

Module 4 – Practice

Communication

Match the sentences 1-6 with an answer or reaction to them.

1. Where is Mary?
 - a. You'll have to be at the office at 8 o'clock.
 - b. You'll have to take a taxi.
 - c. She won't be able to come as she hasn't finished cooking dinner yet.
 - d. She'll probably go to an island or to the mountains.
 - e. We'll have to order something.
 - f. I hope my mum won't be angry.
2. What time is the meeting?
 - a. You'll have to be at the office at 8 o'clock.
 - b. You'll have to take a taxi.
 - c. She won't be able to come as she hasn't finished cooking dinner yet.
 - d. She'll probably go to an island or to the mountains.
 - e. We'll have to order something.
 - f. I hope my mum won't be angry.
3. I can't cook dinner, I'm too tired.
 - a. You'll have to be at the office at 8 o'clock.
 - b. You'll have to take a taxi.
 - c. She won't be able to come as she hasn't finished cooking dinner yet.
 - d. She'll probably go to an island or to the mountains.
 - e. We'll have to order something.
 - f. I hope my mum won't be angry.
4. I broke the window of the living room.
 - a. You'll have to be at the office at 8 o'clock.
 - b. You'll have to take a taxi.
 - c. She won't be able to come as she hasn't finished cooking dinner yet.
 - d. She'll probably go to an island or to the mountains.
 - e. We'll have to order something.
 - f. I hope my mum won't be angry.
5. Oh no, the university is very far and I'm late.
 - a. You'll have to be at the office at 8 o'clock.
 - b. You'll have to take a taxi.
 - c. She won't be able to come as she hasn't finished cooking dinner yet.
 - d. She'll probably go to an island or to the mountains.
 - e. We'll have to order something.
 - f. I hope my mum won't be angry.
6. What will Sophie do during her summer holiday?
 - a. You'll have to be at the office at 8 o'clock.
 - b. You'll have to take a taxi.
 - c. She won't be able to come as she hasn't finished cooking dinner yet.
 - d. She'll probably go to an island or to the mountains.
 - e. We'll have to order something.
 - f. I hope my mum won't be angry.

1

2

3

4

5

6

Grammar

Complete the sentences with the *Present Simple* or the *Future will* of the verbs in brackets.

1. They _____ (destroy) the document after they _____ (read) it.

2. Tim _____ (have to) save some money before he _____ (go) on a hike in the mountains.

3. As soon as Daniel _____ (finish) his project, he _____ (take) a week off to relax.

4. I need some fresh air! I think I _____ (go) for a walk in the park in the lunch break.

5. _____ you _____ (let know / me) when your plane _____ (arrive)?

Too or enough?

Choose the correct answer

1. You're too young / young enough to watch TV after midnight.
2. I've got enough / too much flour to make the cake.
3. Chinese food is enough / too spicy for me.
4. There isn't enough water / water enough to wash the car.
5. The new teacher speaks four languages very / enough well.
6. It is too warm / isn't warm enough to go swimming.
7. This soup is too hot / hot enough. I can't eat it.
8. Molly can't do this exercise alone. It's too difficult / difficult enough for her.
9. Carl has got enough / too much money to buy a new football shoe.
10. The Jones aren't rich enough / too rich. They can't buy a new house now.

Complete the sentences with *too* or *enough* and the word in brackets.

1. Let's hire a motorbike! I'm _____ (old) to hire one.
2. Let's go shopping! I have _____ (money) to buy some new clothes.
3. We haven't got _____ (paint) to finish the decoration of the tree house. We need buy one more box.
4. We won't be able to go hang-gliding today. It's _____ (windy).
5. - Let's go for a run!
- I'm sorry, I can't today. I'm _____ (tired) to exercise.

Relative pronouns (who, which, that) and adverbs (where)

Remember that we use:

- 'who' to refer to people
- 'which' to refer to animals, things, abstract nouns
- 'that' to refer to people, animals, things, abstract nouns → it can replace 'who' and 'which'
- 'where' to refer to places

Choose the correct answer

1. The girl which/who is talking to Tom is my sister.
2. Sasha is the singer who/which won the first prize in the singing competition.
3. This is your office and that is your computer who/which you can use while you are working here at our company.
4. Mum, have you seen the dress who/which I bought yesterday? I can't find it anywhere!
5. A: Look, there is my cousin, Josh!

B: Wait, is he the guy who / which is wearing a black hoodie with my favourite band on it?

6. Sophie has just finished writing a book who/which is about the history of the 20th century.

Match the two halves of the sentences, then join them by using an appropriate relative pronoun or adverb. If they can be omitted, put them in brackets.

1. Niagara falls is a great waterfall....
2. Picasso was a painter....
3. Football is a sport....
4. A national park is an area of land....
5. The Empire State Building is a famous landmark....
6. Alexander Graham Bell is the person....

- a.stands out in New York City.
- b. invented the telephone.
- c.painted interesting pictures.
- d. many people play around the world.
- e. people can go and enjoy nature.
- f. is in North America.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.