

ESCOLA CÉSAR SIMÕES RAMALHEIRO

ALUNO(A) _____ **TURMA:** _____

ENGLISH TEST

8 ° ANO

1 - Julgue os itens abaixo (VERDADEIRO ou FALSO), depois marque a sequência CORRETA:

- () I am working very hard.
() The old ladies are singing their favorite song.
() The boys are writing letters.
() Karen is making a cake.

(A) F,V,V,F (B) V,F,F,V (C) V,V,V,V (D) V,F,V,V

2.Qual dos verbos abaixo perde a última letra para o acréscimo do **ING:**

- (A) Fix (B) prefer (C) use (D) cost

3 - De acordo com o estudo do **Presente Contínuo, analise as frases abaixo e assinale a alternativa CORRETA:**

"The girls _____ (wear) black clothes."

"Those boys _____ (look) at you."

- (A) wearing / looking.
(B) are wearing / are looking
(C) is wear / are look .
(D) is wearing /are looking

4 - Qual é a forma interrogativa da seguinte frase? **"The cat is running around the table."**

- (A) Is the cat running around the table? (B) The cat is around the table.
(C)The is cat running around the table? (D) Running the cat around the tab

5 - De acordo com o estudo do **Presente Contínuo**, marque a alternativa em que todos os verbos estejam corretos quanto ao processo de formação.

- (A) cuting, driveing, smeling (B) working, preparing, living
(C) singging, stoping, eatting (D) loveing, watching, doing

6 - Para a formação do gerúndio, no inglês, acrescentamos **ING** no final dos verbos, porém existem algumas regras e exceções. Assinale a **ÚNICA** alternativa onde exemplifica e que contenha todas as regras de gerúndio após ter feito uma análise do infinitivo e da conjugação verbal

- (A) to play = playing / to love = loving / to stop = stopping / to agree = agring
(B) to play = plaing / to love = loveing / to stop = stoping / to agree = agreeing
(C) to play = plaing / to love = loving / to stop = stopping / to agree = agreing
(D) to play = playing / to love = loving / to stop = stopping / to agree = agreeing

7- The boys _____ their Japanese lesson.

- (A) are doing (C) are do
(B) is doing (D) is do

8. She _____ at moment.

- (A) sleep (B) slept (C) sleeping (D) is sleeping

9. Please, do not disturb, the kids _____ now.

- (A) are sleeping (B) sleeping (C) is (D) are

10 - Analisando a seguinte frase: **"They're going to the theater"**. Na forma **interrogativa**, será:

- (A) Are they going to the theater? (B) Going are they to the theater?
(C) They aren't going to the theater? (D) They are going to the theater?

GOOD LUCK!