Środki językowe matura podstawowa

LEKCJA 29

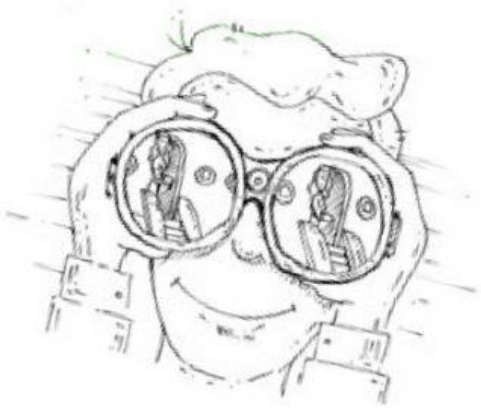
Ćwiczenie 1.

Wypełnij luki odpowiednimi słowami.

WATCHING PLANES

My cousin William is afraid of flying, but he loves watching planes. He often visits the airport and spends hours watching different planes **1** ..... and land. He is especially fascinated by huge planes – so-called jumbo jets. He admires their wing **2** ....., powerful engines and beautiful shape. I'm not interested in planes so much, but I am interested in pretty flight attendants. I have always wanted my wife to be a flight attendant, and as I am afraid of **3** ..... too, I decided to use my cousin's passion and find the prettiest wife in the world. When passengers board a plane one or two attendants usually greet them at the entrance. When passengers leave a plane, the flight attendants also usually say goodbye to them. First, I wanted to ask my cousin to take photos of these women and tell me what time their planes usually arrived or departed. However my cousin said there was a sign informing people that taking photos at the airport was **4** ....., so I modified my plan. I bought him binoculars and a notebook and asked him just to describe each flight attendant, to write **5** ..... the colour of their hair, eyes and some other details. Well, we couldn't have predicted that using binoculars and taking some notes at the same time might also seem **6** ..... Airport security watched him for a few days, and finally William was arrested. The security officers were surprised when they read his notes, but in the beginning they thought it was a kind of a secret code. Our whole family and friends had to be witnesses, and we had to swear that it wasn't a code, and he wasn't a spy, and that I simply wanted to find the prettiest flight attendant in the whole world and marry **7** ..... Well, after two days William was free. It all happened a year ago, and now William keeps watching planes, but he hasn't talked to me ever **8** ....., and I'm still single...

1.	a. take off	b. start	c. handle
2.	a. cloth	b. knob	c. span
3.	a. to fly	b. fly	c. flying
4.	a. forgiven	b. forbidden	c. forgotten
5.	a. down	b. up	c. in
6.	a. hilarious	b. suspicious	c. obvious
7.	a. to her	b. with her	c. her
8.	a. since	b. for	c. also



LIVEWORKSHEETS

Ćwiczenie 2.

Uzupełnij minidialogi. Z podanych odpowiedzi A, B lub C wybierz właściwą wypowiedź jednej z osób.

Dialog 1.

X: .....
Y: Say 'hello' to her from me.

A. I'm going to visit Jane this afternoon.
B. I met Jane at the airport today.
C. Hello, are you there?

Dialog 2.

X: Shall we meet in a week?
Y: .....

A. I don't.
B. I won't.
C. I can't.

Dialog 3.

X: Are you still looking for a new car?
Y: .....

A. No, I'm still on my way.
B. Yes, I've done it.
C. Not anymore.

Dialog 4.

X: I can't stand this noise anymore.
Y: .....

A. So close the window.
B. So sit down, you don't have to stand.
C. So stand up for just a moment.

Ćwiczenie 3.

Wybierz odpowiedź, która najlepiej oddaje polski fragment zdania zarówno pod względem gramatycznym, jak i znaczeniowym.

1.	You must (powstrzymać się od) smoking here.		
	a. refrain from	b. regain from	c. remake from
2.	I'm going to take this job (bez względu na) your opinion.		
	a. reflective of	b. regardless of	c. regardless as
3.	I'd like to (uzyskać trochę informacji) about direct flights to Paris.		
	a. obtain some informations	b. obtain some informative	c. obtain some information
4.	(Pokazano nam) three pictures painted by Picasso.		
	a. We were shown	b. We were show	c. We were looked
5.	(Trzeba) help the poor.		
	a. Myself must	b. There must	c. One must

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Ćwiczenie 4.

Wybierz słowo pasujące znaczeniowo do obu zdań.

1. You might as ..... tell me how it really happened, I don't believe in your story.
   We had to dig a very deep ..... as our house was built on sandy soil.

   a. far b. well c. right

2. Grandparents usually ..... their grandchildren.
   Bad weather is not going to ..... our plans.

   a. spoil b. pamper c. bring up

3. The fortune teller read my ..... and said I would live a long and happy life.
   While we were sitting under a ..... tree, a big coconut fell right next to us.

   a. hand b. palm c. future

4. She decided to ..... up on her French and move to Paris.
   Could you give me that small paint .....? I can't paint this spot with the big one.

   a. brush b. polish c. improve

5. My grandfather doesn't need a walking ..... – he is still quite fit.
   "We must ..... to our principles" – our boss said at the last meeting.

   a. pole b. adjust c. stick

6. Alcohol ..... among drivers is still a big problem in our country.
   ..... of power is a very common phenomenon among politicians.

   a. amazement b. astonishment c. abuse

7. I don't understand why you insist on buying beer on .....; bottled beer is tasty, too.
   Please close that window! I can feel a strong ..... in the hall.

   a. pints b. counter c. draught

8. If you don't know how to ..... with this device, read the manual.
   His unexpected arrival caused a great ..... of trouble.

   a. deal b. handle c. manage

9. Mum, look over there! That grey ..... is holding a ball on its nose!
   Put your letter into the envelope, and then ..... it and put a stamp on it.

   a. elephant b. seal c. wolf

10. All the soldiers had to stand to ..... when the general arrived.
    Pay ..... to street signs! This is a one-way street!

    a. order b. notice c. attention

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Ćwiczenie 5.

Wybierz słowo lub zwrot, który **jest najbliższy znaczeniowo wytłuszczonemu** fragmentowi zdania.

1.	I **gave up** smoking ten years ago.		
	a. chose	b. quit	c. started
2.	They have **pointed out** that it's going to be a failure.		
	a. indicated	b. rewarded	c. thought it pointless
3.	He must have **made this story up**.		
	a. told us an interesting story	b. told us a story which wasn't true	c. told us a complicated story
4.	I can't **make out** what my aunt meant in her letter.		
	a. understand	b. make me read	c. bear
5.	**What do you think of** the new boss?		
	a. What's your view on	b. Are you thinking about	c. Have you thought about
6.	**You should** see a doctor. That might be something serious.		
	a. You had better	b. You would better	c. You had to
7.	We **have run out of petrol**.		
	a. don't need more petrol	b. have no petrol left	c. don't know where to find petrol

LIVEWORKSHEETS