TEST: 27	ĐỀ THI THAM KHẢO GIỮA KÌ 1 NĂM HỌC 2026– 2027 Bộ môn: **TIẾNG ANH – LỚP 7** *Thời gian làm bài: **60 phút** (không kể thời gian giao đề)* *(Đề kiểm tra này gồm 4 trang)*		
Họ và Tên:_____ Trường: _____Lớp: _____ Số báo danh: _____	Chữ ký giám thị 1	Chữ ký giám thị 2	Số thứ tự bài KT _____ Mật mã bài KT

Điểm bằng số	**Điểm bằng chữ**	**Chữ ký giám khảo 1**	**Chữ ký giám khảo 2**	Số thứ tự bài KT Mật mã bài KT

Điểm phần I	**Điểm phần II**	**Điểm phần III**	**Điểm phần IV**	**Điểm phần V**	**Điểm phần VI**	**Điểm phần VII**	**Điểm tổng**

Part I. Phonetics

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

1. **A.** goe**s** **B.** misse**s** **C.** washe**s** **D.** matche**s**

2. **A.** p**a**tient **B.** pl**a**nt **C.** f**a**me **D.** n**a**ture

Choose the word that has a different stress pattern.

3. **A.** mountain **B.** receive **C.** tutor **D.** village

4. **A.** similarity **B.** library **C.** volunteer **D.** neighborhood

Part II. Word Form

Supply the correct form of the words in brackets.

5. Nobody lives in that broken house; it is totally _____. **(use)**

6. Eating a lot of fresh fruits is highly _____ to your health. **(benefit)**

7. She offers free _____ to the poor students in her village every evening. **(tutor)**

8. The young _____ interviewed the volunteers for the evening news. **(report)**

9. He cleaned the whole schoolyard _____, without anyone asking him to. **(volunteer)**

10. We should _____ old papers to save the trees. **(recycling)**

Part III. Sentence Transformation

Rewrite the sentences using the instructions.

11. A smartphone is not as cheap as a traditional dictionary.

=> A traditional dictionary is _____ .

12. They enjoy providing free meals for poor patients.

=> They are keen _____ .

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13. Let's start a project to clean up the local lake.

=> Shall we _____?

14. She collects **used books** to build a community library. [**make a question**]

=> _____?

Part IV. Multiple Choice

Choose the best answer to complete the short conversations.

15. Nam: "What are you holding?" - Hoa: "It's a beautiful _____ I made from recycled paper."

A. rubbish **B.** difference **C.** postcard **D.** similarity

16. Lan: "Have you seen the new _____?" - Tom: "Yes, they look amazing."

A. textbooks **B.** plastics **C.** decorations **D.** litters

17. Khang: "Who helps the students with their homework?" - Mai: "The volunteer _____ do."

A. tutors **B.** growers **C.** babies **D.** patients

18. Peter: "That's a fantastic idea to save paper!" - Anna: "_____"

A. You're welcome. **B.** Thank you. **C.** Never mind. **D.** I'm sorry to hear that.

19. Linh: "I think we should use less plastic." - David: "_____"

A. No, I don't. **B.** Good luck! **C.** I completely agree. **D.** Yes, please.

20. Sarah: "When is the next meeting of the green club?" - Huy: "It's _____ Monday."

A. by **B.** in **C.** on **D.** at

21. Tuan: "Does she usually _____ voluntary work?" - Jane: "Yes, every weekend."

A. do **B.** play **C.** go **D.** make

22. Bao: "What did you do during the summer holiday?" - An: "I _____ English to street children."

A. teaching **B.** teaches **C.** taught **D.** teach

23. Mike: "He is very busy, _____ he still joins the community service." - Hoa: "He's very kind."

A. but **B.** or **C.** and **D.** so

24. Mary: "_____ did they plant the trees?" - Phong: "In the schoolyard."

A. Where **B.** Who **C.** When **D.** Why

Part V. Reading Comprehension

Read the passage and answer the questions.

Tutoring street children is one of the most popular community activities among university students. Many children in big cities have to work hard on the streets to earn a living. They sell lottery tickets or shine shoes all day, so they don't have the chance to go to a normal school. Understanding this difficulty, a group of students from the City University decided to open a free evening class. Every Monday and Thursday, the university students gather at a small community house to teach these children. The subjects include reading, writing, and basic math. At first, it was difficult to persuade the children to learn because they were always tired after a long working day. However, the tutors were very patient and friendly. They organized fun games and gave small gifts to encourage the children. Slowly, the class became crowded. The children love learning and always look forward to the lessons. The tutors not only provide

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knowledge but also give these children hope for a brighter future. Through this tutoring project, the university students also learn how to be more responsible and understand the value of sharing in the community.

25. Street children do not have the opportunity to attend normal schools. _____

26. The free evening class is open every day of the week. _____

27. The children felt very energetic and wanted to learn from the first day. _____

28. The tutors use games and gifts to encourage the children to learn. _____

29. What is the main idea of the passage?

A. How to teach math to university students.

B. How to sell lottery tickets in big cities.

C. A free tutoring project for street children by university students.

D. The history of City University.

30. Which subject is NOT mentioned as being taught to the street children?

A. Math **B.** English **C.** Reading **D.** Writing

Part VI. Cloze Test

Choose the correct word to fill in the blanks.

Joining an environmental club is a great way to protect the earth. Our school has a club called "Green Future". We meet once a week to discuss how to make our school greener. Last month, we ran a campaign to collect **(31)** _____. We asked all the students to bring their empty water bottles instead of throwing them away. The response was amazing! We collected **(32)** _____ bottles in just one week. We then used some of these bottles to make beautiful **(33)**_____ for our classrooms, like small plant pots and pen holders. The rest were sent to a recycling center. Besides recycling, our club also focuses on cleaning up the **(34)** _____. Every Friday afternoon, we spend an hour picking up trash around the school fences and the playground. It is completely **(35)** _____ work, but everyone is very enthusiastic. We believe that if everyone does their part, we can keep our environment safe **(36)** _____ the future generations.

31. A. clothes	**B.** plastic bottles	**C.** board games	**D.** textbooks
32. A. many	**B.** little	**C.** a little	**D.** much
33. A. computers	**B.** medicines	**C.** decorations	**D.** machines
34. A. holiday	**B.** similarity	**C.** schoolyard	**D.** literature
35. A. dangerous	**B.** voluntary	**C.** lonely	**D.** wealthy
36. A. for	**B.** at	**C.** on	**D.** in

Part VII. Contextual Vocabulary

37. We need to collaborate as a team to _____ before the deadline.

38. Regular exercise and a balanced diet can help prevent many common _____.

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problem *noun*

A1 OPAL W OPAL S

/ˈprɒbləm/

/ˈprɑːbləm/

Idioms

1 ★ A1 a thing that is difficult to deal with or to understand

- ***big/serious/major problems***
- *She has a lot of **health problems**.*
- ***financial/social/technical problems***
- *Let me know if you **have any problems**.*
- *The government must **address the problem** of child poverty.*
- *We cannot **tackle this problem** effectively on our own.*
- *We are **dealing with** a serious **problem** here.*
- *Money isn't going to **solve the problem**.*

Look at the signs. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D)

39. What does this sign mean?

A. Cycle crossing.

B. Crossroad ahead.

C. No cycling.

D. Turn right.

40. What does this sign mean?

A. Children can enter this place alone.

B. Children can't play in this area.

C. Only children can enter this area.

D. Children can't enter this place without their parents.

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