



### 1. Listening.

Listen to Sarah talking about her experience while travelling in Ecuador, and put the events in the order they happened.

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_

*She realised it was just a branch.*

*It was moving closer to her.*

*Her kayak hit a rock and she fell out.*

*She decided to go on a kayaking trip.*

*She saw a crocodile in the water.*

### 2. Grammar.

Put the verbs into the **CORRECT** form of Present Perfect. Mind the sense. You to change.

1. They \_\_\_\_\_ Ramenskoye. (**leave/already**)
2. He \_\_\_\_\_ so many English papers. (**bring/never**)
3. She \_\_\_\_\_ me about it. (**tell/just**)
4. I \_\_\_\_\_ a letter from my father this week yet. (**get**)
5. She \_\_\_\_\_; she will speak to you in a minute. (**come/just**)
6. \_\_\_\_\_ to the Marshmallow factory in Kolomna? (**be/ever/you**)
7. I think the guests \_\_\_\_\_. (**leave/yet**)
8. They \_\_\_\_\_ their house bright blue. (**paint**)
9. We \_\_\_\_\_ her since she arrived here. (**know**)
10. I'm sorry, I \_\_\_\_\_. (**forget**)

### 3. Choose the correct prefix to make negative forms of the adjectives.

1. He was short and overweight and generally fairly \_\_\_\_\_ attractive.
2. He's a good teacher, but tends to be a bit \_\_\_\_\_ patient with slow learners.
3. It is an \_\_\_\_\_ logical statement, because if one part is true, then the other must be false.
4. It is \_\_\_\_\_ polite to point at people.
5. My friend is very \_\_\_\_\_ responsible, he never does anything in time.
6. I think, this an \_\_\_\_\_ known manuscript by an ancient author.
7. He's an \_\_\_\_\_ forgiving person. He never forgives people.
8. Sophie is an \_\_\_\_\_ resistable girl.

### 4. Choose the correct option.

1. I know the city very well. I have \_\_\_\_\_ here many times.
2. Nadia left Mark two weeks ago. She has \_\_\_\_\_ away with another boy.
3. Where is my bike? It \_\_\_\_\_ away.
4. They \_\_\_\_\_ Rome. They will return next week.

5. – Is Miss Borniakova in? – No, She \_\_\_\_\_ the park.  
6. – What's wrong with George? – He \_\_\_\_\_ the bathroom for ages.  
7. Andrew \_\_\_\_\_ Belarus to study and he \_\_\_\_\_ Minsk ever since.  
8. I \_\_\_\_\_ this new Mexican restaurant twice. Their food is delicious!  
9. Our cat \_\_\_\_\_ the garden. Now I can have a really good sleep.  
10. I am sorry, I am a new-comer here. The shopping centre is the only place I \_\_\_\_\_ so far.

5. Read and mark the statements as True (1). False (2). Not Stated (3).

**ABOUT ME**

# Matt of the Antarctic

## My year in Antarctica

**Week 1 – My Antarctic adventure begins!**

Hi, everyone!

Well, here I am at the scientific research station in Antarctica, the coldest, windiest, and driest continent in the world! It's summer right now, so the weather is quite 'mild' – it's 0°C today! There are still a lot of gales, though, and of course, the sun never sets in the summer, which is really weird! Despite the freezing cold, the scenery and wildlife here are incredible. There are seals everywhere and yesterday I saw a humpback whale.

Everyone is warning me about the winter here! The temperature will drop to about -40°C and the sun won't rise at all. There will only be 20 of us and we won't have any visitors for 7 months. It'll be difficult, but at least I'm going to be very busy. As a marine biologist, I'm going to study the way marine wildlife adapts to extreme temperatures. I'm also going to do a survey of the threatened Emperor Penguin. I can't wait to start!

Tomorrow, all the newcomers are going on a survival course for a week with ski-dos and sledges. We're going to camp in the snow and learn things like what to do if we fall down a crevasse\*. I hope there won't be a blizzard like the one we had on my first day here.

Well, bye for now! I'll tell you all about the course when I'm back at the research station next week.

Matt

\* Crevasses are deep cracks in the ice, sometimes covered by snow!

1. Antarctica is the biggest continent in the South of the Earth.
2. Summers in Antarctica are warm.
3. You can see the sun at night in the summer months in Antarctica.
4. There is no wildlife there.
5. There's no sun during the winter.
6. Matt is on a business trip to Antarctica.
7. Matt is a professor of Biology.
8. It's Matt's first time in Antarctica.
9. The survival course lasts a week.
10. Matt is going to stay there for a month.

6. Read the text. Five sentences are missing. Match the Sentences (1-7) to the gaps (1-5). There is one extra sentence.

## Wild Places (Dallol Ethiopia)

You've probably heard of hot places like California and New Delhi but have you ever heard of Dallol in Ethiopia? Dallol is actually one of the hottest places in the world! Here the average yearly temperature is 34 degrees and the thermometer can reach up to 63°C in the burning sun. It's no wonder nobody lives there!

Dallol is located in a desert area called the Danakil Depression. Although it is in the middle of the desert, Dallol is not full of sand as one might imagine. In fact, it is incredibly beautiful! There are many red and green acid lakes, beautiful multicoloured hot springs, yellow sulphur fields, and numerous white salt beds. How is this possible? **A**\_\_\_\_\_. The sulphur, salt and other natural deposits found here give the place its magnificent colour.

Due to its location, Dallol is also hard to reach. **B**\_\_\_\_\_. There are only rough roads leading there. They do this in order to collect table salt. They cut out blocks of salt from the ground and load the salt onto camels. **C**\_\_\_\_\_.

In spite of the unbearable temperatures, Dallol was once inhabited. Up until the 1970s workers lived there in order to extract a mineral called potash from the ground. They built shelters out of blocks of salt, worked hard and dealt with the intense heat daily. However, the living conditions for the workers were extremely harsh. **D**\_\_\_\_\_. In the end, all of them left and the only things that were left behind were abandoned cars and dwellings.

Today, an increasing number of tourists visit this hot and colourful land. **E**\_\_\_\_\_. They take groups there to observe the hot springs as well as the active Erta Ale volcano, which shoots out hot lava into the air. Despite advising their travel groups about the weather conditions, many tourists are shocked by the heat and the volcanic tremors felt along the way. Even so, most will agree that a journey to Dallol is an absolute adventure!

1. Tour operators organise excursions to the area with off-road vehicles and camels.
2. It is then transported to the markets of Ethiopia for sale.
3. Many of them couldn't handle the job.
4. Since Dallol is uninhabited, fixing and maintaining the roads seems unnecessary.
5. The locals in the surrounding region, the Afar people, travel there by camel.
6. Dallol lies in a mineral-rich volcanic crater.

A	B	C	D	E

**Click FINISH below**

