

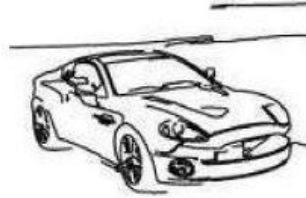
17. you go to school by bus today? My car has broken down.

18. She speak English but she can speak French.

UNIT 12 Simple present tense

(Geniş-Zaman)

Simple Present Tense



*How often **do** you drive your car? Every day*

Simple present tense, Türkçedeki "geniş zaman" ile hemen hemen aynıdır. Bu tense'i genel doğruları, BİLİMSEL GERÇEKLERİ, HER GÜN DÜZENLİ YAPILAN AKTİVİTELERİ ANLATMAK İÇİN KULLANIRIZ.

Simple present tense'in cümle yapısı

OLUMLU	OLUMSUZ		SORU
	uzun şekil	kısa şekil	
I play	I do not play	I don't play	Do I play?
You play	You do not play	You don't play	Do you play?
He/she/it plays	He/she/it does not play	He/she/it doesn't play	Does he/she/it play?
We play	We do not play	We don't play	Do we play?
You play	You do not play	You don't play	Do you play?
They play	They do not play	They don't play	Do they play?

I **get up** early every morning.

Mothers **love** their children.

The sun **sets** in the west.

They **do** their homework at school.

Most people **rest** in their homes on Sundays.

The train **leaves** every morning at 8 am.

She always **forgets** her purse.

He never **forgets** his wallet.

(Her sabah erken kalkarım.)

(Anneler çocuklarını severler.)

(Güneş batıdan batar.)

(Onlar ödevlerini okulda yaparlar.)

(Çoğu insan pazar günleri evinde dinlenir.)

(Tren her sabah saat 8'de hareket eder.)

(O hep cüzdanını unutur.)

(O hiç cüzdanını unutmaz.)

Ancak ÜÇÜNCÜ TEKİL ŞAHISLARDA (he, she, it) olumlu cümlelerde fiilin sonuna "s" veya "es" takısı gelir.

I swim

he swims

I study

he studies

I come

he comes

Sonu "-sh, -ch, -ss, -x" ile biten kelimelere "-es" eklenmelidir.

kiss - kisses, finish - finishes, watch - watches, mix - mixes, go - goes

"Sessiz harf+y" ile biten kelimelerde, "y" harfi kaldırılarak "-ies" eklenir.

study - studies, copy - copies, try - tries

"Sesli harf+y" ile biten kelimelerde sadece "-s" eklenir.

pay - pays buy - buys

work:	I work in London;	They work in Berlin;	He works in an office
study:	You study English;	We study geography;	she studies French
finish:	I finish early;	You finish late;	John finishes tomorrow
pass:	You pass your exams;	They pass their exams;	Maria passes her exams
do:	They do their homework;	We do our homework;	She does her homework
have:	We have a nice car;	You have a big car;	Fred has a black car

What **do** you like? I like pop music.

What **does** Ahmet like? Ahmet likes pop music.

Where **do** you live? I live in Germany.

Where **does** he live? He lives in Germany.

Where **do** they play? They play in the garden.

Where **does** she play? She plays in the garden.

FREQUENCY ADVERBS (sıklık bildiren zarflar)



*I **always** get up at early on Sundays.*

always, usually, regularly, normally, often, sometimes, occasionally, rarely, seldom, never

Bu ifadeleri İngilizce gramer kurallarına göre genellikle ÖZNE İLE YÜKLEM ARASINA KOYARIZ.

always	her zaman
usually- generally – normally	genellikle
often- frequently	sık sık

sometimes – occasionally	bazen
seldom – rarely	nadiren
never	hiç (olumsuz cümle)
ever	hiç (soru cümlesi)

What time do you **usually** go to school?

(Okula genellikle saat kaçta gidersin?)

We **often** brush our teeth.

(Biz sık sık dişlerimizi fırçalarız.)

My parents can **seldom** go on holiday.

(Annem ve babam nadiren tatile çıkabiliyorlar.)

She **always** comes here at weekends.

(O her zaman buraya hafta sonları gelir.)

I **certainly** like London.

(Ben kesinlikle Londra'yı severim.)

We **already** know each other.

(Biz zaten birbirimizi tanıyoruz.)

Sıklık zarflarını sormak için **HOW OFTEN** soru kelimesi kullanırız.

How often do you go to movies?

(Ne kadar sıklıkla sinemaya gidersin?)

How often do they play tennis?

(Ne kadar sık tenis oynarlar?)

How often is he late?

(Ne kadar sık geç kalır?)



*How often does he see his grandmother.
She **sometimes** visits her grandmother*

Exercise "present tense"

Jane **doesn't** drink tea very often.

What time **do the banks** close in England?

Where **does** Martin come from?

I **don't** play the piano very well.

Florian **plays** football on Wednesdays.

They **want** you to be polite and well-behaved.

I **play** with my dog.

She **loves** her mother.

The cinema **closes** at 7pm.

They **don't** think you should buy this dress.

We usually **take** a taxi to go to work.

How often **do you** go to the swimming pool?

Courses **begin** on the third of September.

When does he arrive home in the evenings?

She **doesn't live** in Washington, but in New York

He **gets up** early on Mondays.

I **always** brush my teeth after meals.

He usually **plays** football after school.

You **seldom** play computer games

They **never** go for a drive after dinner.

I **usually** cook when my parents come home.

You are **often** tired.

12.1. Using simple present tense, fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs shown in brackets

1. Jane *buys* (buy) beautiful clothes.
2. My parents (not/speak) English, sorry!
3. Her sister (phone) every day.
4. I am very good at German; I (understand) it quite well.
5. I am not good at Spanish ; I (not/understand) it at all.
6. (Understand/she) Italian?
7. They have a car, they (not/take) the bus.
8. He has a funny dog. His name is Sugar ; he (play) with him all the time.
9. He's very big ! He (eat) a lot!
10. (know/ you) Mr Smith ?
11. It's 10.30 ! They always (get up) late.
12. What time (go/your children) to school ?
13. Harry..... (watch) television from 7.00 to 9.00 every evening.
14. She is hard-working, she always (try) to do her best.
15. Jane (study) psychology at university.

12.2 Using simple present tense, fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs shown in brackets.

- | | |
|--|---|
| I to the radio. (to listen) | <i>I <u>listen</u> to the radio.</i> |
| He to the radio. (to listen) | <i>He <u>listens</u> to the radio.</i> |
| 1. She the guitar. (to play) | 2. We soccer. (to play) |
| 3. They to talk. (to like) | 4. He ice cream. (to like) |
| 5. You your friends often. (to call) | 6. He the office every day. (to call) |
| 7. She regularly. (to practise) | 8. They once a week. (to practise) |
| 9. We here. (to shop) | 10. It delicious. (to taste) |

12.3. Using simple present tense ,Change the following into questions.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| She walks to work. | <i>Does she walk to work?</i> |
| They take the bus. | <i>Do they take the bus?</i> |
| 1. I hurry home. | |
| 2. He drives a truck. | |
| 3. You follow the news. | |
| 4. They want a pet. | |
| 5. She likes flowers. | |
| 6. We need tea. | |
| 7. She answers the questions. | |
| 8. He drinks coffee. | |

9. I learn quickly.
10. It rains heavily.

12.4 Using simple present tense ,Make questions from these words .

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1 (where /live /your parents) | <i>Where do your parents live?</i> |
| 2 (you/early/always / get up) | <i>Do you always get up early?</i> |
| 3 (how often /TV / you /watch) |? |
| 4 (you /want /what / for diner) |? |
| 5 (like/ you / football) |? |
| 6 (your brother /like / football) |? |
| 7 (what /you /do /in your free time) |? |
| 8 (your sister/ work /where) |? |
| 9 (to the cinema/often /you /go) |? |
| 10 (what /mean /this word) |? |
| 11 (often /snow / it / here) |? |
| 12 (go /usually/ to bed /what time /you) |? |
| 13 (how much/ to phone / New York /it /cost) |? |
| 14 (you/ for breakfast/have/usually/what |? |

12.5 Using simple present tense, fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs shown in brackets

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Samantha (to go) to the running track | <i>Samantha goes to the running track .</i> |
| 2. My sister (to play) basketball in her school with her sport teacher. | |
| 3. They (to be) installing their cd-rom. | |
| 4. We (to have) breakfast. | |
| 5. He (to study) in a university. | |
| 6. Does she have a problem? No, she (do) not | |
| 7. Salima and Sara (to eat) their lunch. | |
| 8. The baker and the lawyer (to be) workers | |
| 9. She (to be) 12 years old. | |
| 10. Her uncle (to put) the screwdriver and the hammer away. | |

12.6 Using simple present tense, fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs shown in brackets

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1. She always (take) her rucksack. | <i>She always takes her rucksack.</i> |
| 2. He usually (put) up the tent himself. | |
| 3. (You clean) your house every day? | |
| 4. He sometimes (attack) taxi drivers. | |
| 5. He never (arrive) late. | |

6. (They like) walking in quiet villages?
7. She (not know) your brother.
8. (English people eat) jam with their meat?
9. He often (sing) German songs.
10. No, thank you, I (not drink) whisky.

12.7 Using present simple or continuous, Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb given in brackets

1. Usually John **cuts** (cut) the grass on Saturday afternoons.
2. I (do) it today because he is going to London on the 2.30 train.
3. We (not see) you very often. Why don't you come round for a cup of tea?
4. What (you+ think) of? - My boyfriend!
5. What (you + think) about them? - I think they're friendly.
6. (like/you) our country? Yes, it's wonderful.
7. I even (prefer) England to my own country.
8. He (play) at the Albert Hall tonight.
9. Usually, he (play) at Central Park.
10. That woman (look) like a tramp, doesn't she?

12.8 Using present simple or continuous, Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb given in brackets

- | | |
|---|---|
| Right now, he ridiculous. (to be) | <i>Right now, he is being ridiculous.</i> |
| She to Sydney every weekend. (to drive) | <i>She drives to Sydney every weekend.</i> |
1. At the moment, I supper. (to cook)
 2. He the paper every weekday. (to read)
 3. We right now. (to study)
 4. She every day. (to study)
 5. Now it (to rain)
 6. They to Mexico every year. (to travel)
 7. Just now we the shopping. (to do)
 8. She always correctly. (to answer)
 9. You never late. (to be)
 10. Now I to the radio. (to listen)
 11. Each Sunday, we the flea market. (to visit)
 12. At present, I for work. (to look)

12.9 Using present simple or continuous, Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb given in brackets.

1. Are you hungry? *Do you want something to eat?* (You/want)
2. Jill is interested in politics but she to a political party. (not/belong)
3. Don't put the dictionary away. I it. (use)
4. Don't put the dictionary away. I it. (need)
5. Who is that man? What? (he/want)
6. Who is that man? Why at us? (He/look)
7. George says he's 80 years old but nobody him. (believe)
8. She told me her name but I it now. (not/remember)
9. I of selling my car. (think) Would you be interested in buying it?
10. I you should sell your car. (think) You it very often. (not/use)
11. I used to drink a lot of coffee but these days I tea. (prefer)
12. Air mainly of nitrogen and oxygen. (consist)
13. Listen! Sandra (play) music!
14. On Sundays, I always (play) football with my friends.
15. I (not/like) carrots.
16. She (hate) westerns.
17. Can you help Peter? He (do) his homework.
18. What (you/watch) on TV? Is it interesting?
19. When I (go) back home, I will phone my girlfriend.
20. We usually (take) a taxi to go to work.
21. They (not/travel) a lot.
22. She (not/come). She is looking after her little sister

12.10 Using present simple or continuous, Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb given in brackets

1. The swimming pool *opens* (open) at 9 every Sunday morning.
2. John (drink) too much wine.
3. A woman (come) into a coffee shop, orders a tea and opens a cigarette case.
4. While you (prepare) ingredients for this recipe, heat the oil in a large pan.....
5. It's cold today. It (pour) down with rain and a cold wind is blowing.
6. Look outside, it's a fine day today. I (suggest) we all go out for a walk by the river.
7. Our painting exhibition (take) place in this gallery every two years.
8. What time (this museum/usually/close) ?
9. I (usually/get) to work early in the morning.
10. Look, the water (boil). Can you cook over low heat now?
11. Everybody knows that water (boil) at 100 degrees Celsius.
12. I have found a job in another town. So we (move) in September.
13. 'I (want) an ice cream ' said my youngest son suddenly !
14. Look, this pretty woman (smoke) a big cigar !

15. My wife (work) in this factory office. She is an accountant.
16. I (make) scones. They are delicious. Would you like some ?
17. I can't understand anything. These men (speak) Russian.
18. We'll buy our tickets for Paris when we (go) to the railway station.
19. We are on strike today, so I (not go) to the office.
20. Don't worry. I'll come and see you as soon as I (be) in Dublin.