

Be going to – Grammar Test (Version B)

Grade 6 · English · Time: 40–45 minutes · Total: 40 points

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Score: _____ / 40 Mark: _____

Task 1. Circle the correct answer. (6 points)

1. Anna and her cousins ___ to the zoo tomorrow.
a) is going to go
b) are going to go
c) going to go
2. We ___ play outside today. It's raining.
a) aren't going to
b) don't going to
c) isn't going to
3. ___ your brother going to join the chess club?
a) Are
b) Does
c) Is
4. Be careful! The cat ___ jump on the table.
a) are going to
b) is going to
c) is going
5. Where ___ they going to spend the summer?
a) is
b) do
c) are
6. I ___ going to be late for school today.
a) am not
b) isn't
c) don't

Task 2. Positive, negative, question. (15 points)

Use the words to write a **positive** sentence with be going to. Then change it into a **negative** sentence and a **question**.

Example: Lucy / paint / a picture / this afternoon

(+) Lucy is going to paint a picture this afternoon.

(-) Lucy isn't going to paint a picture this afternoon.

(?) Is Lucy going to paint a picture this afternoon?

1. Kate / bake / a cake / for her mum
(+) _____
(-) _____
(?) _____
2. the pupils / visit / a museum / next week
(+) _____
(-) _____
(?) _____
3. I / call / my grandfather / tonight
(+) _____
(-) _____
(?) _____
4. my dad / wash / the car / on Sunday
(+) _____
(-) _____
(?) _____
5. they / build / a snowman / in the garden
(+) _____
(-) _____
(?) _____

Task 3. Find and correct the mistake. (5 points)

Each sentence has ONE mistake. Rewrite the whole sentence correctly.

1. He is going to buys a new bike.
→ _____
2. They going to visit us next week.
→ _____
3. Are you going to wearing a hat?
→ _____
4. My mum isn't going to cooks dinner today.
→ _____
5. What is she going to does at the weekend?
→ _____

Task 4. Complete the dialogue. (5 points)

Use be going to and the verbs in brackets.

Mia: Hi, Ben! What (1) _____ (you / do) after school today?

Ben: I (2) _____ (do) my homework and then I (3) _____ (ride) my bike.

Mia: (4) _____ (your sister / ride) with you?

Ben: No, she (5) _____ (not / come). She has got a piano lesson.

Task 5. Translate the sentences into English. (4 points)

Use be going to.

1. Šį vakarą mes ketiname žiūrėti filmą.
→ _____
2. Mano brolis nesiruošia žaisti kompiuterinių žaidimų.
→ _____
3. Ar jūs ketinate žiemą važiuoti į kalnus?
→ _____
4. Ką jie ketina nupirkti mamai gimtadienio proga?
→ _____

Task 6. Writing. (5 points)

Your English friend Sam asks: *What are you going to do next weekend?* Write a short email to Sam (6–8 sentences). Use be going to in positive sentences, negative sentences and at least one question.

Dear Sam,

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Best wishes,