ДОМАШНЯЯ РАБОТА

слова в контексте · словообразование · -ed или -ing · чтение · аудирование

1. Words in Context. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

Впиши слово из рамки в каждое предложение. Каждое слово используется один раз. Слова — из 2 последних словарей.

careless	determined	fear	give up
hopeful	invention	inventor	lazy
reliable	skiing	sociable	trust

1. The light bulb was a great _____ — it changed people's lives.
2. Thomas Edison was a famous American _____: he created more than a thousand new things.
3. My cousin is so _____! He never helps at home and spends all day on the sofa.
4. Many people have a great _____ of snakes and spiders.
5. This puzzle is difficult, but don't _____! Try one more time.
6. I can _____ my best friend — she never tells my secrets to anybody.
7. In winter we go _____ in the mountains every weekend.
8. The weather is getting better, so we are _____ that the match will take place tomorrow.
9. You made five spelling mistakes because you were _____. Check your work next time!
10. Kate trains every day because she really wants to win the competition. She is very _____.
11. My sister loves parties and makes new friends everywhere. She is very _____.
12. Our old car often breaks down. It isn't very _____.

2. Word Formation. Use the word in CAPITALS to make a new word.

Образуй от слова справа новое слово, которое подходит по смыслу, и впиши его в пропуск. Подсказка — Правило «Правило Suffix 2».

Как решать — три шага

① Посмотри на слово перед пропуском: **a / the / my / your** → нужно СУЩЕСТВИТЕЛЬНОЕ: -ness, -ment, -tion. **is / very / feel** или существительное после пропуска → ПРИЛАГАТЕЛЬНОЕ: -ful, -less, -able, -ous.

② Проверь смысл: «без» → -less, «не» → un-.

③ Проверь хвостик: y → i, e уходит перед гласной (fame → famous).

LIVEWORKSHEETS

1	Jules Verne is a very _____ French writer. People all over the world read his books.	**FAME**
2	Be _____ when you cross the road!	**CARE**
3	You can find a lot of useful _____ about animals on this website.	**INFORM**
4	A good _____ helps you to find an interesting job.	**EDUCATE**
5	It was a difficult _____, but in the end we chose the blue dress.	**DECIDE**
6	Thank you for the party! It was really _____.	**ENJOY**
7	Max missed two weeks of school because of a serious _____.	**ILL**
8	The film had a sad ending, and I felt _____ all evening.	**HAPPY**
9	I always feel _____ before a test, and my hands shake.	**NERVE**
10	Without a battery, this phone is _____. It doesn't work at all.	**USE**

3. Adjectives ending in -ed or -ing.

Правило: -ING или -ED?

-ING — какой предмет / событие / человек, ЧТО ВЫЗЫВАЕТ чувство: *The film was boring.* (Фильм был скучным.)

-ED — что ЧУВСТВУЕТ человек: *I was bored.* (Мне было скучно.)

★ **Проверка:** после I am / I feel / I was почти всегда -ED (о себе — чувство). Исключение — когда ты сам кого-то утомляешь: *I am boring* = «я зануда».

★ **Предлоги:** interested in · bored with · excited about · scared / frightened of · surprised at · disappointed with

3a. Circle the correct answer. *Обведи A или B.*

1 The film was so ..... that I fell asleep. **A** boring **B** bored	7 It was ..... to see our team lose the final. **A** disappointed **B** disappointing
2 Tom was very ..... when he saw his name on the list of winners. **A** surprising **B** surprised	8 Grandma was ..... by the clown's funny tricks. **A** amusing **B** amused
3 Climbing that mountain was really ..... . We needed a long rest. **A** tiring **B** tired	9 After a long walk in the forest we were very ..... . **A** tired **B** tiring

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4 I'm ..... in history, so I often visit museums. **A** interested **B** interesting	10 The news about the storm was quite ..... . **A** worrying **B** worried
5 The roller coaster ride was ..... ! I want to go again! **A** excited **B** exciting	11 I felt really ..... when I forgot the words of my song on stage. **A** embarrassing **B** embarrassed
6 My little sister is ..... of the dark. **A** frightened **B** frightening	12 Lying on the beach and listening to the waves is so ..... . **A** relaxed **B** relaxing

3b. Complete with the correct form of the word in brackets.

Впиши прилагательное на -ing или -ed.

1. Our trip to the zoo was really _____ . **(excite)**
2. Why are you so _____ ? Is something wrong? **(worry)**
3. The instructions were very _____ — I didn't understand anything. **(confuse)**
4. Mum was _____ because I didn't tidy my room again. **(annoy)**
5. The film about space was _____ ! I loved every minute of it. **(amaze)**
6. Kate gets _____ very quickly — she can't sit and do nothing. **(bore)**
7. That horror film was really _____ . I couldn't sleep after it. **(frighten)**
8. I'm so _____ ! I've worked in the garden all day. **(tire)**

3c. Find the mistake and correct it. Two sentences are correct — put +.

Найди ошибку и исправь ее (напиши правильное слово). Два предложения верные – на них поставь +.

1	I am very interesting in football.	.....
2	The lesson was boring, and everybody wanted to go home.	.....
3	We were exciting about our summer holiday.	.....
4	Falling over in front of the whole class was an embarrassed moment.	.....
5	She was surprised to see me at the party.	.....
6	This book is so bored that I can't finish it.	.....

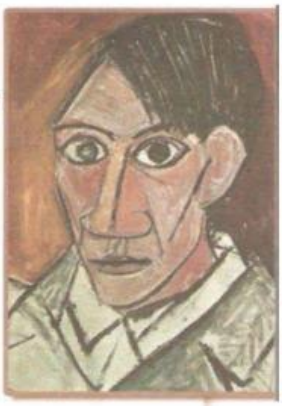
LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. Reading. Read the article and choose the correct answer.

Прочитай статью и выбери A, B или C. Для каждого ответа подчеркни в тексте предложение-доказательство (мысленно).

Reading

4 Read the article and choose the correct answer.



Pablo Picasso

painter (1881-1973)

Pablo Picasso is a very famous painter. He was born in Malaga, Spain in 1881, but he lived most of his life in Paris, France.

In 1902 he started painting the poor people he met on the streets, so his paintings were very sad and dark. This period in his work is called the 'blue period' (1901–04). In 1904 he started his 'pink period', in which he painted the world of the circus: clowns, acrobats and musicians. The paintings from that period are very happy and full of pink colours.

In 1909 he worked with another artist, Georges Braque. Together they painted 'abstract' pictures. In an abstract picture you only see lines and colours, and it is very difficult to understand what exactly you are looking at. Picasso's most famous painting is 'Guernica', which he painted during the Civil War in Spain, in 1937. It is a dark, sad and abstract picture about the war.

1 Picasso lived most of his life in Spain.
A True B False C Doesn't say

2 Picasso's 'blue period' paintings are not very happy.
A True B False C Doesn't say

3 Picasso met a lot of clowns and acrobats.
A True B False C Doesn't say

4 George Braque never painted abstract pictures.
A True B False C Doesn't say

5 The 'Guernica' is in a museum in Spain.
A True B False C Doesn't say

Как отличить три ответа

A True — в тексте сказано то же самое, только другими словами.

B False — в тексте сказано ПРОТИВОПОЛОЖНОЕ. Найди это место и подчеркни.

C Doesn't say — в тексте об этом НИЧЕГО нет. Не додумывай: «наверное, так было» — это C.

Подсказки к словам

was born — родился
lived most of his life — прожил большую часть жизни
the poor — бедные (люди)
period — период
circus · clowns · acrobats — цирк · клоуны · акробаты
abstract — абстрактный
the Civil War — гражданская война
never — никогда

LIVEWORKSHEETS

5. Listening. Listen and choose the correct answer.

Сначала прочитай вопросы и рассмотри картинки, потом слушай и поставь ✓ в квадратик. Пример (e.g.) уже сделан.

Перед прослушиванием

Назови по-английски, что на картинках: songwriting / ice-skating / painting · cinema / theatre / bookshop · straight / long curly hair · a DVD / the zoo / the cinema · an astronaut / an artist / a doctor

★ **Ловушка:** в каждом диалоге звучат ВСЕ три варианта, а правильный — только один. Слушай до конца!

Listening

I Listen and choose the correct answer.

e.g. What does Alice look like today?

a ☐  b ☑  c ☐ 

45 What does Sally enjoy doing the most?

a ☐  b ☐  c ☐ 

46 Where did Lori and Kimberly go?

a ☐  b ☐  c ☐ 

47 What is Annabel's hair like?

a ☐  b ☐  c ☐ 

48 What do Emily and Gloria decide to do?

a ☐  b ☐ 

c ☐ 

49 Who are Tara and Adam talking about?

a ☐  b ☐  c ☐ 

LIVEWORKSHEETS