

Name _____

Date _____

Egzamin z języka angielskiego

Technik BHP

1. Match the collocation. Dopasuj odpowiednie słowa

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. defibrillator | a) buty ochronne |
| 2. earplugs | b) defibrylator |
| 3. face shield | c) osłona na twarz |
| 4. first-aid kit | d) ostrzeżenie |
| 5. hairnet | e) zagrożenie porażeniem prądem |
| 6. hard hat | f) niebezpieczny |
| 7. safety boots | g) zatyczki do uszu |
| 8. safety earmuffs | h) nauszniki ochronne |
| 9. safety glasses | i) siatka na włosy |
| 10. safety vest | j) zagrożenie biologiczne |
| 11. warning | k) apteczka pierwszej pomocy |
| 12. hazardous | l) kask ochronny |
| 13. electrical hazard | m) okulary ochronne |
| 14. biohazard | n) kamizelka ochronna |

2.Translate to Polish. Przetłumacz na Polski język

1. Just think before you start work – know the **hazards**
2. Make sure you know how to **operate** the machine you must use at work
3. **Report** any damage to the **tools** you normally use to your **supervisor**
4. Wear **protective clothing** if it's necessary in your workplace
5. It's important to keep the **workshop** clean and tidy
6. Don't **undertake** work for which you aren't trained.
7. Check where the **fire extinguishers** can be found **in the event of fire**

3.Co wiesz na temat pracownika BHP i jakie zadania wykonuje?What do you know about the health and safety worker and what tasks does he/ she perform?

SAFETY AT WORK



What can you see?

Cross out the false sentences (first use a pencil)



1. The man on the right is wearing a safety hat.
2. There is a man on a ladder.
3. Four objects are falling off.
4. The man with glasses looks happy.
5. They are holding a construction plan.
6. They are in front of a brick wall.
7. There are three pencils in his shirt's pocket.
8. The weather is rainy.

1. The man is checking the checklist.
2. He is wearing a checked shirt.
3. He hasn't got a belt.
4. He is in front of a window.
5. The checklist is pinned with nails.
6. He looks very angry.
7. He is standing on the right of the poster.
8. We can see the shadow of three other men.



1. They are building a swimming-pool.
2. There is a playground on the right.
3. In the foreground they are filling up a hole.
4. We can see a concrete mixer.
5. There is a double excavator on the right.
6. There is no scaffolding in front of the building.
7. There is a power generator between the building and a hole.
8. We can see four men working.

ISLCollective.com

SAFETY EQUIPMENT

1. Look at the pictures and match the safety equipment with its definition.
2. Make a sentence.

SAFETY EQUIPMENT	DEFINITION
1. A protective mask 	___ handles heavy materials and protects the back
2. Safety shoes 	___ avoids the worker falling
3. Ear protectors 	___ protects the body against welding work
4. A protective apron 	___ protect ears against noise
5. A safety harness 	___ protects from inhaling harmful air particles as dusts, vapours, fumes and gases
6. Safety gloves 	___ provide protection to the eyes
7. A safety helmet 	___ protects the head from accidental injury
8. Knee pads 	___ handles heavy materials such as breeze-blocks, beams and avoids injuries
9. A dorsal belt 	___ protect the feet from accidental injury
10. Safety goggles 	___ protect knees on the ground while working

Employers' responsibility at workplace

Because occupational hazards arise at the workplace, it is the responsibility of employers to ensure that the **working environment** is safe and healthy. This means that they must **prevent**, and **protect** workers from, occupational risks.

But **employers'** responsibility goes further, involving knowledge of **occupational hazards** and a commitment to ensure that management processes promote safety and health at work. For example, an awareness of safety and health implications should guide decisions on the choice of technology and on how work is organized.

Training is one of the most important tasks to **be carried out** by employers. Workers need to know not only how to do their jobs, but also how to protect their lives and health and those of their co-workers while working.

Key principles in occupational safety and health workers are adequately trained for the work that they are expected to **undertake**. Such training should include information on the safety and health aspects of the work, and on ways to prevent or minimize exposure to hazards. On a larger scale, employers' organizations should instigate training and information programmes on the prevention and control of hazards, and protection against risks.

Where necessary, employers must be in a position to deal with **accidents** and **emergencies**, including providing first-aid facilities. Adequate arrangements should also be made for **compensation** of work-related injuries and diseases, as well as for rehabilitation and to facilitate a prompt return to work. In short, the objective of preventive programmes should be to provide a safe and healthy environment that protects and promotes workers' health and their working capacity.

Translate the following words.

nagle wypadki-
być wykonane-
przejąć-
wypadki-
pracodawca-

ryzyko zawodowe-
zapobiegać-
chronić-
środowisko pracy-
odszkodowanie-

