Vocabulary and Grammar Test Unit 6

Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences with the words below in the correct form.

appear spend arrest punish charge commit get pay

1 Teenagers under the age of eighteen _____ a quarter of all crimes in the UK. The main offences are muggings, theft and shoplifting.

2 17-year-old Peter Thompson _____ into trouble when he was caught taking home five of the school's tablets. The police were called and _____ him. A few weeks later, he had to _____ in court, but they didn't _____ him with any crime. He had to do 100 hours of community work and _____ a fine.

3 Is sending teenagers to prison the best way to _____ them? Research shows that after they _____ time in prison, 92% reoffend again.

2 Write the opposite forms of the adjectives below.

1 legal _____

2 mature _____

3 safe _____

4 usual _____

5 happy _____

6 perfect _____

7 literate _____

8 polite _____

3 Replace the phrases in brackets with negative adjectives.

1 Some kids in our school are very _____ **(childish).** They play with their phones during lessons and are _____ **(rude)** to the teachers.

2 Over six million adults in the UK are _____ **(not able to read and write).**

3 I have a(n) _____ **(not completely good)** knowledge of French.

4 Students in our school are _____ **(sad)** about some of the new and _____ **(not normal)** regulations that have been introduced. They especially don't like cleaning the classrooms after lessons.

Grammar

4 Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form Will or be going to.

1.- When we get home, we _____ **(have)** dinner.

2.- I know they _____ **(feel)** very happy if they win the match.

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3.- They've already decided on their next summer holiday. They _____ **(do)** a tour of Norway.

4.- She thinks that the Take That concert _____ **(be)** really exciting.

5.- "What are your plans for this evening?" I _____ **(meet)** my friends and then go to a birthday party.

6.- If you revise for the exam , I'm sure you _____ **(get)** a good result.

7.- The weather forecast is good for the next few days. It _____ **(be)** very sunny.

8.- I can't come on the march tomorrow. I _____ **(look after)** my cousins.

9.- In the future, I think humans _____ **(wipe out)** many different species.

10.-He is buying some butter and eggs because he _____ **(make)** a cake later.

11.- This homework is very easy. I know we _____ **(do)** it very quickly.

12.- In five years time, I _____ **(be)** at university.

13.- She wants to get her mum a birthday present. But she _____ **(not buy)** it today.

14.- Their suitcases are packed. They _____ **(go)** on holiday.

15.- If we go to Paris, we _____ **(take)** lots of pictures.

16.- My brother thinks it _____ **(snow)** tomorrow.

5 Read the questions below and decide which answer best fits each space. Zero and first conditionals.

1. If world is a stage, then life ... a game.

a) is **b)** will be **c)** would be

2. If you heat water to 100 C, it ...

a) boils **b)** boil **c)** will boil

3. I won't go to the party unless she ... me.

a) invites **b)** doesn't invite **c)** will invite

4. I .....grateful if you ..... what I said to yourself.

a) will be ... will keep **b)** am ... keep **c)** will be ... keep

5. Unless the weather ..... better, I .....

a) gets ... will arrive **b)** gets ... won't arrive **c)** doesn't get ... won't arrive

6. If you want to be with me, ... me that you love me.

a) tell **b)** will tell **c)** don't tell

7. If this is a good article, I ... Formula One driver!

a) will be **b)** am **c)** would be

8. I ... you any alcohol, unless you ... over 18.

a) won't sell ... are **b)** won't sell ... aren't **c)** will sell ... are

9. If it's true, we ... fired.

a) are **b)** aren't **c)** will be

10. If we have to work together, we ... cooperate.

a) will should **b)** have to **c)** should

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6. Choose the correct answers.

1 I may send my short story to a newspaper.

a I'm sure that I'll send my short story to a newspaper.

b It's possible that I'll send my short story to a newspaper.

c It's certain that I'll send my short story to a newspaper.

2 I'm sure it will get good reviews.

a It might get good reviews.

b It's not likely it will get good reviews.

c It will definitely get good reviews.

3 It's possible I'll win the short story competition.

a I'm sure I'll win the short story competition.

b Maybe I'll win the short story competition.

c I'll definitely win the short story competition.

4 I'll definitely be famous.

a It's certain I'll be famous.

b It's unlikely I'll be famous.

c It's possible I'll be famous.

Reading

Singapore's laws

If you spend time in another country, it's always a good idea to find out how to behave there and what the local laws are. It will help you to show respect towards the citizens of the country and even more importantly, it will help you to stay out of trouble! This advice is especially useful in Singapore, a small country in south-east Asia which is famous for its modern buildings, its hard-working people, its delicious and unusual food and its very, very strict laws.

Many of Singapore's citizens believe that respecting the place where you live, work and study is important. The streets of their crowded city centres are clean and tidy, and everybody behaves well in public. This is because Singapore's laws are designed to make sure that everything in Singapore is perfect! So, a lot of things that people often do in other countries are crimes in Singapore. For example, if you smoke in public, drop litter in the street, eat or drink on the metro, or walk across the road without finding an official place to cross, you'll get into serious trouble. You'll probably face a big fine. You may also have to do work in the community, for example picking up rubbish or cleaning a park. And the punishment for acts of vandalism, such as graffiti, is severe. It's possible that the police will punish you by hitting you with a stick. In most countries, it's unlikely that you'll be arrested and punished for committing a small crime, but in Singapore there is zero tolerance towards any offence.

Singapore even has laws against things that many people don't even think are crimes at all. For example, if you start chewing gum in the street or on the metro, everyone will look at you because it is a very rude thing to do. In fact, it's illegal to sell chewing gum in any of Singapore's shops, and if someone brings the product into the country in large quantities and tries to sell it, the police will arrest them. And, if you go to the bathroom in a public place, and forget to flush the toilet, you might find yourself in trouble. The fine for not flushing the toilet is 500 Singapore dollars – over 300 euros – and that's a lot of money!

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Like other countries in south-east Asia, people in Singapore are very careful about how they behave in public places. It's not illegal to hold hands or kiss in the street, but it is very impolite, and if you visit the country, this is something you should avoid doing. And, if you are left-handed, you shouldn't greet people with your left hand, or eat with it.

Despite its strict laws, however, Singapore is an exciting place to visit, and the people are very friendly and welcoming. Just remember to behave!

7 Read the text. Circle the correct answers (a–d).

1 What does the first paragraph say about Singapore?
   a There are a lot of poor people in the country.
   b It's one of the most important countries in south-east Asia.
   c Many of its buildings are very new.
   d There aren't enough jobs there.

2 In the second paragraph, what does the text say about Singapore's citizens?
   a Most of them live, work and study in the city centre.
   b Many of them think that being rude in public is a bad thing.
   c Some of them spend a lot of time in public places.
   d A lot of them think their laws are silly.

3 Which of the following crimes is the most serious according to the law in Singapore?
   a eating on public transport
   b acts of graffiti
   c dropping litter
   d smoking in the street

4 Which of the following is *not* a crime in Singapore?
   a forgetting to flush a public toilet
   b selling large amounts of chewing gum
   c kissing in the street
   d painting graffiti on walls

5 What should you do when you meet a friend in Singapore?
   a Be friendly and hold hands while you walk.
   b Kiss your friend on both cheeks.
   c Shake hands, using your right hand.
   d Use your left hand to wave.

TOTAL MARKS: __ / 55

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