UNIT TEST

English 6 - Unit 7 - Test 3 **Time allowed: 45 minutes**

Full name: ..... **Class:** .....

Choose the word/phrase/sentence (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space or best answers the question given in each sentence. (3.5 pts)

1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

A. sl<u>o</u>pe B. r<u>o</u>cky C. sl<u>o</u>gan D. sn<u>o</u>wy

2. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

A. h<u>ea</u>vy B. p<u>ea</u>k C. sn<u>ea</u>ker D. sp<u>ea</u>ker

3. Choose the word whose main stress position is different from the others.

A. slogan B. charming C. explore D. sneaker

4. Choose the word whose main stress position is different from the others.

A. pollution B. location C. extinction D. scenery

5. Eco-friendly boat tours _____ millions of dollars to the coastal province's economy every year.

A. endanger B. contribute C. discover D. hesitate

6. Aiden: "May we pitch our camping tent beside this mountain stream tonight, Ranger?"
Park Ranger: "_____"

A. No, I haven't bought a tent yet. B. Sorry, you can't; it floods easily.

C. Yes, the stream water is very cold. D. Sure, the mountain peak is snowy.

7. The young hiker asked the guide _____ the narrow suspension bridge across the gorge was safe.

A. what B. that C. whether D. which

8. Nora asked her teacher _____ the tropical rainforest covered over five thousand hectares.

A. that if B. if does C. whether D. if did

9. "Will the park rangers restore the damaged sand dunes next month?" Henry asked.
-> Henry wanted to know whether the park rangers _____ the damaged sand dunes the following month.

A. will restore B. have restored C. are restoring D. would restore

10. The television host asked the explorer if _____ any rare plant life inside the deep cave.

A. he could see B. does he see C. did he see D. can he see

11. Choose the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word:
Before booking a holiday trip, you should **<u>consider</u>** the weather conditions in the mountains.

A. look after B. think about C. turn down D. give up

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12. Choose the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word:
Walk carefully along the waterfall trail because the wet stones are extremely **slippery**.

A. cold and icy B. soft and muddy C. dark and deep D. dry and rough

13. a. Beneath the clear water, we observed colourful clownfish swimming among bright corals.
b. Yesterday morning, our diving instructor took us to a protected coral reef off Pearl Island.
c. He reminded everyone not to touch the fragile coral branches with our diving fins.
d. That underwater tour made us realise how important it is to protect marine life.

A. c-d-a-b B. d-a-b-c C. a-b-c-d D. b-c-a-d

14. a. She asked the local guide if the annual cycling race passed through that steep valley.
b. During her trip to the Alps, Clara was amazed by the winding mountain roads.
c. Inspired by his answer, she decided to return in July to watch the cyclists compete.
d. The guide smiled and told her that hundreds of riders climbed those slopes every summer.

A. b-a-d-c B. c-b-a-d C. d-c-b-a D. a-d-b-c

Look at the sign or notice and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for each question. (0.5 pt)



15. Look at the sign. What does it mean?
A. Coral souvenirs are sold at the shop.
B. Please wear gloves when scuba diving.
C. Divers must not touch the sea coral.
D. Underwater photography is prohibited.



16. Look at the notice. What does it mean?
A. Lock food in metal boxes, not in tents.
B. Hot meals are served at 8:00 PM daily.
C. Campers can keep snacks inside tents.
D. Metal boxes must be placed in tents.

Choose the word(s) (A, B, C or D) that best fits each space in the following passage. (1 pt)

Rising above the misty valleys of Hunan Province in China, the sandstone pillars of Zhangjiajie look like floating mountain islands. Over three thousand narrow stone columns, some taller than three hundred metres, were carved by centuries of rain and frost expanding inside rock cracks. Dense pine trees cling to the vertical ***(17)*** *_____, while clear streams wind through the shady ravines below. This dramatic* ***(18)*** *_____ is home to endangered species such as the Chinese giant salamander and clouded leopard. Recently, environmental researchers asked park managers* ***(19)*** *_____ limiting daily ticket sales would*

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help reduce noise and litter along the trails. Today, electric cable cars and timed entry passes allow tourists to ***(20)*** *_____ the towering peaks while keeping the forest peaceful.*

17.	A. suitcases	B. deserts	C. slogans	D. cliffs
18.	A. hesitation	B. permission	C. landscape	D. economy
19.	A. whether	B. that	C. where	D. which
20.	A. destroy	B. explore	C. occur	D. hesitate

Four phrases/sentences have been removed from the text below. Choose the correct option (A, B, C or D) that best fits each of the numbered blanks. (1 pt)

Where the Namib Desert Meets the Ocean

Stretching along the Atlantic coast of southwestern Africa, the Namib is considered the oldest desert on Earth. It is famous for its towering apricot-coloured sand dunes that rise over three hundred metres high right beside the cold ocean waves. ***(21)*** *_____. Although rain rarely falls in this arid region, thick coastal fog rolls inland from the sea almost every morning. This cool ocean mist provides vital moisture for remarkable desert flora and fauna.* ***(22)*** *_____. Tourists often arrive before sunrise to hike up the narrow dune ridges and watch the shifting shadows across the sand. Guides always ask visitors to walk in a single line along the crest to avoid* ***(23)*** *_____. By respecting these simple trail guidelines, travellers help preserve the untouched beauty of the desert.* ***(24)*** *_____.*

Options:

A. leaving deep footprints across the smooth wind-carved slopes
B. Future generations will still be able to admire this dramatic coastal wilderness
C. Tiny desert beetles stand on top of the dunes to catch water droplets on their backs
D. Strong winds from the Atlantic constantly reshape these massive ridges of sand

21. ..... **22.** ..... **23.** ..... **24.** .....

Read the following passage and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for each question. (1 pt)

The Lagoon Dunes of Lençóis Maranhenses

Along the northeastern coast of Brazil lies Lençóis Maranhenses National Park, a breathtaking landscape that looks like a desert yet receives heavy seasonal rain. Covering over one hundred and fifty thousand hectares, the park is blanketed by sweeping white sand dunes sculpted by ocean winds. Because the rolling dunes resemble freshly washed bedsheets drying in the sun, early Portuguese explorers named the region 'the bedsheets of Maranhão.'

What makes this coastal wonder truly unique is what happens between January and June. During these wet months, torrential tropical rains pour down over the dunes. Because a layer of solid, impermeable rock lies directly beneath the sand, the rainwater cannot sink into the ground. Instead, it collects in the deep valleys between the sand dunes, forming thousands of crystal-clear freshwater lagoons in shades of turquoise and emerald green.

When the lagoons reach their fullest levels in July, they teem with small fish, turtles, and migratory waterbirds. In recent meetings, environmental planners asked local authorities

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whether four-wheel-drive tourist trucks were crushing fragile plants along the lagoon edges. Consequently, private vehicles are now banned inside the dune field, and visitors must enter with licensed guides to protect this seasonal paradise.

25. Why was the park given a name meaning 'bedsheets'?

A. White snow covers the mountain peaks every winter.

B. Its white rolling sand dunes look like clean sheets.

C. Thick white clouds block the sun throughout the year.

D. Local villagers weave cotton sheets near the coast.

26. Why does rainwater form lagoons between the dunes instead of sinking?

A. Frozen ice under the desert traps the falling rain.

B. Ocean tides push salty seawater over the high cliffs.

C. Solid rock beneath the sand stops water from draining.

D. Park rangers line the valley floors with plastic sheets.

27. The word "it" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

A. the rainwater B. the ocean wind C. the national park D. the solid rock

28. What rule was introduced to protect the lagoon edges?

A. Visitors must camp overnight on the sand ridges.

B. Swimming in the freshwater lagoons is prohibited.

C. Tourists can only visit the park during January.

D. Private vehicles are banned inside the dune field.

Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1 pt)

29. Standing on the cliff edge, we looked at the glowing canyon with deep

..... (ADMIRE)

30. Deep-sea ..... requires advanced submarines and strong underwater lights. (EXPLORE)

31. Many rare amphibians are facing ..... due to the loss of wetland habitats. (EXTINCT)

32. The terraced rice fields and misty peaks make this valley very ..... to photographers. (ATTRACT)

Look at the entry of the word in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

support *(verb)* /səˈpɔːt/
Definition: to help or encourage somebody or something by saying or showing that you

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agree

- Eco-lodges [**support sustainable development**] in mountain villages.
- Local fishermen [**strongly support**] the new marine protection zone.
- Guiding hiking tours helps him [**support a family**] of four.
- The wildlife sanctuary receives [**financial support**] from international charities.

33. Biologists and island residents ..... the ban on plastic bags near the reef.

34. Responsible travel companies work hard to ..... in remote rural areas.

Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it, or build complete sentences from the given cues. (1.5 pts)

35. *"Do these limestone caves stretch beneath the entire mountain range?" Isaac asked the geologist.*

Isaac asked the geologist .....

36. *"Are the park volunteers restoring the damaged coral reef now?" Victoria wondered.*

Victoria wondered .....

37. *"Can we reach the snow-covered peak before sunset today?" the climbers asked.*

The climbers wanted to know .....

38. *Arthur / ask / the ranger / if / the / national / park / possess / over / fifty / orchid / species.*

Arthur asked .....

39. *Zoe / wonder / whether / heavy / rain / will / make / the / rocky / slope / slippery.*

Zoe wondered .....

40. *The / tourists / want / to / know / if / they / need / a / permit / to / visit / the / island.*

The tourists wanted .....

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