

Life Vision Intermediate Unit Test 6 A

A Grammar: Relative clauses

Read the text and choose the correct answers.

Chile is a country ¹ ___ I would love to visit. It's a place ² ___ has amazing lakes and mountains, and also one of the world's driest deserts – the Atacama. There are places in the Atacama ³ ___ it has never rained! Most people in Chile speak Spanish, but there are some people ⁴ ___ speak languages such as Huilliche and Mapudungun, and ⁵ ___ cultures are different, for example Mapuche. I'm really interested in different cultures, so I can't wait for the time ⁶ ___ I can go!

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 A ☐ whose | B ☐ where | C ☐ that |
| 2 A ☐ where | B ☐ which | C ☐ who |
| 3 A ☐ when | B ☐ that | C ☐ where |
| 4 A ☐ who | B ☐ which | C ☐ whose |
| 5 A ☐ that | B ☐ whose | C ☐ who |
| 6 A ☐ when | B ☐ which | C ☐ where |

/ 6

C Grammar: Relative clauses

Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence using the word given. Use between two and five words and do not use contractions.

- Piotr met his best friend at primary school. His friend is German.
(who)
Piotr met his best friend, _____, at primary school.
- Buenos Aires is one of my favourite cities. I lived there for two years.
(where)
Buenos Aires, _____ for two years, is one of my favourite cities.
- My aunt speaks five languages. Portuguese is her first language.
(whose)
My aunt, _____, speaks five languages.
- The new gallery will focus on modern art. It opens next year.
(which)
The new gallery, _____, will focus on modern art.
- The bus driver told us how to get to the station. He was really helpful.
(who)
The bus driver, _____, told us how to get to the station.
- New Zealand has some amazing scenery. We went there on holiday last year.
(where)
New Zealand, _____ last year, has some amazing scenery.

/ 6

D Vocabulary: Recognizing collocations

Find one mistake in each question. Write the correct sentences below.

- 1 We don't need to book a single ticket because my dad is going to bring us back.

- 2 Mariam is going to do backpacking around Europe with her friends this summer.

- 3 I like to visit the local culture when I'm on holiday. Staying next to the pool is boring.

- 4 Do you think we should do a reservation at the restaurant? I can call if you want.

- 5 I don't usually visit abroad in the holidays. I prefer to stay in my own country.

- 6 I want to live at a resort for my next holiday. There are so many activities and facilities.

/ 6

E Vocabulary: Understanding topic vocabulary

Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences. There are three words you do not need.

accommodation abroad backpacking destination journey reservation resort
sights return ticket

- 1 I can't decide whether to book a _____ or just a single.
- 2 What time does the train arrive at its _____?
- 3 The restaurant is usually busy at weekends. Shall we make a _____?
- 4 Jenny and Beth set off on their _____ yesterday afternoon.
- 5 I don't think we need to book _____. It's not a busy time to go on holiday.
- 6 Do you think you'll ever go _____ to study, or will you stay in this country?

/ 6

G Reading: Identifying specific information

Read the text and write a one- or two-word answer. Use only words from the text.

What to see in ... Bristol

The historic ship *SS Great Britain* is one of the UK's top tourist attractions. Each year, between 150,000 and 200,000 tourists visit the ship museum in Bristol in the south-west of England. At nearly 100 metres long and just under 10 metres high, the ship is an impressive sight, but it also has a fascinating story to tell.

When it was built in the early 1840s, *SS Great Britain* was the longest passenger ship in the world. It spent the first years of its life carrying passengers between Liverpool and New York, and then from 1852 to 1882, it took people to Australia to start a new life there. After that, the ship transported coal to the west coast of America, but in 1886, it was seriously damaged by fire while at sea. It managed to reach Stanley in the Falkland Islands, where it was used for the next 50 years to store goods such as coal and wool. By 1937, the ship was no longer safe, and it was taken to a place off the coast and sunk.

However, *SS Great Britain* had not been forgotten. Back in the UK, engineer Ewan Corlett knew its importance in the history of sailing and made a plan to bring it home. With financial support from millionaire Jack Hayward, the ship was raised onto a huge platform and then pulled by several small boats the 8,000 miles to the place of its birth. When it had been repaired and returned to its former condition, it opened to the public as a museum. After further repairs at the beginning of the millennium, *SS Great Britain* opened its doors once again in 2005. Today, visitors can experience life on a 19th century ship from both above and below the water.

- 1 *SS Great Britain* is very popular with _____.
- 2 The ship's length is not quite _____ metres.
- 3 The ship's destination on the first of its journeys was _____.
- 4 It stopped carrying passengers in _____.
- 5 _____ was the person who came up with the money to bring *SS Great Britain* home.
- 6 The ship travelled back to Bristol on a _____.

H Listening: Recognizing assumptions

 Listen to four people talking about holidays and travel. Match the statements below to one of the four speakers (A, B, C or D).

- 1 Speaker ____ likes to do something challenging on holiday.
- 2 Speaker ____ mentions feeling scared about going on holiday.
- 3 Speaker ____ feels annoyed about other people on holiday.
- 4 Speaker ____ didn't share interests with people on a recent holiday.
- 5 Speaker ____ spent time doing everything that local people did.
- 6 Speaker ____ doesn't like doing the same things all the time.