

11 Compare the pictures below and spot the differences. What are the people in the pictures doing differently? Complete the box as in the example.

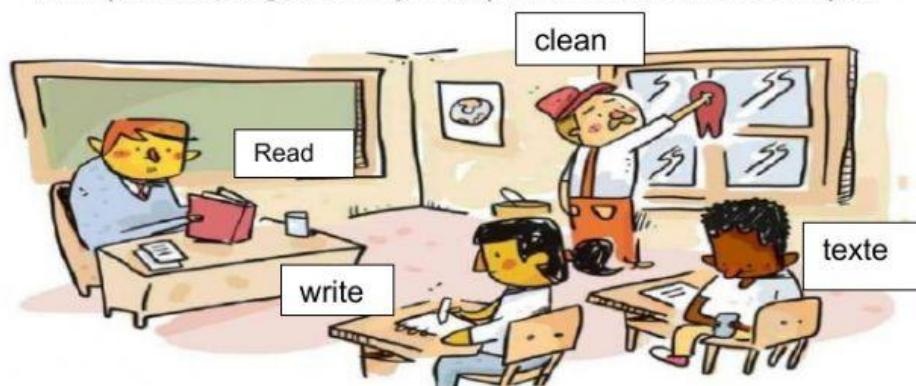


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Spot the differences

In picture A the teacher is reading a book. In picture B he's writing on the blackboard...

| A | B |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| The teacher _____ a book. (read) | He _____ on the blackboard. (write) |
| The boy _____ on his phone. (texte) | He _____ on his phone. (talk) |
| The girl _____ on the notebook. (write) | She _____ to music. (listen) |
| The man _____ the window. (clean) | He _____ the wall. (paint) |

Usamos o **Present Continuous** para:

- falar de ações que ocorrem no momento da fala/escrita.
They are talking about leading languages.
He is exploring a graph right now.
- expressar mudanças que ocorrem momentaneamente (tendências atuais).
"English is becoming the language of the technology age."
Many people are using English on the Internet nowadays.

Veja, no quadro a seguir, as regras ortográficas para verbos terminados em -ing.

| Regras ortográficas para verbos terminados em -ing | Exemplos |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A maioria dos verbos: verbo + ing | do + ing → <input type="text"/> talk + ing → <input type="text"/> |
| Verbos terminados em e : verbo - e + ing | use - e + ing → <input type="text"/> become - e + ing → <input type="text"/> |
| Verbos terminados em consoante + vogal + consoante : verbo + última consoante + ing | stop + p + ing → <input type="text"/> swim + m + ing → <input type="text"/> |
| Verbos terminados em ie : verbo - ie + y + ing | die - ie + ing → <input type="text"/> lie - ie + ing → <input type="text"/> |

Extra Practice

The text below is about school enrolment. Complete it with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses. Use the **Present Simple** or the **Present Continuous** tense.

Education prepares (prepare) children to participate in society and to find a place in the world of work. School enrolment rates are rising (rise), but many children still grow up (grow up) without access to a basic education. There are many reasons why children do not get (not get) even a primary education. (...)



Pat Teller/Corbis/Gett Images

From: COLLINS World Watch: a dynamic visual guide packed with fascinating facts about the world.
2nd edition. Glasgow: HarperCollins Publishers, 2012, p. 34. (fragment)

Traduza o texto