

LOS PARTICIPIOS PASADOS - Past Participles Nombre _____ # _____

adjective -ed predicate adjective haber (had) verb

A _____ (participio pasado) is a useful form of a verb which can be used as an _____, _____ OR a _____ used with _____ to form past perfect tenses. This is the equivalent to adding _____ to many verbs in English.

How to form the **REGULAR** past participles:

1. Drop **-ar**, **-er** OR **-ir** from the infinitive to form the **STEM**
2. Add **-ADO** to the stem of **-AR** verbs OR
3. Add **-IDO** to the stem of **-ER** and **-IR** verbs

VERB TYPE	INFINITIVE	STEM	PAST PARTICIPLE
-AR verbs	montar -to ride		
-ER verbs	tener - to have		
-IR verbs	vivir - to live		

Practica - Formen el participio pasado

1. torcer	_____	4. hinchar	_____
2. infectar	_____	5. quemar	_____
3. asistir	_____	6. recibir	_____

Participios irregulares - You must memorize (these are not all of them, but the common ones)

abrir - (to open)	_____	morir (to die)	_____
cubrir-(to cover)	_____	poner (to put)	_____
decir - (to say, tell)	_____	romper (to break)	_____
escribir - (to write)	_____	satisfacer (to satisfy)	_____
freir - (to fry)	_____	ver (to see)	_____
hacer (to do, make)	_____	volver (to turn,return)	_____

visto	escrito	dicho	puesto	frito	vuelto
cubierto	hecho	roto	muerto	abierto	satisfecho

AS AN ADJECTIVE

past participles that are used as _____ must agree in _____ and _____ with the nouns they modify.

Me encantan los huevos revueltos - I love **scrambled** eggs.

Salimos por la puerta abierta - We left through the **open** door.

Practica: Escribe en español- Recuerden NOUNS first then ADJECTIVES in Spanish

Fried pizza is good. _____

His swollen arm needs ice. _____

AS A PREDICATE ADJECTIVE linking verb adjectives not agree past participles

When _____ are used with a _____ (most common in Spanish - ser, estar and parecer) they act as predicate adjectives. Because they are _____ they still must _____ in gender and number with the nouns they modify EVEN THOUGH they are **not** right next to each other in the sentence.

+Mi **novela** favorita fue **escrita** por JK Rowling. - My favorite novel was written by JK Rowling

+Las **tiendas** están **cerradas**. - The stores are closed.

+Esta **manzana** parece **podrida**. - This apple seems rotten.

Practica: Escribe en español, usando participios pasados como adjetivos. **OJO** some verbs are in present tense and some verbs are in past tense. **OJO** some are irregular!

1. His leg is broken. _____
2. The burnt chicken was on the table. _____
3. Her infected face is gross (asco). _____
4. The open door is Rm 305. _____
5. The book was closed. _____