1 Complete the sentences from Listening Part 4 with *too*, *too many*, *too much* or *enough*.

1 She said she didn't feel brave ..... to go along by herself.

2 I added ..... water ...

3 ... and the pastry got ..... sticky and impossible to work with.

4 There were ..... talks, and they weren't always very interesting.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

2 Complete the sentences with *too*, *too many*, *too much* or *enough*.

1 I really enjoyed the meal, although I thought there were ..... chips and not ..... fresh vegetables.

2 Few schools spend ..... time teaching students about nutrition.

3 A lot of people eat ..... quickly to enjoy their food properly.

4 The school canteen is ..... small for everyone to eat lunch at the same time.

5 I spent ..... time researching my project and not ..... time writing it.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

3 Students often make mistakes with *too*, *too many*, *too much* or *enough* and *very*. Choose the correct option in *italics*.

1 I liked the restaurant but *the food wasn't enough / there wasn't enough food.*

2 Experts say that fast food is *not very / not too much* good for you.

3 I don't have *money enough / enough money* to pay for your dinner.

4 We didn't like the bread because it wasn't *fresh enough / enough fresh.*

5 The food takes *too much long / much too long* to prepare, so customers become impatient.

6 The food was not *too much / very* tasty.

7 I'm afraid the meal was *too much / much too* expensive.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

1 You are going to read a short text about how to eat sushi. Read the text on the next page quickly. Don't worry about the gaps at the moment. Are the following sentences true or false?

1 You can use your hands to eat some kinds of sushi.
2 It is important to dip the rice into the soy sauce correctly.
3 It's a good idea to mix wasabi with soy sauce.
4 Ginger should only be eaten at the end of the meal.

LIVEWORKSHEETS



THE WEEK

Tips of the week
How to eat sushi

HOW TO EAT SUSHI



The taste and flavour of sushi is influenced not only by how it's prepared but also by how you eat it. Read the tips below to help you know what to expect and how to enjoy it!

- At most sushi restaurants, you should be able to order basic kinds of sushi such as sashimi (sliced raw fish or meat without any rice) and nigiri (a **(0)** A of pressed rice topped with a slice of fish). Use chopsticks for sashimi, but for the other **(1)** ..... of sushi, it's acceptable, and even **(2)** ....., to use your hands. Hold it between your thumb and first two fingers.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

- Dip nigiri into the soy sauce fish-side first and do this only **(3)** ..... . If you dip the rice side into the sauce, the sushi may **(4)** ..... apart. Nigiri should also be eaten fish-side down.
- As a **(5)** ..... rule, pieces of sushi should be eaten in a single bite – that's the traditional way. But don't attempt that with larger sushi rolls, such as California rolls.
- Sushi chefs tend to put wasabi (a green ball of paste) on the sushi when they're preparing it, but if you want to **(6)** ..... more, you can simply put it onto your fish using chopsticks. Never mix it with soy sauce as the **(7)** ..... flavours will overpower the sushi.
- Don't treat pickled ginger as something to put on the dish. It is **(8)** ..... to be eaten between servings.

0	**A** portion	**B** share	**C** slice	**D** part
1	**A** makes	**B** groups	**C** types	**D** sets
2	**A** expected	**B** required	**C** supposed	**D** recommended
3	**A** shortly	**B** briefly	**C** directly	**D** immediately
4	**A** become	**B** fall	**C** get	**D** go
5	**A** general	**B** broad	**C** normal	**D** familiar
6	**A** spread	**B** place	**C** add	**D** lay
7	**A** gathered	**B** joined	**C** united	**D** combined
8	**A** proposed	**B** suggested	**C** instructed	**D** meant

LIVEWORKSHEETS