

## SENTENCE COMPLETION PRACTICE READING UNIT 2

### HOMEWORK

Exercise 156. Read the passages below and do the following tasks.

#### Crowne plaza

Los Angeles Airport

#### **Emergency Fire Procedures** (Thủ tục khẩn cấp khi cháy)

- If you **detect** (phát hiện) a fire, call emergency, 1999, and the Fire Department, 9+911. **Engage** (kích hoạt / bật) the fire **alarm** (chuông báo cháy), **alert** (cảnh báo) other guests, and exit the building.
- If a fire is detected inside the room, exit the room **immediately** (ngay lập tức), close the door, and **activate** (kích hoạt) the nearest **emergency** (khẩn cấp) alarm. **Notify** (thông báo) in-house **personnel** (nhân viên) by **dialling** (quay số) 1999 and the Fire Department at 911.
- If you are alerted to fire in the building, make sure it is safe to leave your room. Check for heavy **smoke** (khói). Once you have **determined** (xác định) it is safe, take your room key and **proceed** (tiến đến / đi) to the exit nearest to you.
- If it is not safe to leave your room, **fill** (đổ đầy) your bathtub and other **containers** (thùng chứa / vật chứa) with water. **Block** (chặn / bịt) all openings, such as **vents** (lỗ thông gió) and under the door, with wet towels. This will **prevent fumes** (ngăn khói / khí độc) from entering your room. Call the hotel staff, **informing** (thông báo) them of your **location** (vị trí).
- If smoke already **exists** (tồn tại / có) in your room, hold a wet towel over your mouth and **stay low** (cúi thấp).
- Do not break any windows unless **absolutely necessary** (thực sự cần thiết). This will only **worsen the situation** (làm tình hình trở nên tệ hơn).
- Do not try to exit by use of the **elevators** (thang máy).

It is important to remember that in any emergency situations your **ability** (khả năng) to **STAY CALM** during the **evacuation** (sự di tản) process is the key to success.

Complete the following sentences with **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS** taken from the passage.

1. When you decide it is safe to leave your room, run quickly to the nearest .....

2. When you don't feel it is safe to leave the room, call the hotel staff to tell them about .....
3. If you detect heavy smoke in your room, **cover** (che) your mouth with .....
4. **Unless necessary** (trừ phi cần thiết), it is not **suggested** (khuyến nghị) to .....
5. The key to success in all emergency situation is .....

## EXERCISE 2

### A city survey with a difference (*Một cuộc khảo sát thành phố có điểm khác biệt*)

There are many websites on the Internet which **provide** (*cung cấp*) lists of the world's best cities to visit, live or work in. These lists usually **grade** (*xếp hạng / đánh giá*) the cities in order, from 'best' to 'worst', and are **based on** (*dựa trên*) facts and **figures** (*số liệu*) provided by local or national organizations.

The City Brands Index (CBI) also provides a list of best and worst cities. However, unlike other surveys, it is based on the idea that cities are similar to products in shops. It asks **ordinary people** (*người dân bình thường*) in other countries to grade cities in the same way that they would grade a product, like a **soft drink** (*đồ uống có gas*) or a car. What is **particularly different** (*đặc biệt khác biệt*) about the CBI is that the people who **take part in** (*tham gia*) the survey may not have ever visited the cities. **Instead** (*thay vào đó*), they are asked to say what they think the cities are like, basing their opinions on things like news stories, magazine articles or television programmes they have heard or seen.

Each year, about 10,000 people in 20 countries take part in the CBI survey, and they grade a total of 50 cities. They do this by **filling in** (*điền vào*) an online **questionnaire** (*bảng câu hỏi*). There are several **categories** (*danh mục / hạng mục*) in the survey. These **include** (*bao gồm*) things like the **economy** (*kinh tế*), education, the environment, local culture, climate and what the city's **residents** (*cư dân*) are like.

The CBI list is **useful** (*hữu ích*) because it helps people choose a good place to live, find work or take a holiday. It also helps **regional governments** (*chính quyền địa phương / vùng*) to understand why people and businesses are, or are not, coming to their cities, and so shows them areas which they could **develop** (*phát triển*) or **improve** (*cải thiện*).

Complete the sentences below with ONE WORD OR A NUMBER from the passage for each answer.

1. The CBI believes that cities are **like** (giống như)..... which people can buy when they go shopping.
2. Surveys **take place** (diễn ra) every .....
3. A **maximum** (tối đa) of ..... cities are **included** (bao gồm) in the survey.
4. A number of different ..... are included in the survey.