

After the tour, we went to the gift shop. I was surprised to see the old poster designs on cups, T-shirts, and bags. Many tourists buy these items as souvenirs. The propaganda art that once helped during wartime is now part of everyday life in Vietnam. It was an interesting day, and I learned how art can tell history.

<https://www.reuters.com>

1. According to the passage, the writer \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. visited the museum alone
  - B. went to the museum with his art class
  - C. has visited the museum many times before
  - D. works at the poster museum
2. The writer felt curious about the museum because \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. He didn't like propaganda art
  - B. He had visited it ten years ago
  - C. He hadn't been there before
  - D. His teacher forced him to go
3. Why does Mr. Truc still paint posters today?
  - A. Because he needs money
  - B. Because tourists ask him to
  - C. Because the government commissions him
  - D. Because he has nothing else to do
4. Which of the following is true?
  - A. Mr. Truc only started painting after the war
  - B. The poster style has changed completely over the years
  - C. The new poster showed soldiers fighting
  - D. Propaganda designs are now used on souvenirs
5. It can be inferred from the text that \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. propaganda art is no longer important in Vietnam
  - B. the writer didn't enjoy the museum visit
  - C. propaganda art has become part of Vietnamese culture
  - D. Mr. Truc will stop painting soon

**Exercise 16: Four phrases/sentences have been removed from the text below. Choose the correct answer to complete the text. Write only the letter A-D in each blank.**

#### **My First Black April Event**

My name is Anna. I'm Vietnamese American and live in Little Saigon, Orange County. Last April 30th, I went to my first "Black April" event with my grandmother. She came to America in 1975 after the war ended.

At the community center, many older Vietnamese people gathered. (1) \_\_\_\_\_. My grandmother wore black clothes and looked very sad. She told me this day reminds her of losing her home in Vietnam. People displayed the yellow flag with three red stripes – the old South Vietnamese flag.

During the event, (2) \_\_\_\_\_. Some cried while sharing their stories. My grandmother's friend talked about leaving Vietnam by boat and losing family members at sea. It was very emotional.

After the memorial, we went to a Vietnamese restaurant. (3) \_\_\_\_\_. She said even though the past was painful, she's proud of building a new life in America.

(4) \_\_\_\_\_. Now I know why April 30th means different things to different people in our community.

<https://apnews.com>

**Choose the correct phrases to complete the text:**

- A. I understood more about my family's history and sacrifices
- B. They lit candles and prayed for people who died
- C. My grandmother and I talked about her journey
- D. They looked serious and some held old photographs

#### **My Friend's New View of China**

My friend Minh is 20 years old and loves social media. Recently, he's been watching many videos about China on TikTok. (1) \_\_\_\_\_. He shows me clips of modern Chinese cities with tall buildings and fast trains. The videos make China look very advanced and exciting.

Last month, there was a military parade in Hanoi. Minh waited three hours to see Chinese soldiers march with Vietnamese troops. (2) \_\_\_\_\_. He posted videos online and got many likes. His friends commented that the Chinese soldiers looked very professional.

Minh's parents don't understand his interest. (3) \_\_\_\_\_. They remember conflicts with China and worry about the South China Sea problem. But Minh thinks differently. He says young people care more about technology and

However, Minh isn't completely pro-China. (4) \_\_\_\_\_. He just thinks Vietnam can learn from China's development while keeping good relations with America too. This shows how complicated young Vietnamese views are today.

<https://www.reuters.com>

Choose the correct phrases to complete the text:

- A. They still prefer America as Vietnam's main partner
- B. He was impressed by their discipline and coordination
- C. These videos changed how he thinks about China
- D. He still supports Vietnam's independence and sovereignty

• **WRITING**

**Exercise 17: Reorder the words to make a correct sentence.**

1. Vietnamese/ have/ eating/ food/ changed/ habits/ lot/ a/ recently/ in/ urban/ areas/ significantly./  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
2. Has/ traditional/ lifestyle/ your/ changed/ family's/ much/ the/ over/ past/ twenty/ years?/  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
3. Young/ people/ moved/ have/ cities/ many/ to/ big/ better/ work/ for/ opportunities/ recently./  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
4. traditional/ haven't/ We/ our/ forgotten/ important/ values/ cultural/ and/ customs/ yet./  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
5. Have/ ever/ you/ Tet/ celebrated/ peacefully/ the/ in/ quiet/ Vietnamese/ countryside?/  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
6. Modern/ technology/ has/ daily/ our/ changed/ life/ routine/ completely/ past/ the/ in/ decade./  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
7. Haven't/ worn/ beautiful/ ao dai/ you/ to/ ever/ school/ special/ on/ occasions?/  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
8. Extended/ families/ become/ Vietnamese/ have/ much/ smaller/ years/ recent/ in/ than/ before./  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
9. They/ already/ built/ have/ modern/ many/ concrete/ houses/ traditional/ village/ the/ in./  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
10. young/ Have/ people/ still/ their/ kept/ important/ traditions/ cultural/ and/ ancestral/ customs?/  
→ \_\_\_\_\_

**Exercise 18: Write the correct sentences using the suggested words. Use the present perfect tense.**

1. Traditional festivals/ become/ more/ commercial/ recent years.  
A. Traditional festivals became more commercial in recent years.  
B. Traditional festivals have become more commercial in recent years.  
C. Traditional festivals have become more commercial in recent years.  
D. Traditional festivals are become more commercial recent years.
2. Many families/ not/ keep/ the tradition/ living/ three generations/ together.  
A. Many families have not kept the tradition of living three generations together.  
B. Many families did not keep the tradition of living three generations together.  
C. Many families have not keep the tradition to living three generations together.  
D. Many families not kept the tradition of living three generations together.
3. Vietnamese cuisine/ gain/ international recognition/ the past decade.  
A. Vietnamese cuisine gained international recognition in the past decade.  
B. Vietnamese cuisine has gain international recognition in the past decade.  
C. Vietnamese cuisine has gained international recognition in the past decade.  
D. Vietnamese cuisine have gained international recognition on the past decade.
4. Young people/ already/ adopt/ Western fashion styles/ daily life.  
A. Young people already adopted Western fashion styles in daily life.  
B. Young people have already adopted Western fashion styles in daily life.  
C. Young people have already adopt Western fashion styles on daily life.  
D. Young people has already adopted Western fashion styles in daily life.
5. We/ never/ forget/ our ancestors'/ teachings/ values.  
A. We never forgot our ancestors' teachings and values.  
B. We have never forget our ancestors' teachings and values.  
C. We never have forgotten our ancestors' teachings and values.  
D. We have never forgotten our ancestors' teachings and values.
6. Rural areas/ experience/ significant changes/ infrastructure/ recently.  
A. Rural areas have experienced significant changes in infrastructure recently.

- B. Rural areas experienced significant changes in infrastructure recently.
- C. Rural areas have experience significant changes on infrastructure recently.
- D. Rural areas has experienced significant changes in infrastructure recently.
- 7. Traditional crafts/ not/ disappear/ completely/ yet.
- A. Traditional crafts did not disappear completely yet.
- B. Traditional crafts have not disappear completely yet.
- C. Traditional crafts have not disappeared completely yet.
- D. Traditional crafts not have disappeared completely yet.
- 8. Extended families/ gradually/ replace/ nuclear families/ urban areas.
- A. Extended families have gradually replaced by nuclear families in urban areas.
- B. Extended families have gradually been replaced by nuclear families in urban areas.
- C. Extended families gradually replaced by nuclear families in urban areas.
- D. Extended families has gradually been replaced by nuclear families in urban areas.
- 9. Vietnamese students/ start/ study/ abroad/ more frequently/ than before.
- A. Vietnamese students started to study abroad more frequently than before.
- B. Vietnamese students have start to study abroad more frequently than before.
- C. Vietnamese students have started to study abroad more frequently than before.
- D. Vietnamese students has started studying abroad more frequently than before.
- 10. Street vendors/ not/ disappear/ from Vietnamese cities/ yet.
- A. Street vendors did not disappear from Vietnamese cities yet.
- B. Street vendors have not disappeared from Vietnamese cities yet.
- C. Street vendors have not disappear from Vietnamese cities yet.
- D. Street vendors not disappeared from Vietnamese cities yet.

**Exercise 19: Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the words in brackets.**

1. Vietnamese people started using social media ten years ago. (used)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
2. The last time I wore ao dai was at my sister's wedding. (not worn)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
3. My grandparents moved from the countryside to the city in 2010. (lived)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
4. Traditional water puppetry began attracting foreign tourists five years ago. (attracted)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
5. When did you start learning to cook traditional Vietnamese dishes? (How long)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
6. This is my first time eating banh cuon. (never)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
7. The village festival stopped being celebrated 20 years ago. (not celebrated)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
8. Online shopping became popular in Vietnam about eight years ago. (been)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
9. I last visited my hometown during Tet 2023. (not visited)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
10. They began preserving traditional handicrafts in 2015. (preserved)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_

**Exercise 20: Choose the best second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.**

1. I started learning to make pho from my grandmother five years ago.
- A. I have learned to make pho from my grandmother since five years.
- B. I have been learning to make pho from my grandmother for five years.
- C. I learned to make pho from my grandmother for five years.
- D. I was learning to make pho from my grandmother five years ago.
2. This is the first time I have attended a traditional Vietnamese wedding.
- A. I have never attended a traditional Vietnamese wedding before.
- B. I never attended a traditional Vietnamese wedding before.
- C. I didn't attend a traditional Vietnamese wedding before.
- D. I haven't never attended a traditional Vietnamese wedding before.
3. The last time we celebrated Tet in our hometown was in 2020.
- A. We didn't celebrate Tet in our hometown since 2020.
- B. We haven't celebrated Tet in our hometown for 2020.