

UNIDAD EDUCATIVA FISCAL JOSÉ MARTÍNEZ QUEIROLO
QUESTIONNAIRE FOR – ENGLISH EXAM

9th Grade EGB – Module 2: Celebrations and Holidays

Student: _____

Date: _____ **Teacher:** _____

Instructions: Read each question carefully and choose only one correct answer. Circle the letter A, B, C, or D. Each question is worth 1 point.

1.- What is a holiday?

- A) A place where people travel.
- B) A regular school day.
- C) A type of traditional food.
- D) A specific date when people celebrate a festivity.

2.- What is a common Christmas tradition in Ecuador?

- A) Parents buy gifts two months before Christmas.
- B) People decorate only shopping centers.
- C) Families pray “la novena”
- D) People celebrate Christmas only in restaurants.

3.- Which word means “something that is always done on a holiday or at an event”?

- A) Tradition
- B) Destination
- C) Cemetery
- D) Surroundings

4.- Why do some countries not celebrate Christmas according to the reading?

- A) Because they do not have any holidays.
- B) Because Christmas is celebrated only in Europe.
- C) Because of political or religious beliefs.
- D) Because people do not like family celebrations.

5.- Which sentence uses the simple past correctly?

- A) My family visited Quito last December.
- B) My family visit Quito last December.
- C) My family is visit Quito last December.
- D) My family visiting Quito last December.

6.- Which sentence correctly uses “used to” to describe a past habit?

- A) People use to celebrate New Year differently.
- B) People used to celebrate New Year differently.
- C) People used celebrating New Year differently.
- D) People are used celebrate New Year differently.

7.- Choose the correct form of “do” or “make”: “My mother ____ a delicious dinner last night.”

- A) made
- B) did
- C) make
- D) does

8.- Which sentence correctly uses an adverb of frequency?

- A) I am pay always attention in class.
- B) I pay always attention in class.
- C) I always am pay attention in class.
- D) I always pay attention in class.

9.- Where is an adverb of frequency normally placed with the verb “to be”?

- A) Before the subject
- B) After the verb to be
- C) At the end of every sentence only
- D) Before the auxiliary verb only

10.- Which sentence expresses necessity correctly?

- A) Students must respect other cultures.
- B) Students must to respect other cultures.
- C) Students must respecting other cultures.
- D) Students must respected other cultures.

11.- Which sentence is grammatically correct with “have to”?

- A) She having to bring her passport.
- B) She have to bring her passport.
- C) She has bring to her passport.
- D) She has to bring her passport.

12.- What is an important part of Japan's culture of cleanliness?

- A) Taking responsibility for your own garbage.
- B) Expecting street cleaners to clean everything.
- C) Leaving garbage near your house.
- D) Avoiding community clean-ups.

13.- What should a person take to the beach because UV radiation can be high?

- A) Sunscreen
- B) A costume
- C) A birthday cake
- D) A radio

14.- What does the word "destination" mean?

- A) The place you go to when you travel.
- B) A person who organizes a party.
- C) A traditional holiday meal.
- D) A type of public transportation.

15.- What is Juan Pueblo?

- A) An icon of Guayaquil.
- B) A famous Ecuadorian holiday.
- C) A traditional food from Quito.
- D) A television station.

16.- Who created Juan Pueblo in 1918?

- A) Virgilio Jaime Salinas
- B) Galo Arellano
- C) Mickey Mouse
- D) Daniel Arellano

17.- What is celebrated in Ecuador on November 2nd?

- A) Quito's foundation
- B) New Year's Day
- C) Christmas Day
- D) All Souls Day

18.- Which traditional foods are associated with All Souls Day in Ecuador?

- A) Guaguas de pan and colada morada
- B) Turkey and pasta
- C) Ceviche and popcorn
- D) Bread and hot chocolate

19.- Galo Arellano moved to the USA when he was:

- A) 18 years old.
- B) 28 years old.
- C) 38 years old.
- D) 15 years old.

20.- Which value is emphasized about different Ecuadorian languages and cultural traditions?

- A) Individualism
- B) Competition
- C) Interculturality
- D) Consumerism