

GRAMMAR

The PRESENT SIMPLE

Verbo to be e verbos modais

To be	Can	Must	May	Will
I am	I can	I must	I may	I will
you are	you can	you must	you may	you will
he/she/it is	he/she/it can	he/she/it must	he/she/it may	he/she/it will
we are	we can	we must	we may	we may
you are	you can	you must	you may	you may
they are	they can	they must	they may	they may

The children **are** in the swimming pool. They **can** swim well.

Interrogativa: **Are** the children in the swimming pool? **Can** they swim well?

Negativa: The children **aren't** in the swimming pool. They **can't** swim well.

Outros Verbos – No Present simple os outros verbos levam **um "s"** na terceira pessoa do singular (he / she / it)

Precisam de auxiliar (to do) para formar a interrogativa e a negativa

To drive	To Do	
I drive	I do	We drive to work every day. Do we drive to work every day? We don't drive to work every day.
you drive	you do	
he/she/it/ drives	he/she/it does	Mary drives to school on Mondays. Does Mary drive to school on Mondays? Mary doesn't drive to school on Mondays.
we drive	We do	
you drive	You do	
they drive	They do	

FORMA:

Na interrogativa Do + Sujeito + Verbo principal no infinitivo (sem **to**)

Na negativa Sujeito + do + **NOT** + Verbo principal no infinitivo (sem **to**)

Usa – se com: every day/week/summer...; Advérbios de frequência (always, never, sometimes, seldom, etc); exprime rotinas

Complete the sentences and then write them:

a) in the interrogative b) in the negative

1) Classes at 8:30 (to start).

2) John in London (to live)

3) I a new hat every week (to wear).

4) Peter to the beach in summer (to go).

5) They every Saturday in the swimming pool (to swim).

6) We chess at school (to play).

7) Mary the radio every evening. (to listen to)

8) Peter and I computer games every afternoon (to play).

9) Peter to surf. (to love)

Tens dúvidas? Escreve aqui os teus comentários: