

NAME: _____ CLASS: _____ SCORE: _____

UNIT 8 FLYERS RADING AND WRITING**Part 3**

Read the story. Choose a word from the box. Write the correct word next to numbers 1–5.
There is one example.

Words to choose from:

ocean | clean | happy | cut | birds | watch | sky | look | dirty

What will our world look like in the future? In the future, animals everywhere—in the air, in the sea, and on the land—will be very **(0)** *happy*.

Our cities and towns will be much cleaner; they won't be so **(1)** _____ anymore.
When you look up, the air will be full of the lovely sounds of **(2)** _____ cheeping
and chirping in the sky.

In the **(3)** _____, our fishermen won't do too much fishing. Because of this, fish,
dolphins, and whales will have more space to swim. The deep blue sea will be full of animals
playing and splashing in the water.

On the land, people will learn to protect nature. They won't **(4)** _____ down the
trees in the forests and jungles. Wild animals and insects will have safe homes.

All the animals in the world will be completely free. Do you know why? It is because we will
(5) _____ after them, you and me!

Question 6: Now choose the best name for the story. Tick one box.

- A fun day at the zoo []
- A better world for animals []
- The fishermen's new boat []

Part 4

Read the text. Choose the right words and write them on the lines.

The Magic of a Small Seed

In the garden, there is a small seed sitting **(0)** *quietly* in the soil. It is waiting **(1)** _____ the rain to bring water. It is also waiting for the warmth of the slow, strong sun. With water and sunlight, the seed will **(2)** _____ to grow and become beautifully green in the glittering grass.

Soon, the seed changes **(3)** _____ a tall plant. Its stem grows up and up from its strong roots. After some time, it becomes a big tree **(4)** _____ big, brown branches. On these branches, there **(5)** _____ many little, light leaves moving in the wind.

The tree is very important now **(6)** _____ it is a house and a happy home for many animals. Swooping sparrows **(7)** _____ have lovely feathers and wings live there. Scampering squirrels with soft fur and long tails love **(8)** _____ and living in the tree, too.

It is amazing to think about the future. What a wonderful world is **(9)** _____ inside just **(10)** _____ small seed sitting in the soil!

Example: 0. quiet | **quietly** | quieter

Questions:

- | | | |
|------------|--------|----------|
| 1. to | at | for |
| 2. start | starts | starting |
| 3. into | onto | above |
| 4. with | by | from |
| 5. is | was | are |
| 6. because | but | or |
| 7. who | which | where |
| 8. play | played | playing |
| 9. wait | waits | waiting |
| 10. one | any | much |

Part 5

Look at the picture and read the story. Write some words to complete the sentences about the story. You can use 1, 2, 3 or 4 words.

The Amazing Cycle of Life

Look at the green leaf. There are some tiny eggs on it. Inside one egg, something is moving! What will it be? Can you guess?

Oh look! An insect is coming out. It is a larva! It looks very interesting because it is spotty and spiky. At first, it is only moving slightly. If you look at the larva, you can see that something is growing! What will it be next? Can you tell me?

Now, the insect changes into a pupa! The pupa looks very different. It is brown and dry. I wonder why it looks like that? It looks quiet, but wait... inside the pupa, something is moving again! What will come out this time?

Wow, it is a beautiful ladybird! When it first comes out, it is yellow and black. Then, its body changes colour. It becomes bright red with black spots on its back. The spots look just like big, round dots. This is the amazing cycle of life!

Examples: You can see some tiny eggs on the green leaf.

The insect that comes out of the egg is called a larva.

Questions

1. The larva looks interesting because its body is _____.
2. After being a larva, the insect changes and becomes _____.
3. The pupa looks very different because it is _____.
4. It looks quiet, but there is _____ again inside the pupa.
5. When the ladybird comes out, its colours are _____.
6. Later, the ladybird's body becomes _____ with spots on its back.
7. The ladybird's black spots look like _____.