UP English Center

Name: _____

Class: _____

1. Vocabulary | Money & Shopping

Complete each sentence with ONE word or phrase from the box. Use each answer ONCE.

bargain • discount • receipt • change • credit card • second-hand • damaged • exchange • reasonable • afford

1. I bought this jacket for only £5 instead of £30. What a _____!

2. Students get a 20% _____ at this bookshop, so they pay less than other customers.

3. You should always keep your _____ in case you need to return something to the shop.

4. I gave the shop assistant £20 for a £12 T-shirt and received £8 in _____.

5. My dad didn't have any cash, so he paid with his _____.

6. This laptop isn't new. I bought it _____ from someone who had used it for two years.

7. I couldn't return my headphones because I had accidentally _____ them.

8. These shoes are too small. Can I _____ them for a larger pair?

9. The price of this bag is quite _____. It isn't too expensive for its quality.

10. I'd love to buy a new gaming computer, but I can't _____ one at the moment.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

2. Grammar | Verb + Infinitive / Verb + Gerund

Complete each sentence with the correct form of the verb in brackets. Use either the to-infinitive or the -ing form.

1. My parents promised _____ (buy) me a new phone if I saved half the money myself.

2. I really enjoy _____ (look) for bargains at second-hand markets.

3. We decided _____ (return) the headphones because they didn't work.

4. My brother doesn't mind _____ (wear) second-hand clothes.

5. I'm planning _____ (save) enough money to buy a new bicycle.

6. My friend suggested _____ (visit) the shopping centre after school.

7. I can't afford _____ (spend) £100 on a pair of trainers.

8. She finished _____ (count) her pocket money before going shopping.

9. I hope _____ (get) a part-time job during the summer holidays.

10. My sister gave up _____ (buy) expensive clothes because she wanted to save money.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

3. Reading | How Teenagers Spend Their Money

B1 Preliminary for Schools — Reading Part 6

Read the text below. Think of the word which best fits each gap. Write ONE word in each gap.

Many teenagers receive pocket money (1) _____ their parents every week. Some spend it immediately, while others prefer to save it for something special. But is it better to spend money or save it? A recent survey at a secondary school found that most students enjoyed buying snacks, clothes and video games. However, some students said they were trying (2) _____ save money for more expensive things, such as phones or bicycles.

One student, Mia, explained that she used to spend all her money on clothes. Now, she thinks more carefully before buying anything. 'I always ask myself whether I really need it. If I don't, I put the money (3) _____ my savings box.' Another student, Ben, prefers buying second-hand items because they are usually cheaper (4) _____ new ones. Last month, he bought a second-hand bicycle for just £30.

Experts say that learning to manage money is an important skill. Teenagers should think about how (5) _____ money they receive and how much they spend. They should also try to save a small amount regularly, even (6) _____ they don't have a particular reason to save. Learning these habits early can help young people make better financial decisions in the future.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. Writing | Spending or Saving Money?

Read the following question and write an essay.

Some people believe teenagers should save most of their pocket money, while others think they should be free to spend it. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

Give reasons for your answer and include relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

Write at least 150 words.

LIVEWORKSHEETS