

Name: _____

Class: _____

MID-TERM 1 REVISION

Content	Unit 1, 2 VOCABULARY - Family members - Celebrations and festivals GRAMMAR - Past simple - Present perfect - Prepositions of time - Adjective endings -ing/-ed READING
Format	Multiple choice + Word form + Reading comprehension + Sentence transformation (40 questions in total)
Date	_____, October _____, 2026 (60 minutes)

EXERCISE**VOCABULARY****Exercise 1:** Complete the sentences with the words below.*relative*
*nephew**only child*
*aunt**niece*
*uncle**cousin*
*ancestor**great-grandparent*

- I've never met him, but my great-great-grandfather was an important _____ in my family's history.
- Lisa has no brothers or sisters. She is a(n) _____.
- My sister had a baby boy last week. Now I have a new _____!
- I met a _____ at our family party. He's from Canada, and we like the same games!
- My grandmother's mother is still alive. She is my _____.
- My _____ is very funny and always brings snacks when he visits.
- My dad's sister, my _____, lives in Spain. She calls us every weekend.
- A _____ is someone in your family, like a grandparent, cousin, or uncle.
- My _____ is my brother's daughter. She's really good at math!

Exercise 2: Complete the sentences with the given words.*dragon*
*lantern**wisdom*
*decorate**fireworks*
*crops**symbol*
*arrive**lunar*
*celebrate**welcome*

- During the festival, people light up the sky with colorful _____ at night.
- A red _____ is often hung in windows to bring good luck and happiness.
- Families _____ their homes with red paper, lights, and other decorations.
- Many people _____ the New Year by having a big meal and spending time with loved ones.
- In Chinese culture, the _____ is a powerful creature that stands for strength and good luck.

6. The full moon is important because the holiday follows the _____ calendar.
7. A peach tree is a _____ of long life and good health in many traditions.
8. Elders are respected because they are known to have great _____ and life experience.
9. Farmers hope for good weather so their _____ will grow well in the new year.
10. We go to the airport early so we can see our grandparents _____ when they come.
11. Every year, we gather outside to _____ the New Year with music and dancing.

WORD FORM

Verb	Noun	Adjective
celebrate		
welcome		
arrive		
decorate		
	symbol	
		happy
	wealth	

Notes:

- a/an/the/my/your/his/her/our/their + _____
- am/is/are/was/were + _____
- _____ + noun
- S + _____

Exercise 3: Complete the sentences using the correct form of the given words.

1. The new company logo _____ innovation and modern thinking. (symbol)
2. There was a huge crowd waiting for the _____ of the celebrity at the airport. (arrive)
3. The _____ actor gave a touching speech at the award ceremony. (celebrate)
4. She followed her dreams, always putting her _____ first. (happy)
5. The _____ man helped fund clean water projects in rural villages. (wealth)
6. We _____ our graduation with a big barbecue and homemade cake. (celebration)
7. The rainbow is _____ of hope after difficult times. (symbol)
8. The _____ was broadcast live on national television and watched by millions.
(celebrate)
9. We added some string lights as a _____ to make the backyard feel more festive.
(decorate)
10. The heart emoji has become a _____ of love in digital messages. (symbolic)

GRAMMAR**Past simple**

Usage		
	to be	verb
Affirmative		
Negative		
Question		
Time markers		

Exercise 4: Complete each sentence with the Past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

1. I _____ (visit) my grandparents at their countryside house yesterday afternoon.
2. They _____ (not/move) to a new city last year because they were busy with work.
3. She _____ (buy) a new laptop two weeks ago.
4. _____ you _____ (watch) a really interesting documentary about wildlife last night?
5. He _____ (go) to university in 2010 after he graduated from high school.
6. _____ the team _____ (win) the championship five years ago?
7. I _____ (meet) my best friend for the first time at summer camp when I was 10 years old.
8. My parents _____ (be) in Japan and visited several famous temples last summer.
9. She _____ (start) learning to play the piano in the past.
10. They _____ (have) a big birthday party for their mom with all the family last week.

Present perfect

Affirmative	
Negative	
Question	
Time markers	

Exercise 5: Complete the sentences using the Present perfect of the verb in brackets.

1. _____ (they/pay) the electricity bill yet, or should I remind them?
2. Someone _____ (already/take) my seat in the theater.
3. Hold on a second, please! I _____ (just/finish) writing the report.
4. _____ (you/ever/eat) durian? It has a very strong smell!
5. She _____ (not/come) to any of the team meetings recently.
6. I _____ (just/decide) to cancel my trip and stay home instead.
7. I _____ (work) on this painting since last week.
8. _____ (you/ever/be) to a live jazz concert?
9. You _____ (not/do) your part of the group assignment yet, have you?
10. I _____ (just/see) the teacher, and she says she _____ (already/do) the final grade calculations.

Prepositions of time

Exercise 6: Write at/on/in.

1. My birthday is _____ September.
2. We usually have dinner _____ 7:00 p.m.
3. I don't like going out _____ Mondays.
4. The weather is usually cold _____ winter.
5. The meeting is scheduled _____ Tuesday morning.
6. He was born _____ 2008.
7. Let's meet _____ midday near the entrance.
8. I always visit my grandparents _____ Christmas.
9. She likes to go for a walk _____ the evening.
10. They're going on vacation _____ the weekend.

Adjective endings -ing/-ed

Exercise 7: Choose the correct word.

1. The movie was so *interesting* / *interested* that I couldn't stop thinking about it for days.
2. I felt really *boring* / *bored* after sitting through that long and boring meeting.
3. She looked *shocking* / *shocked* when she saw the surprise party we planned for her.
4. That was the most *exciting* / *excited* book I've read all year.
5. I was *impressing* / *impressed* by how well he spoke in public.
6. The instructions were so *confusing* / *confused* that no one understood them.
7. My little brother is always *exciting* / *excited* when he plays with his new toys.
8. We were all *disappointing* / *disappointed* when the concert was suddenly canceled.

9. This math problem is **confusing** / **confused**. Can you help me solve it?
10. She's feeling really **frustrating** / **frustrated** today because she failed her driving test.

Exercise 8:

1. Sarah has visited London three times. (*Make the question with the underlined part*)

2. They have lived in this house since 2015. (*Make the question with the underlined part*)

3. Lisa went to the museum last Saturday. (*Make the question with the underlined part*)

4. They watched a movie at home. (*Make the question with the underlined part*)

5. We're having a party at 8pm, Sunday. (*Rewrite the sentence using the word Saturday night*)
We're having a party

READING

Exercise 9: Choose the correct answer.

1. What does the sign mean?



- A. Turn your mobile phone off when not in use.
B. Turn your mobile phone into silent mode.
C. Turn up the volume so that it can be heard more clearly.
D. Turn down the music when you are alone.

2. What does the notice say?

- A. You can buy tickets to the event at the entrance.
B. You can enjoy music from the Jazz Age in the 1920s.
C. Food and drinks are included in the tickets.
D. Food and drinks will be sold at the gift shop.

ARE YOU A FAN OF JAZZ?
JAZZ MUSIC EVENT
Central theme: The 1920s, Jazz Age
Food and drinks: Available at a reasonable price
Gift shop: At the entrance

Exercise 10: Choose the correct answer to complete the conversation.

1. Ted: "Your new hairstyle looks nice."

Marie: “ ”

- A. I'm glad you like it.
- B. I can't believe you said that.
- C. It's none of your business.
- D. It's not my style either.

2. Charlie: “ ”

Rose: "The Minions."

- A. What is your favorite type of film? B. Have you watched “The Minions”?
- C. How was the movie you watched last night? D. What cartoons do you like to watch?

Exercise 11: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word(s) that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Some people learn a second language (1) _____. Other people have trouble learning a new language. How can you help (2) _____ learn a new language, such as English? There are several ways to make learning English a little easier and more interesting.

The first step is to feel positive about learning English. If you believe that you can learn, you will learn. Be patient. You do not have to understand (3) _____ at all once. It's natural to make mistakes when you learn something new. We can learn from our mistakes.

The second step is to practice your English. For example, write in a journal, or diary every day. After several weeks, you will see that your writing is improving. (4) _____, you must speak English every day.

The third step is to keep a record of your language learning. You can write this in your journal.

It's important to practice every day and make a record of your (5) _____.

- | | | | | |
|----|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. | A. ease | B. easy | C. easily | D. easiest |
| 2. | A. itself | B. yourself | C. himself | D. herself |
| 3. | A. thing | B. nothing | C. everything | D. something |
| 4. | A. Moreover | B. However | C. Although | D. So |
| 5. | A. achieve | B. achiever | C. achieved | D. achievements |

Exercise 13: Read the passage and answer the questions.

Paulo's mother is Brazilian, but she lives in England. Brazil is a beautiful country, and she often thinks about it. Paulo's grandmother lives in Rio, and Paulo and his parents sometimes visit her. They usually go in February for the carnival. Paulo's grandmother is very old, so she can't visit them, but she loves Paulo and always telephones him on Sunday. She talks to him in Portuguese. She doesn't like speaking English!

Paulo loves Brazil. He likes the music and enjoys singing and dancing. He likes swimming in the sea and lying on a hot beach.

Write True or False for the following statements.

- | | |
|--|-------|
| 1. Paulo never visits his grandmother. | _____ |
| 2. His grandmother can't visit Paulo and his family. | _____ |
| 3. Paulo can swim. | _____ |
| 4. Paulo's mother isn't from Brazil. | _____ |

Choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

5. Why can't Paulo's grandma visit his family?
- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| A. Because they live in different countries. | B. Because his grandma is so busy. |
| C. Because his grandma is very old. | D. Because they talk on the phone. |
6. Which language do Paulo and his grandma communicate with each other?
- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------|
| A. Brazilian | B. Portuguese | C. English | D. Portuguese and English |
|--------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------|