____ school.
- 6 Victor decided to study M _____ L _____. He wants to speak French and Russian.
- 7 We love sport so we always enjoy the P _____ E _____ class.
- 8 When I leave school I want to go to u _____.