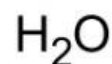
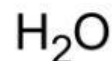
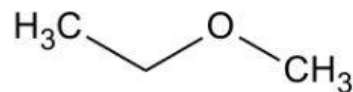
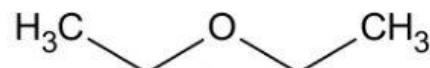
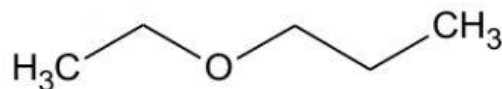
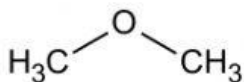
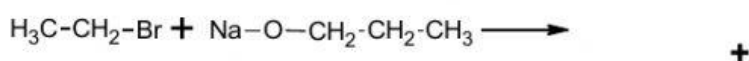
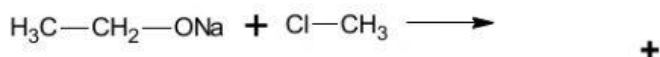
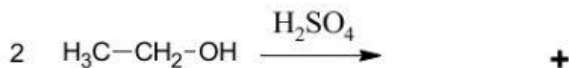
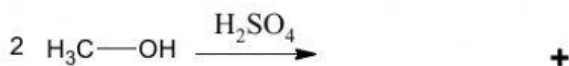


PL Etery a karbonylové sloučeniny

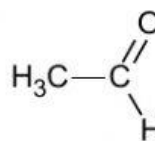
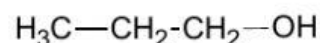
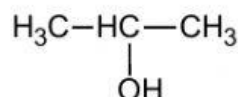
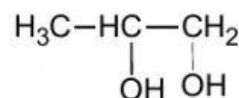
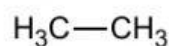
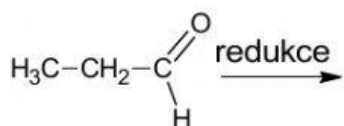
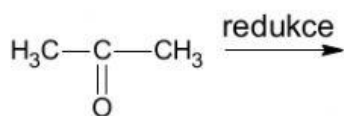
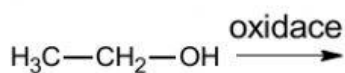
1. Dopln reakce, pojmenuj všechny sloučeniny: (5+5+6+6)



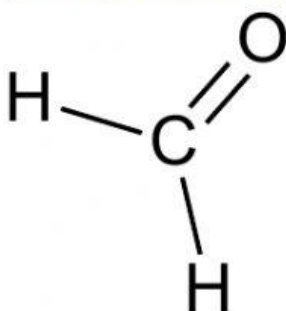
2. Co je to za látku? (4)

- bezbarvý jedovatý páchnoucí plyn, dobře rozpustný ve vodě, využívá se ke konzervaci biologických preparátů
- kapalná látka, která dává charakteristickou vůni mandlím
- bezbarvá hořlavá těkavá kapalina užívaná jako ředidlo
- bezbarvá páchnoucí kapalina, která může polymerovat na metaldehyd nebo paraldehyd

3. Dopln vzorce a názvy produktů: (9) Zbylé molekuly hod' do koše.



4. Vyznač rozložení částečného náboje. (3)



5. U aldehydů a ketonů (viz předchozí úkol) (2)

ke tvorbě
vodíkových můstků mezi molekulami, protože...